Clinical trial of WHO multibacillary multidrug therapy versus rifampicin, moxifloxacin and clarithromycin on multibacillary leprosy patients from India

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered			
27/06/2024		☐ Protocol			
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan			
08/07/2024		Results			
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data			
19/08/2024	Infections and Infestations	Record updated in last year			

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

This clinical trial focuses on evaluating the effectiveness and safety of a new treatment for leprosy. Leprosy is a chronic infectious disease caused by the bacterium Mycobacterium leprae. The study aims to determine if the new treatment can reduce the bacterial load, achieve a complete clinical cure, and improve pathological (disease) markers in patients with leprosy.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 15-60 years with multibacillary leprosy who have not received treatment

What does the study involve?

Participants will receive the new treatment and undergo various assessments, including tests measuring bacterial load, clinical examinations to assess lesion regression and overall improvement, and tests to evaluate changes in the Bacillary Index (BI). These assessments will occur at the start of the study and after 3 months, 6 months, and 1 year.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Benefits:

- 1. Participants may experience improvement in their leprosy symptoms.
- 2. Contribution to scientific knowledge that may help future patients with leprosy. Risks:
- 1. Possible side effects of the treatment, ranging from mild to severe.
- 2. Regular follow-up visits and tests may be time-consuming.

Where is the study run from? The Leprosy Mission Trust India

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? March 2023 to July 2025

Who is funding the study?
Indian Council of Medical Research

Who is the main contact?
Dr Joydeepa Darlong, joydeepa.darlong@leprosymission.in

Study website

https://www.leprosymission.in

Contact information

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

CTRI/2024/03/064435

Study information

Scientific Title

A comparative multicentric non-inferiority clinical trial of WHO multibacillary multidrug therapy with a new monthly chemotherapy regimen containing rifampicin, moxifloxacin and clarithromycin on multibacillary patients from India

Acronym

RMC

Study objectives

Monthly rifampicin, moxifloxacin and clarithromycin (RMC) are as efficacious and safe as WHO multibacillary multidrug therapy (MBMDT) in patients affected by multibacillary leprosy.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 20/11/2023, TLMTI ethics Committee (16, Pandit Pant Marg, CNI Bhawan, New Delhi, 110001, India; +91 (0)9811912926; monicathomaschandy@gmail.com), ref: TLMTI/EC/C- 68

Study design

Open-label randomized clinical control trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

See study outputs table

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Leprosy

Interventions

It is an open-label randomized clinical control non-inferiority trial where in the intervention group a monthly supervised regimen of rifampicin, moxifloxacin and clarithromycin will be administered in doses of 600 mg, 400 mg, and 1000 mg respectively once a month and the control arm would be given routine WHO MB MDT (rifampicin 600 mg, clofazimine 300 mg once monthly and clofazimine 50 and dapsone 100 mg daily). The duration of the treatment in both arms will be 12 months. The random sequence will be generated centrally which will be sent to study centers in opaque envelopes. After consent is approved, the envelope will be opened, and the patient will be put on the respective arms. The study population will include newly diagnosed, previously untreated MB leprosy patients. Written informed consent will be sought from every subject included in the study.

Slit skin smears of all the study subjects will be collected at baseline, 6 and 12 months and transported in RNA later to the SBL. Real-time PCR will be done to quantitate copy numbers of the genes encoding 16S rRNA, hsp18 and exsA specific for M. leprae. Resistance studies will be carried out at 12 months in patients harbouring viable bacilli. Validation of M. leprae growth in mouse foot pad will be performed on participants showing viable load by molecular methods at the time of RFT in Schieffelin Institute of Health – Research and Leprosy Centre Karigiri (SIHR&LC), Vellore.

Intervention Type

Drug

Pharmaceutical study type(s)

Pharmacodynamic

Phase

Phase III

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Rifampicin, moxifloxacin, clarithromycin, clofazimine, dapsone

Primary outcome measure

- 1. Molecular:
- 1.1. Reduction of copy numbers by molecular viability assay (MVA) measured using quantitative PCR (qPCR) at baseline, 1, 3, 6 and 12 months
- 1.2. Complete killing of M. leprae assessed using mouse foot pad (MFP) assay at release from treatment (RFT) (12 months)
- 2. Clinical:
- 2.1. Complete clinical cure, defined as full regression of the lesions, assessed through clinical examination at baseline, 6 months, and 1 year
- 2.2. Clinical improvement of the lesions measured by a clinical criterion (e.g., lesion size reduction) at baseline, 6 months, and 1 year
- 3. Pathological:
- 3.1. Bacillary Index (BI) improvement measured using skin smears and histopathological examination at baseline, 3 months, 6 months, and 1 year

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Immunological outcomes:
- 1.1. Neuritis measured through patient self-reporting of pain during interviews and nerve function tests (e.g., sensory and motor function tests) every month during the treatment period and thereafter 6 monthly for 1 year
- 1.2. Type I reaction assessed through clinical examination and patient reporting with type 1 reaction from the development of the reaction to its subsidence
- 1.3. Type II reaction assessed through clinical examination and patient reporting with type 2 reaction from the development of the reaction to its subsidence
- 2. Safety outcomes:
- 2.1. Severe side effects, defined as side effects that force the patient to stop treatment, monitored and recorded throughout the treatment period (baseline to 1 year)
- 2.2. Mild to moderate side effects monitored and recorded throughout the treatment period (baseline to 1 year)
- 3. Qualitative outcomes:
- 3.1. Impact of leprosy treatment on life assessed using patient interviews and quality of life questionnaires at 1 year
- 3.2. Perspective towards leprosy treatment assessed using patient interviews and attitude questionnaires at 1 year

Overall study start date

21/03/2023

Completion date

14/07/2025

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Age 15 years and above
- 2. Multibacillary (MB) leprosy, defined as 5 or more skin lesions or extensive infiltration and/or diffuse skin involvement, classified as borderline tuberculoid, borderline lepromatous or polar lepromatous, as determined using the Ridley and Jopling classification system
- 3. Never treated before for leprosy

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

15 Years

Upper age limit

70 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

280

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. History of intolerance to one of the medications
- 2. Patients who are not able to come to the clinic every month during their treatment and during follow-up
- 3. Patients who do not give informed consent or are not capable of giving informed consent due to mental impairment
- 4. Immunocompromised patients diagnosed with HIV/AIDS and tuberculosis

Date of first enrolment

02/07/2024

Date of final enrolment

31/01/2025

Locations

Countries of recruitment

India

Study participating centre The Leprosy Mission Home and Hospital Belguma

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Study participating centre The Leprosy Mission Hospital

Leprosy Clinic Barabanki India 225001

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Sponsor type

Charity

Website

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Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Indian Council of Medical Research

Alternative Name(s)

Indian Council of Medical Research, Government of India, Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR), New Delhi, ICMROrganisation, , Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi,, ICMR, ICMRDELHI, ...

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

India

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

10/05/2026

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data-sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient- facing?
Participant information sheet			01/07 /2024	No	Yes

Other files	Standard operating procedure documents	12/08 /202		No	No
Other files		25/08/2023 19/08 /2024	8 4	No	No