# A trial of fructose-di-phosphate treatment in oleander poisoning

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
15/01/2009		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
16/01/2009	Completed	Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
21/03/2013	Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning	Record updated in last year		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

071669

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Fructose-1, 6-diphosphate (FDP) as a novel antidote for yellow oleander-induced cardiac toxicity: a randomised controlled double-blind study

#### **Study objectives**

That adding fructose-1, 6-diphosphate (FDP) to routine treatment will reverse serious arrhythmias in oleander poisoning.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

University of Peradeniya, Sri Lanka gave approval on the 24th September 2008 (ref: 2008/ec/48)

#### Study design

Double-blind randomised placebo controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cardiac toxicity from oleander self-poisoning

#### **Interventions**

Patients will be randomised to FDP (250 mg/kg loading dose over 20 minutes followed by 6 mg /kg/hr for 24 hours) or a placebo in a 1:1 ratio (i.e 120 patients will receive FDP and 120 patients will receive placebo). The random allocation is concealed and random sequences are generated by specially designed computer program.

All patients will continue to receive standard treatment. This standard treatment is determined by the attending physician who maintains clinical responsibility for all patients. While there may be some minor variation between hospitals current care consists of patient resuscitation, gastrointestinal decontamination when indicated, and atropinisation. All treatment is recorded by the research team. This intervention represents an added treatment to the existing standard of care.

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Fructose-1, 6-diphosphate (FDP)

#### Primary outcome measure

Reversion to sustained sinus rhythm with a heart rate greater than 50/minute within 2 hours of completion of bolus.

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Death
- 2. Reversal of hyperkalaemia on the 6, 12,18 and 24 hour samples
- 3. Maintenance of sinus rhythm on the Holter monitor (reflecting the efficacy of the infusion)

#### Overall study start date

01/02/2009

#### Completion date

20/02/2011

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

Patients (greater than 12 years of age, both sexes) with any of the following manifestations of oleander-induced cardiac toxicity:

- 1. Second degree heart block
- 2. Third degree heart block
- 3. Bradycardia with a heart rate of less than 40 beats/minute
- 4. Any rhythm with a systolic blood pressure below 80 mmHg

# Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

## Age group

Other

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

240

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with documented ischaemic heart disease or valvular heart disease. These patients may still be eligible for open label compassionate use of FDP.
- 2. Patients presenting with cardiac arrest on admission. These patients will be eligible for open

label compassionate use of FDP.

3. Age less than 12 years

Date of first enrolment 01/02/2009

Date of final enrolment 20/02/2011

# Locations

Countries of recruitment

Sri Lanka

Study participating centre SACTRC Peradeniva

Peradeniya Sri Lanka 20400

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

South Asian Clinical Toxicology Research Collaboration (SACTRC) (Sri Lanka)

# Sponsor details

Faculty of Medicine University of Peradeniya Peradeniya Sri Lanka 20400 +94 (0)81 447 9822 enquiry@sactrc.org

# Sponsor type

Research organisation

#### Website

http://www.sactrc.org/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/04z435g27

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Charity

#### **Funder Name**

International Collaborative Research Grant:

#### Funder Name

The Wellcome Trust (UK) (grant ref: 071669)

#### **Funder Name**

National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) (Australia)

## Alternative Name(s)

**NHMRC** 

# **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

# **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

#### Location

Australia

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

# Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	29/06/2010		Yes	No