# Influence of glucose degradation products on residual renal function in peritoneal dialysis (PD) patients

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered		
02/03/2006	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
23/03/2006	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
14/10/2009	Urological and Genital Diseases			

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Prof Marianne Haag-Weber

#### Contact details

KfH Nierenzentrum
St Elisabeth Street 23
Straubing
Germany
94315
marianne.haag-weber@kfh-dialyse.de

# Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

4014705 (BfArM)

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

#### **Acronym**

**DIUREST** 

#### Study objectives

Decline of residual renal function in PD patients is slower with the use of PD fluids with low concentration of glucose degradation products compared to standard PD fluids

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Bayerische Landesärztekammer, number 98293, 23/02/1999 (primary vote). Also approved by all other local ethics committees.

#### Study design

Controlled, randomised, 2 parallel groups, multicenter

#### Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Not specified

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

End-stage renal disease

#### Interventions

Conventional PD fluids with high amounts of glucose degradation products versus PD fluids with low amounts of glucose degradation products

# Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

# Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

#### Peritoneal dialysis fluids

#### Primary outcome measure

Time response of residual renal function

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Peritoneal membrane transport parameters
- 2. CA 125 in effluent as marker for mesothelial cell mass/viability
- 3. Records of routine blood analyses, hospitalisation, peritonitis episodes, blood pressure

#### Overall study start date

13/03/1999

#### Completion date

31/07/2005

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. End-stage renal disease
- 2. Treatment with PD
- 3. Age ≥18 years
- 4. Residual renal function ≥3 ml/min or creatinine clearance ≥6 ml/min
- 5. Negative serology for hepatitis B virus (HBV), hepatitis C virus (HCV), human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
- 6. Written informed consent

# Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

80

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Pregnancy and lactation
- 2. Age >80 years
- 3. Multiple peritonitis episodes
- 4. Active malignancy

#### Date of first enrolment

13/03/1999

#### Date of final enrolment

31/07/2005

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

Germany

94315

**Study participating centre KfH Nierenzentrum**Straubing
Germany

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

Gambro Corporate Research (Germany)

#### Sponsor details

Holger-Crafoord Street 26 Hechingen Germany 72379 reinhold.deppisch@gambro.com

## Sponsor type

Industry

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/05jgtkc28

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Industry

#### **Funder Name**

Gambro Corporate Research (Germany)

# **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

**Study outputs** 

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Abstract results	476A	01/07/2003		No	No