# Bone-marrow derived stem cell transplantation in patients undergoing left ventricular restoration surgery for dilated ischaemic endstage heart failure

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
27/07/2009	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
14/10/2009	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
12/04/2017	Circulatory System	[] Record updated in last year

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# **Contact information**

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Mr Raimondo Ascione

#### Contact details

Level 7, Research Floor University of Bristol Bristol Royal Infirmary Bristol United Kingdom BS2 8HW

R.Ascione@bristol.ac.uk

# Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number CS/2008/3027

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Bone-marrow derived stem cell transplantation in patients undergoing left ventricular restoration surgery for dilated ischaemic end-stage heart failure: a randomised blinded controlled trial

## Acronym

TransACT 2

#### Study objectives

The aim of this study is to determine the effects of CD133+ autologous stem cells transplantation in and around asynergic non-viable left ventricular (LV) segments in patients with dilated ischaemic heart disease undergoing left ventricular reshaping surgery and coronary artery bypass graft (CABG).

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

NHS Southmead Research Ethics Committee, 20/07/2005, ref: 05/K2002/49

#### Study design

Double-blind randomised placebo-controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cardiac disease/coronary surgery

#### Interventions

Eligible patients undergoing SVR surgery will be allocated to either:

- 1. Intervention group: SVR surgery and transplantation of autologous CD133+
- 2. Control group: SVR surgery and injection of placebo, i.e. autologous plasma

Please use following contact details to request a patient information sheet:

Dr Jodi Taylor Clinical Trials Co-ordinator Bristol Heart Institute University of Bristol Level 7, Bristol Royal Infirmary Bristol, BS2 8HW United Kingdom Tel: +44 (0)117 342 3398 Email: j.taylor@bristol.ac.uk

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Primary outcome(s)

Regional LV thickening of the 'affected' segments 6 months after surgery, i.e. end systolic thickness minus end diastolic thickness (millimetres). Affected segments will be those scored on the cardiac MRI taken 3 - 5 days after surgery, as 1 - 5 (dysfunctional) on a 5-point scale. Affected segments will be the segments which the surgeons aims to inject with stem cells or plasma. Measured at baseline (3 - 5 days post-operatively) and 6 months follow-up.

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Mid-term generic and cardiac-specific health status and quality of life, measured at baseline and 6 months follow-up
- 2. End systolic volume and stroke volume quantified by cardiac MRI, measured at baseline (3 5 days post-operatively) and 6 months follow-up
- 3. Myocardial injury throughout the duration of the study by measuring troponin I levels (24 hours pre-operatively, surgery, 4, 12, 24 hours post-operatively, 6 weeks and 6 months follow-up)

#### Completion date

01/02/2012

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Previous anterior myocardial infarction (with evidence of large surgically excludible scar at cardiac magnetic resonance imaging [MRI])
- 2. Significant LV dilation (left ventricular end-systolic volume index [LVESVI] greater than or equal to 60 ml/m^2
- 3. Left ventricular ejection fraction less than or equal to 35%
- 4. New York Heart Association (NYHA) class III/IV and one episode of congestive heart failure (CHF) requiring medical attention
- 5. Elective left ventricular restoration surgery indicated
- 6. Elective CABG indicated to bypass stenoses or occlusions of coronary arteries
- 7. Patient aged 16 years or over and under 80 years old, either sex

# Participant type(s)

Patient

# Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

All

#### Kev exclusion criteria

1. Severe acute renal failure requiring dialysis or serum creatinine greater than or equal to 200 mmol/L

- 2. Atrial fibrillation
- 3. Malignancy
- 4. Debilitating neurological disease
- 5. Emergency operation for unstable angina
- 6. Previous cardiac surgery/sternotomy
- 7. Concomitant valve procedures
- 8. History of significant ventricular arrhythmias
- 9. History of pacemaker and/or defibrillator insertion
- 10. Right ventricular (RV) failure
- 11. Pulmonary hypertension greater than 60 mmHg (angiogram or Elixis)
- 12. Known active infection
- 13. Chronic inflammatory disease
- 14. Contraindication for bone marrow aspiration
- 15. Female subjects of childbearing potential

#### Date of first enrolment

01/08/2009

#### Date of final enrolment

01/02/2012

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

## Study participating centre Level 7, Research Floor

Bristol United Kingdom BS2 8HW

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

University Hospitals Bristol NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/04nm1cv11

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Government

#### Funder Name

National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) (UK) - Biomedical Research Unit

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet 11/11/2025 No Yes