The efficacy and safety of acupuncture in cancer-related fatigue

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
09/04/2014	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date 24/04/2014	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan
		Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
24/07/2020	Cancer	[] Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Fatigue is the most common symptom experienced by patients with cancer. Fatigue is underreported and often not screened, partly because of a lack of availability of helpful treatments in the absence of reversible risk factors. The purpose of this study is to assess the therapeutic effects and safety of acupuncture for cancer-related fatigue in patients with breast cancer.

Who can participate?

Women with definite diagnosis of breast cancer who feel tired can participate in this study.

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups: the intervention group or the control group. Participants in the intervention group will receive acupuncture therapy for 4 weeks. Participants in the control group will receive minimal acupuncture therapy for 4 weeks. They will complete some questionnaires at the start of the study and at fortnightly intervals to find out about any changes in fatigue level, sleep, appetite and emotion. They will be followed up for 1 month to assess long-term effectiveness.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

All participants will receive free treatment for 1 month and a series of free examinations. The fatigue could be relieved. The results of this study may help to provide evidence that acupuncture is effective for managing cancer-related fatigue. The risks of taking part are minimal. Acupuncture is a very safe treatment when given by properly trained clinicians. Occasionally acupuncture can make people feel nauseous or faint or experience a temporary increase in pain either during or after treatment. Participants are warned of these potential side-effects before consenting to have acupuncture.

Where is the study run from?

The study is run from two locations:

- 1. Beijing Hospital of Traditional Chinese Medicine, China
- 2. Guang' anmen Hospital, China Academy of Chinese Medical Sciences, China

When is study starting and how long is it expected to run for? The study will start in April 2014 and will end in April 2015.

Who is funding the study?
Beijing Administration of Traditional Chinese Medicine (China).

Who is the main contact? Dr Mingwei Yu yumingwei1120@163.com

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Mingwei Yu

Contact details

No.23, Back Road of Gallery Dong Cheng District Beijing China 100010

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

JJ2011-04

Study information

Scientific Title

Efficacy and safety of acupuncture for cancer-related fatigue in patients with breast cancer: a randomized, single-blinded, controlled trial

Study objectives

To assess the therapeutic effects and safety on acupuncture for cancer-related fatigue in patients with breast cancer.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Beijing Hospital of Traditional Chinese Medicine Research Ethical Committee, 10/05/2012; ref: 201214

Study design

Randomised single-blind controlled study

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cancer-related fatigue

Interventions

The 40 eligible participants are randomly allocated to two different groups:

- 1. Participants in the intervention group will receive acupuncture therapy three times a week for 4 weeks
- 2. Participants in the control group will receive minimal acupuncture therapy three times a week for 4 weeks

All the patients will complete some questionnaires at the start of the study and at fortnightly intervals to find out about any changes in fatigue level, sleep, appetite and emotion. They will be followed up for 1 month to assess long-term effectiveness.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Revised Piper Fatigue Scale-Chinese Version (RPFS-CV), a multidimensional assessment tool for measuring the level of fatigue subjectively for patients with cancer. It will be assessed before the treatment, at 2 and 4 weeks during the treatment, and 4 weeks after the treatment.

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group Performance Status (ECOG PS).
- 2. Pittsburgh Sleep Quality Index (PSQI)
- 3. Simplified Nutritional Appetite Questionnaire (SNAQ)
- 4. The Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS)
- 5. TCM symptoms scale

The outcome measures above will be assessed before the treatment, at 2 and 4 weeks during the treatment, and 4 weeks after the treatment.

Completion date

10/04/2015

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Women patients with a definite pathologic diagnosis of breast cancer who had complete chemotherapy and/or radiotherapy at least 1 month before and mastectomy within 5 years
- 2. Stage I-III breast cancer with no evidence of recurrence and metastasis
- 3. Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status 0-2

- 4. Anticipated survival time is more than 6 months
- 5. Aged 18-65
- 6. Patients who are suffering from at least moderate fatigue by Revised Piper Fatigue Scale-Chinese Version (RPFS-CV)
- 7. All patients provided written informed consent before enrollment

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

65 years

Sex

Female

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Complicated with other primary tumors and serious heart, liver, kidney and hematopoietic system diseases
- 2. Pregnant women or women who are breastfeeding
- 3. Patients who had needle phobia
- 4. Patients who had low platelet count or suffered from a bleeding disorder (e.g., haemophilia)
- 5. Patients who had lymphoedema at the area of the acupuncture points
- 6. Patients who were on active treatment for anaemia (i.e., EPO or blood transfusions)
- 7. Patients who were receiving steroids to combat fatigue
- 8. Patients who had been diagnosed with depression, anxiety disorders, mental illness and cognitive disorders

Date of first enrolment

10/04/2014

Date of final enrolment

10/04/2015

Locations

Countries of recruitment

China

Study participating centre

No.23, Back Road of Gallery

Beijing China 100010

Sponsor information

Organisation

Beijing Administration of Traditional Chinese Medicine (China)

ROR

https://ror.org/003regz62

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Beijing Administration of Traditional Chinese Medicine (China)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet
Participant information sheet
11/11/2025 No Yes