# Efficacy of Actixicam, a sunscreen with piroxicam, in actinic keratosis

Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol		
Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
Completed	[X] Results		
Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
	No longer recruiting  Overall study status  Completed		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Actinic keratosis (AK) is a common pre-cancerous skin disease. It is more common in those with fair skin and long-term exposure to UV raditation from the sun is considered to be the main risk factor for its development. UV exposure is coinsidered the main risk factor. Dry scaly patches of skin (lesions) develop from years of sun exposure. These lesions are usually harmless and sometimes get better on their own, but they can be sore and itchy. In some cases, they can develop into skin cancer, which can have devastating consequences. Studies have shown that sun protection could reduce the risk of new AK lesions developing. The damage caused to the skin causes an increase cyclooxygenase (COX) 1 and 2 enzymes which are responsible for inflammation (swelling). Anti-COX drugs like diclofenac and piroxicam, applied to the skin, have shown to reduce the number of AK lesions. The aim of this study is to evaluate the efficacy of a skin cream containing sunscreen factors (50+) and piroxicam in the evolution of AK lesions.

#### Who can participate?

Adults with at least 3 or more AK lesion in sun exposed area

#### What does the study involve?

Participants are asked to apply the product twice daily in affected area for three months. At the start of the study and then again after three months, participants attend clinic visits at which the number and severity of their AK lesions are assessed.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefit for the patients in participating in the study is performing a sun-protection strategy for at least 3 months which could potentially prevent development of cancer. There are no otable risks involved with participating.

#### Where is the study run from?

- 1. Dr Mario Puviani Derma Plus Clinic (Italy)
- 2. Dr Sergio Pavove Dermatology Clinic (Italy)
- 3. Dr Galloni, Sant'Agostino Medical center (Italy)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? June 2016 to December 2016

Who is funding the study? Difa Cooper (Italy)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Massimo Milani
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## **Contact information**

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Massimo Milani

#### **ORCID ID**

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers ACT03/2016

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Efficacy of a medical device containing sunscreen and piroxicam in the treatment of actinic keratosis: a multicenter assessor-blinded trial

#### **Study objectives**

The aim of this study is to evaluate the clinical efficacy of a film-forming medical device with high sun protection factor (50+) and piroxicam, as first-line treatment in reducing actinic keratosis lesions in subject with actinic damage.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Medi Plus Dermatological Clinic, 15/05/2015

#### Study design

Prospective interventional open assessor-blinded non randomised study

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Non randomised study

#### Study setting(s)

Community

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

**Actinic Keratosis** 

#### **Interventions**

All participants are aasked to apply the investigational drug (a cream) which contains chemical and physical sunscreen (SPF 50+) and piroxicam 0.8%, twice daily (morning and evening) to face and scalp for three consecutive months.

At baseline and after three months, participants undergo a clinical examination to assess the severity and total number of AK lesions.

#### Intervention Type

Device

#### Primary outcome measure

- 1. Total lesion number of Actinic Keratosis is assessed with a clinical count at baseline and 3 months
- 2. Dermatoscopy score of target lesion evolution (scoring erythema, scaling, pigmentation, follicular plug) at baseline and 3 months

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Severity index of AK lesions is assessed through clinical evaluation by the investigator at baseline and 3 months
- 2. Investigator Global Index is assessed through clinical evaluation by the investigator at baseline and 3 months

#### Overall study start date

01/06/2016

#### Completion date

01/12/2016

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. At least 3 or more actinic keratosis lesions in a 35 cm2 area
- 2. Age >18 years
- 3. Fitzpatrick Phototype < III

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

60

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Previous treatments for Actinic Keratosis
- 2. Presence of Non melanoma skin cancer
- 3. HIV infection or other immunodepression diseases
- 4. Allergy to piroxicam
- 5. Pregnancy or breastfeeding

#### Date of first enrolment

15/06/2016

#### Date of final enrolment

01/09/2016

### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Italy

# Study participating centre Dr Mario Puviani Derma Plus Clinic

Via GL Bernini Modena Italy 41121

#### Study participating centre Sergio Pavone Dermatology Clinic

Santanna Hospital Como Italy 20100

# Study participating centre

**Dr Galloni, Sant'Agostino Medical center** Sant'agostino Place

Milan
Italy

20126

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Difa Cooper SpA

#### Sponsor details

Via Milano 160 Caronno Pertusella (VA) Italy 21042

#### Sponsor type

Industry

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/044sr7e96

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Industry

#### **Funder Name**

Difa Cooper

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

The intention is to publish the resualt in a Pub-med indexed scientific journal.

#### Intention to publish date

03/03/2017

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The repository is an Excel file reporting clinical data and outcome data. Participants are coded with progressive numbers in an anonymous form. All participants signed an informed consent prior the enrolment in the trial.

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in repository

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/07/2017		Yes	No