

# Contingency management targeting increased completion of hepatitis B (Hep B) vaccination amongst people in treatment for heroin dependence

**Submission date**

04/02/2011

**Recruitment status**

No longer recruiting

**Registration date**

01/04/2011

**Overall study status**

Completed

**Last Edited**

21/08/2014

**Condition category**

Mental and Behavioural Disorders

☐ Prospectively registered

☐ Protocol

☐ Statistical analysis plan

☒ Results

☐ Individual participant data

**Plain English summary of protocol**

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**

Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number**

NIHR CSP ref.: 52665

# Study information

## Scientific Title

Cluster randomised controlled trial of contingency management targeting increased completion of hepatitis B (Hep B) vaccination amongst people in treatment for heroin dependence

## Acronym

CONMAN hep B

## Study objectives

The use of incentives will increase the take-up and completion of Hep B vaccination when compared to a control condition (TAU) in which no incentives are offered.

The formal null hypothesis is that: there will be no difference in take-up and completion between groups of patients offered or not offered incentives.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

North London REC 2, 27/09/2010, ref: 10/HO724/56

## Study design

Cluster randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Addiction opiate dependence

## Interventions

In accordance with best clinical practice all sites will offer patients the 'super-accelerated vaccination schedule' (comprising three injections at 1, 7 and 21 days) (Department of Health, 2006; 2007). The vaccination schedule offered in each site will be identical. The treatment offered will differ only in terms of the absence/presence (and type) of adjunctive incentive schedule as follows:

Group A (Experimental Group):

Vaccination with fixed incentive schedule (CM-fixed): Service-users receive up to an aggregate total of £30 comprising in vouchers comprising 3 x £10 vouchers given at each of 3 vaccination injections (days 1, 7 and 21).

Group B (Experimental Group):

Vaccination with escalating incentive schedule (CM-escalating): Service-users receive up to an aggregate total of £30 in vouchers which escalate in value at each of the 3 successive vaccination injections (i.e. £5, £10 and £15 vouchers at days 1, 7 and 21 respectively).

Group C (Control Group):  
Vaccination without incentive.

The hepatitis B vaccine should be delivered in line with existing service protocols at all sites. Delivery of the incentive will be complimented by appropriate positive verbal reinforcement to the patient which emphasises the positive benefits of the vaccination, provides appreciative feedback for their attendance at the appointment and recognition that the patient has taken a positive step in attending for treatment and complying with appointment times.

**Intervention Type**

Drug

**Phase**

Not Applicable

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Hepatitis B (Hep B) vaccination

**Primary outcome(s)**

Successful completion of the three Hep B vaccination injections (days 1, 7 and 21) within 28 days. Participants will be defined as completers if they receive all three injections by day 28.

**Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. On-time attendance
2. For those who do not complete, the proportion of vaccination doses received

**Completion date**

31/07/2011

## **Eligibility**

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Aged greater than 18 years, either sex
2. New episode of opiate treatment (within first 2 months)
3. Previous, current, or at risk of engaging in risk behaviour (i.e. injecting drug use)
4. Willing to receive vaccination
5. Willing to provide informed consent

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Pregnant or breastfeeding
2. Received prior hepatitis B vaccination course
3. Current or past hepatitis B infection

**Date of first enrolment**

14/02/2011

**Date of final enrolment**

31/07/2011

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre****Addictions Department**

London

United Kingdom

SE5 8AF

**Sponsor information****Organisation**

South London & Maudsley NHS Foundation Trust and Kings College London (UK)

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/015803449>

**Funder(s)****Funder type**

Government

**Funder Name**

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study outputs

| Output type                                   | Details                       | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| <a href="#">Results article</a>               | results                       | 12/07/2014   |            | Yes            | No              |
| <a href="#">Participant information sheet</a> | Participant information sheet | 11/11/2025   | 11/11/2025 | No             | Yes             |