Persistence of antibodies six years after priming immunisation with Meningococcal C conjugate vaccine and response to the Hib-MenC (Menitorix®) vaccine in healthy children

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
06/07/2006		Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
04/09/2006	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited 28/07/2010	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Andrew Pollard

Contact details

Centre for Vaccinology and Tropical Medicine Churchill Hospital Oxford United Kingdom OX3 7LJ

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number OVG 2006/2

Study information

Scientific Title

A phase IV, single centre, open-label study to investigate the persistence of antibodies six years after priming immunisation with Meningococcal C conjugate vaccine and induction of long term immunological memory by assessing persistence of memory B cells and response to the Hib-MenC (Menitorix®) vaccine, in healthy children six to 12 years of age

Study objectives

To asess the persistence of antibodies, six years after priming immunisation with Meningococcal C conjugate vaccine and response to the Hib-MenC (Menitorix®) vaccine.

Please note that the following amendments have been made to this trial record as of 16/03 /2009:

- 1. The public title has been changed from "A phase IV, single centre, open-label study to investigate the persistence of antibodies six years after priming immunisation with Meningococcal C conjugate vaccine and induction of long term immunological memory by assessing persistence of memory B cells and response to the Hib-MenC (Menitorix®) vaccine, in healthy children six to 12 years of age" to "Persistence of antibodies six years after priming immunisation with Meningococcal C conjugate vaccine and response to the Hib-MenC (Menitorix®) vaccine in healthy children". The original public title has been moved to the scientific title field.
- 2. The sponsor name has been amended from John Radcliffe Hospital (UK) to University of Oxford (UK) (due to incorrect sponsor name provided at time of registration).

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Favourable opinion granted from Oxfordshire LREC B on 13 July 2006.

Study design

Phase IV single-centre open-label trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Prevention

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Meningococcal C and Haemophilus influenzae type B diseases

Interventions

All 250 participants will receive one dose of the Hib-MenC (Menitorix®) conjugate vaccine. Blood samples will be taken at zero, one and 12 months after the vaccine. In 75 participants only, blood will also be taken on day seven.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase IV

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Menitorix®; (Haemophilus influenzae B [Hib] and Meningococcal C[MenC]) vaccine

Primary outcome(s)

Serum bactericidal antibody to meningococcal serogroup C six years after priming immunisation.

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Measurement of antibody and B cell responses and assessment of memory induction following the Hib-MenC (Menitorix®) vaccine
- 2. Number and nature of any adverse events occuring during the study

Completion date

16/06/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Participants parent or legally authorised representative is willing and able to give written informed consent for participation after the nature of the study has been explained
- 2. Male or Female, aged six years (+ zero days) to 12 years (+ 364 days) on the day of enrolment 3. In good health as determined by:
- 3.1. medical history
- 3.2. pre-vaccination check performed by a physician if indicated by history
- 3.3. clinical judgment of the investigator
- 4. Able (in the investigators opinion) and willing to comply with all study requirements including being available for all the visits scheduled in the study
- 5. Parent or legally authorised representative is willing to allow his or her childs (the participant
- s) General Practitioner to be notified of participation in the study and contacted if required for confirmation of vaccination history
- 6. Whose parent or legally authorised representative believes to their best knowledge that their child has received all the recommended vaccinations as part of the UK routine childhood immunisation schedule (including Haemophilus influenzae B (Hib) if aged six months to four years in April 2003 (received 4/2003 12/2004) and Meningococcal C (MenC) if aged six months to 18 years in Nov 1999 (received 11/1999 06/2001) as part of the UK catch up vaccination campaigns)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

6 years

Upper age limit

12 years

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Have a history of any anaphylactic shock, asthma, urticaria or other allergic reaction after previous vaccinations or known hypersensitivity to any vaccine component
- 2. Axillary temperature more than or equal to 38.0°C or presence of any systemic illness on the day of enrolment
- 3. Have experienced significant acute or chronic infection within the previous seven days or have experienced fever (more than or equal to 38.0°C) within the previous three days
- 4. Receipt of systemic antibiotics (either oral or parenteral) will delay enrolment until at least 14 days after cessation of antibiotics, with the exception of beta-lactam antibiotics (examples: penicillin, amoxicillin, ceftriaxone, cefuroxime, cephalexin, etc.) who may be enrolled seven days after the last dose
- 5. Have a previous clinical or bacteriological or suspected diagnosis of meningitis
- 6. Have a history of household contact or intimate exposure to an individual with culture proven Neisseria meningitis or Hib disease in the previous 60 days
- 7. Have a present or suspected serious disease such as metabolic, cardiac, autoimmune, endocrine (including insulin dependent diabetes), significant hepatic or renal impairment or progressive neurological impairment
- 8. Have any immunodeficiency, including use of systemic corticosteroids for more than five days or in a daily dose more than 1 mg/kg/day prednisone or equivalent for less than or equal to five days in the previous 30 days (inhaled high-potency corticosteroids equivalent to budesonide 800 mcg/day or fluticasone 750 mcg/day)
- 9. Have a genetic anomaly e.g. Downs syndrome
- 10. Born after a gestation period of less than 36 weeks or more than 42 weeks
- 11. Have scheduled elective surgery or other procedures requiring general anaesthesia during the study
- 12. Have received of any blood, blood products or parenteral immunoglobulin preparation within the past 12 weeks
- 13. Have received any additional doses of Hib or MenC vaccines in addition to those given in accordance with the UK routine immunisation schedule or catch up campaigns
- 14. Participants who have participated in another research study involving an investigational product in the past 12 weeks or are planning to receive a vaccine or investigational product within the next month
- 15. Have a known bleeding diathesis or any condition associated with a prolonged bleeding time 16. Any other significant disease or disorder which, in the opinion of the investigator, may either put the participant at risk because of participation in the study, or may influence the result of the study, or the participants ability to participate in the study

Date of first enrolment

14/08/2006

Date of final enrolment 16/06/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
Centre for Vaccinology and Tropical Medicine
Oxford
United Kingdom
OX3 7LJ

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Oxford (UK)

ROR

https://ror.org/052gg0110

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

GSK Biologicals (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	15/06/2010		Yes	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes