# Comparative evaluation of the surgical outcome Thulium laser enucleation of the prostate

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
18/05/2015		Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
25/06/2015	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
26/02/2021	Cancer			

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Benign prostatic hyperplasia is a condition affecting older men where the prostate becomes enlarged. This can cause difficulties in urination, a desire to urinate frequently and difficulty in fully emptying the bladder. It is usually treated by surgery which involves cutting away a section of the prostate gland in a procedure called transurethral resection of the prostate TURP). In this study, we are going to compare a new procedure, Thulium Laser Prostatectomy (ThuLEP) with the gold standard treatment, TURP, and a traditional treatment called Open Simple Prostatectomy (OSP).

Who can participate?

Participants that are eligible for surgical treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia

What does the study involve?

All participants undergo an extensive evaluation before surgery which includes urodynamic study, evaluation of symptoms, quality of life and erectlie function. These are evaluated again in the follow-up period after surgery. Participants are randomised to either undergo ThuLEP or TURP surgery. Information on OSP cases are collected over a period of time.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The use of the currently most advanced 200W Thulium laser device (Revolix 200, Lisa laser products OHG, Katlenburg-Lindau, Germany) may prove of benefit for the patients.

Where is the study run from?

Department of Urology, University of Patras (Greece)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? December 2013 to December 2016

Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded.

# **Contact information**

### Type(s)

**Public** 

#### Contact name

Dr Evangelos Liatsikos

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

#### Protocol serial number

5921/19-3-2014

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Comparative evaluation of the surgical outcome Thulium laser (200W) enucleation of the prostate: Comparative assessment with transurethral resection of the prostate and open simple prostatectomy.

## **Study objectives**

Improvement of symptoms, maximum flow and complication profile of the Thulium laser enucleation (ThuLEP) in comparison to the transurethral resection of the prostate (TURP) and the open simple prostatectomy (OSP).

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

Scientific Board of University Hospital of Patras, Rion, Patras, Greece, 02/12/2013, ref: 5921/19-3-2014

### Study design

Randomized comparison of surgical treatments for benign prostatic hyperplasia

# Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Benign prostatic hyperplasia, benign bladder outlet obstruction, urology

#### **Interventions**

- 1. Randomization arm 1: Thulium laser enucleation (ThuLEP)
- 2. Randomization arm 2: Transurethral Resection of the Prostate (TURP)

Prospective data collection of consecutive cases: Open Simple Prostatectomy (OSP)

#### Intervention Type

Device

#### Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Symptoms (International Prostate Symptom Score, I-PSS), measured pre-operatively, at 1 month, at 3 months and at 12 months
- 2. Maximum flow rate: Urodynamic evaluation, measured pre-operatively and at 3 months
- 3. Time for catheter removal
- 4. Erectile function (International Index of Erectile Function Questionnaire, IIEF) at 1 month, 3 months and 12 months
- 5. Complications during first month after surgery and at 12 months

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

Treatment cost

## Completion date

31/12/2016

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

Candidates for surgical treatment of Benign Prostatoc Hyperplasia (BPH):

- 1. Prostate volume >60ml
- 2. Qmax <15ml/s
- 3. Post-void residual (PVR) <150ml
- 4. Insufficient conservative or pharmacological treatment of BPH
- 5. Urodynamic confirmation of bladder outlet obstruction

## Participant type(s)

Patient

## Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Male

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Prostate volume <60ml
- 2. Qmax >15ml/s
- 3. Post-void residual (PVR) >150ml

## Date of first enrolment

20/03/2014

## Date of final enrolment

31/12/2016

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Greece

## Study participating centre University Hospital of Patras

Rion Patras Greece 26504

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

University Hospital of Patras

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/03c3d1v10

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Other

#### **Funder Name**

Investigator initiated and funded

# **Results and Publications**

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	23/02/2021	26/02/2021	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes