

# NUTrition and Running High Milage Study

<b>Submission date</b> 25/05/2015	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 12/06/2015	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 30/07/2025	<b>Condition category</b> Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

The numbers of vegetarians and vegans are growing worldwide, even faster than anticipated. This trend is unbroken with projections showing 30 – 37 million Europeans to eat vegetarian or vegan. Thus, the vegan diet along with other vegetarian kinds of diet is currently booming not only in the mainstream but also in recreational and top-level sports. Moreover, 'Everybody runs!' with millions of people being active in running worldwide. After projections about 50 million Europeans are active runners, this shows running is one of the biggest mass-movements in sports. Considering both these increasing background numbers, this happens also for the cross-section of runners who adopt vegetarian and vegan diets, too. Thus, we assumed that the cut-set of vegetarians/vegans and runners is even higher compared with other sports. Therefore, the NURMI Study was designed as a comparative study to investigate the prevalence of omnivores, vegetarians, and vegans in running events and to detect potential differences in running performance comparing three (omnivorous, vegetarian, vegan) dietary subgroups. As, the NURMI Study connects both these two mass-movements to focus the following objectives: The major goal of the NURMI Study is to compare endurance performance of vegetarian and vegan runners to non-vegetarian marathon runners. The second goal is to investigate the prevalence of vegetarian and vegan runners in endurance (half-marathon and marathon) events. The third goal is to validate the subjects self-reports on food frequency and dietary behavior.

### Who can participate?

Step 1 (pre-study): Healthy male and female adult volunteer runners at or above the age of 18 who are active in running on a regular basis, participating in running events at all distances and at all levels, and following an omnivorous, vegetarian or vegan diet.

Step 2 and 3 (main study): Healthy male and female adult volunteer runners at or above the age of 18 who are active in running on a regular basis, participating in running events at all levels coping with at minimum half-marathon distance, and following an omnivorous, vegetarian or vegan diet.,

Participants need to meet the inclusion criteria. For successful participation in the main study a complete data set consisting of the following four items is required: (1) written informed consent, (2) at least 18 years of age, (3) all NURMI questionnaires completed, and (4) successful participation in a running event of either half-marathon or marathon distance.

### What does the study involve?

We investigated runners of the following study groups: Dietary subgroups (Step 1,2 and 3):

omnivorous, vegetarian, vegan. Distance subgroups (at all levels): all distances (Step 1), at minimum half-marathon distance, marathon, ultra-marathon (Step 2 and 3). Complete data set coping with full information on the NURMI Study (see also: Inclusion criteria): Pre-study Step 1: Short online questionnaire Step 1 completed. Main study Step 2 and 3: Pre-race: Detailed online questionnaire Step 2 completed. Race and post-race: Both running event over at least half-marathon distance and short online questionnaire STEP 3 completed.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are no side effects of taking part in the NURMI Study. All measurements are routine for active runners, and justifiable and reasonable from a medical perspective. Thus, there is no additional risk for those taking part. Participation is voluntary and discontinuation will be possible at any time and without negative consequences. There will be no immediate direct benefit to those taking part. But there should be benefits from a future perspective. The study will be considered a contribution for endurance runners following a vegetarian or vegan diet. It also adds knowledge to the currently very limited body of science, specifically to the vegan endurance runner. Moreover, it might help to eliminate remaining concerns of coaches and runners as it has the potential to indicate the adequacy of vegetarian and vegan diets on running performance as shown by professional runners.

Where is the study run from?

The NURMI Study is being run by the study coordinator at the Centre for Research and Knowledge Management, Pedagogical University Tyrol, Innsbruck, Austria. It takes place in Pedagogical University Tyrol, Innsbruck, Austria (lead); Institute of Primary Care, University of Zurich and Gesundheitszentrum St. Gallen, both Switzerland; and Institute of Nutrition, University of Giessen, Germany, coping with the core region of German-speaking countries of Europe (Germany, Austria, Switzerland).

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

Jan 2014 to December 2020

Who is funding the study?

There is no funding

Who is the main contact?

Dr. rer. nat. Katharina Wirnitzerb

<http://www.nurmi-study.com/en/mission/>

## Contact information

**Type(s)**

Scientific

**Contact name**

Dr Beat Knechtle

**ORCID ID**

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2412-9103>

**Contact details**

Vadianstrasse 26

St. Gallen

Switzerland  
9001  
+41 (0) 71 226 82 82  
beat.knechtle@hispeed.ch

**Type(s)**

Public

**Contact name**

Dr Katharina Wirnitzer

**Contact details**

Berchat 302/2  
Stans  
Austria  
6135  
+ 43 (699) 10404244  
info@nurmi-study.com

## Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number**

N/A

## Study information

**Scientific Title**

Prevalence in running events and running performance of endurance runners following a vegetarian or vegan diet compared to non-vegetarian endurance runners: The NURMI Study

**Acronym**

NURMI

**Study objectives**

It is reasonable to assume that a vegetarian or vegan diet is compatible with successful endurance and ultra-endurance performance?

The NURMI Study will be conducted in three steps following a cross-sectional design. Step 1 intends to determine epidemiological aspects of endurance runners (any distance) using a short standardized questionnaire. Step 2 intends to investigate dietary habits and running history from eligible participants (capable of running a half-marathon at least) using an extended standardized questionnaire. Step 3 intends to collect data after a running event on finishing time and final ranking as well as a post-race rating of perceived exertion, mood status, nutrient and fluid intake during the race.

**Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**

Ethics board St. Gallen, Flurhof 7 9007 St.Gallen, Switzerland, ref: EKSG 14/145

## **Study design**

The NURMI Study will be conducted in three steps following a cross-sectional observational design using online questionnaires. Core region are German-speaking countries of Europe such as Germany, Austria, and Switzerland.

### **Primary study design**

Observational

### **Study type(s)**

Other

### **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Diet and running performance

### **Interventions**

We assess dietary and running habits, running events, as well as quality of life with online questionnaires only.

### **Intervention Type**

Other

### **Primary outcome(s)**

In addition to running performance adjusted to performance level, the primary outcome is the prevalence of types of diets (omnivorous, vegetarian, vegan) among runners attending running events. Individual finishing time will be measured by the running events professional timing system and will be calculated as percentage of the overall winner's time.

### **Key secondary outcome(s)**

Outcomes from Step 1 are: nationality, sex, age, body weight, height, BMI (calculated), type of diet, attended races in past two years, finished running distances, personal best time on each distance, number of planned events for 2014/2015, in-race food and fluid consumption, daily /weekly training frequency, daily/weekly training load, period of preparation for main event, and aim of race participation.

Outcomes from Step 2 are: years of running experience, motivation for running then and now, assisted training, years of race experience, training intensity, medium/long-term goal of racing, additional specific kinds of training, specific diet including supplements, specific training/diet prior to race, diet on day of rest/training/race, pre/in/post-race diet, specific gear, relevant medical measures, and quality of life and health-related behavior.

Outcomes from Step 3 are: pre-race: body weight (including clothing and shoes). In-race: individual finishing time, individual runtime as % of overall winners time (calculated), ranking, calculated pace, temperature, wind, air pressure, humidity, sunlight. Post-race: body weight (including clothing and shoes), calculated weight loss, RPE (Borg) whole body/respiratory/legs, mental mood, fluid and nutrient intake including breakfast, and dietary strategy during race.

### **Completion date**

31/12/2015

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

For the epidemiological pre-study (Step 1) any subject active in running (any distance as well as any performance level) can participate.

For successful participation in the main study (Step 2 & 3) a complete data set consisting of the following four items is required:

1. Written informed consent
2. At least 18 years of age
3. All NURMI questionnaires completed
4. Successful participation in a running event of either half-marathon or marathon distance

**Participant type(s)**

Healthy volunteer

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Participation in other clinical trials simultaneously
2. Have impaired health status or known diseases
3. Use doping agents

**Date of first enrolment**

01/02/2015

**Date of final enrolment**

01/03/2015

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

Austria

Germany

Switzerland

**Study participating centre**

Institut für Hausarztmedizin der Universität Zürich

Universitäts Spital Zürich

Pestalozzistrasse 24

Zürich

Switzerland  
8091

## Sponsor information

### Organisation

Zurich University (Institut für Hausarztmedizin der Universität Zürich)

### ROR

<https://ror.org/02crff812>

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

### Funder Name

Zurich University (Institut für Hausarztmedizin der Universität Zürich)

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study is not expected to be made available due to data security. All data are treated according to appropriate Federal Data Security Laws. Since the Study Coordinator is located in Austria, the data are held in fulfilling the Austrian in line with the international Data Security Laws.

Gathered data will be stored pseudoanonymised. Each subject will be assigned an identification code (ID), which will be kept in a separate database. Questionnaire data and subject's registration data will be stored in different databases.

ID linkage will allow us to assign questionnaire data to each subject's data set. All members of the research staff are bound to their professional obligation to discretion. Data will be used and analysed exclusively and only in the context of the NURMI Study. Access to the server as well as the file- and database-backups is restricted to the IT staff of the study team and the hosting provider (also a project partner), and further the statistics team.

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
	results		23/02		

<a href="#">Results article</a>		04/02/2021	/2021	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 2 results	27/09/2021	29/09/2021	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 2 results	18/06/2022	20/06/2022	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 1 results	05/02/2022	10/07/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 1 results	07/10/2021	10/07/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 2 results	30/07/2022	10/07/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 2 results	06/04/2023	10/07/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 2 results	09/05/2023	10/07/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 2 results	14/10/2022	10/07/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 2 results	14/10/2022	10/07/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 2 results	10/08/2021	10/07/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 2 results	17/07/2018	10/07/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 2 results	07/09/2022	10/07/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 2 results	22/06/2022	10/07/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 2 results	13/08/2021	10/07/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	step 2 results	22/12/2018	10/07/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	dietary habits - step 2 results	27/05/2024	30/07/2025	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	race distance - step 2 results	09/01/2024	30/07/2025	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	race history by distance - step 2 results	23/10/2023	30/07/2025	Yes	No
<a href="#">Protocol article</a>	protocol	14/04/2016		Yes	No
<a href="#">Basic results</a>		25/07/2017	16/07/2018	No	No
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
<a href="#">Study website</a>	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes