Carboplatin with or without ZD4054 in patients with metastatic breast cancer

Submission date	Recruitment status	[X] Prospectively registered
22/03/2010	Stopped	☐ Protocol
egistration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
8/05/2010	Stopped	☐ Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
01/05/2012	Cancer	Record updated in last year
8/05/2010 ast Edited	Stopped Condition category	Results Individual participant dat

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

NCT01134497

Protocol serial number

SPON804-10

Study information

Scientific Title

A randomised Phase II study of carboplatin with or without the addition of the ETAR inhibitor ZD4054 as treatment for patients with metastatic breast cancer

Acronym

PLANET

Study objectives

Metastatic breast cancer (MBC) remains incurable and there has been little change in long term outcomes. Chemotherapy is used to improve symptoms and prolong survival in patients with advanced breast cancer. Nevertheless, most tumours inevitably progress and the clinical response rates to subsequent chemotherapy agents are disappointing. There is, therefore, a need for continued clinical research into new strategies to enhance the effectiveness of currently available chemotherapy agents to improve survival.

The endothelin pathway has been implicated in a number of oncogenic pathways. ET-1 and ETAR are frequently over-expressed in breast cancers and are prognostic for poor outcome. Inhibition of the endothelin pathway enhances cytotoxicity when combined with chemotherapy agents such as carboplatin in pre-clinical models. ZD4054 is a specific inhibitor of ETAR and represents a novel therapeutic target in breast cancer.

This study investigates whether ZD4054, an oral endothelin A receptor (ETAR) inhibitor, in combination with carboplatin chemotherapy, has sufficient activity to warrant a future Phase III trial in patients with advanced/metastatic breast cancer.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Protocol approval will be sought from a Multi-Centre Research Ethics Committee (MREC). Each participating centre will be approved through a Regional Ethics Committee (REC) prior to patient recruitment.

Study design

Mmulticentre phase II parallel group double blind randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Metastatic breast cancer

Interventions

1. Stage 1

Patients will receive carboplatin (AUC4 or AUC5 q21d as below) + ZD4054 (10mg daily). Dose limiting toxicity (DLT) and safety assessments will be performed during cycle 1. Patients may receive up to 6 cycles.

1.1. Dose Level 1 (carboplatin - AUC4 q21d + ZD4054 10mg once daily [OD])
Three patients will receive carboplatin AUC4 intravenously [IV] over 30mins on day 1 plus

ZD4054 (10mg daily) orally (PO) on days 1-21 of a 21 day cycle. Patients will be assessed at day 1, 8, 15 and 22 for toxicity.

- 1.1.1. If Dose Level 1 is tolerable (i.e. none of the initial 3 patients experience DLT as per Section 8.2), six patients will be treated at Dose Level 2.
- 1.1.2. If one of the initial 3 patients does not tolerate Dose Level 1 (i.e. they experience DLT) a further 3 patients will be treated at this dose level. If no further patient experiences DLT the study will proceed to Dose Level 2. If Dose Level 1 is not tolerable (i.e. \geq 2 patients experience DLT), at Dose Level 1 the study will not proceed further.
- 1.2. Dose Level 2 (carboplatin AUC5 g21d + ZD4054 10mg OD)

Six patients will receive carboplatin AUC5 IV over 30mins on day 1 plus ZD4054 (10mg daily) PO on days 1-21 of a 21 day cycle. They will be assessed for toxicity at day 1, 8, 15 and 22.

- 1.2.1. If Dose Level 2 IS tolerable (i.e. < 2 of 6 patients experience DLT), the study will proceed to Stage 2
- 1.2.2. If Dose Level 2 is NOT tolerable (i.e. \geq 2 DLTs in 6 patients within the same dose level) then the study will not proceed to stage 2.
- 1.2.3. If a patient in Dose Level 2 experiences DLT then that patient may receive a de-escalated dose of carboplatin (AUC4) with ZD4054 on subsequent cycles.

2. Stage 2

Recruitment to Stage 2 will commence after 6 patients in Dose Level 2 of Stage 1 have completed at least 1 cycle of therapy with < 2 patients experiencing DLT. Patients will be randomised to one of two arms:

2.1. Arm A (control arm): carboplatin + placebo

The control arm will consist of up to 6 cycles of carboplatin (AUC5 q21d for 6 cycles) IV over 30 minutes on day 1, plus placebo PO on days 1-21 of a 21 day cycle.

2.2. Arm B (experimental arm): carboplatin + ZD4054

The experimental arm will consist of up to 6 cycles of carboplatin (AUC5 q21d for 6 cycles) IV over 30 minutes on day 1, plus ZD4054 (10mg daily) OD PO on days 1-21 of a 21 day cycle.

- 3. Assessments on treatment
- 3.1. Stage 1
- 3.1.1. Cycles 1 Days 8 and 15 and 22
- 3.1.1.1. Physical examination (to include Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group Performance Status Scale [ECOG PS])
- 3.1.1.2. Full Blood Count (FBC)
- 3.1.1.3. Urea and Electrolytes
- 3.1.1.4. Liver Function Test (LFT) (including aspartate aminotransferase [AST], alanine aminotransferase [ALT], bilirubin, alkaline phosphatase)
- 3.1.1.5. Optional blood sample for separate translational sub-study (may be obtained at any point between consent and second treatment)
- 3.1.1.6. Toxicity assessment according to the National Cancer Institute Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (NCI CTCAE v4)
- 3.1.1.7. Concomitant medication
- 3.1.2. Cycles 2-6 Day 1 of each cycle
- 3.1.2.1. Physical examination (to include ECOG PS)
- 3.1.2.2. FBC
- 3.1.2.3. Urea and Electrolytes
- 3.1.2.4. Liver Function Test (LFT) (including AST, ALT, Bilirubin, alkaline phosphatase)
- 3.1.2.5. Toxicity assessment according to NCI CTCAE v4
- 3.1.2.6. Concomitant medication
- 3.1.3. Weeks 6, 12 and 18 while on treatment
- 3.1.3.1. Computed Tomography [CT] chest/abdomen/pelvis

- 3.2. Stage 2
- 3.2.1. Day 1 of each cycle 1
- 3.2.1.1. Physical examination to include ECOG
- 3.2.1.2. Full blood count
- 3.2.1.3. Urea and Electrolytes
- 3.2.1.4. Liver Function Test (LFT) (including AST, ALT, Bilirubin, alkaline phosphatase)
- 3.2.1.5. Optional blood for separate translational sub-study (may be obtained at any point between first and second treatments)
- 3.2.1.6. Toxicity assessment according to NCI CTCAE v4
- 3.2.1.7. Concomitant medication
- 3.2.2. Weeks 6, 12 and 18 while on treatment
- 3.2.2.1. CT chest/abdomen/pelvis
- 3.3. Post-Treatment

On completion of chemotherapy, patients may continue ZD4054/placebo, and will have clinical follow up assessments performed every 9 weeks to disease progression. Each follow up assessment will include assessments of disease response/progressionincluding radiological assessments, late toxicity assessment and assessment of performance status. Patients will be asked to consent to NHS Information Centre Flagging so that the date and cause of death can be collected without longer term follow up. We have adopted a more rigorous scanning schedule to ensure that our estimate of progression-free survival is accurate.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase II

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

ZD4054; carboplatin

Primary outcome(s)

Progression Free Survival (PFS) (time to event) based on Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours (RECIST v1.1).

Time from enrolment to any progression and/or death. Those progression-free and alive will be censored at time of last follow-up visit.

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Safety, tolerability (side effects) and feasibility of use (number of participants requiring dose delays or reductions and/or treatment withdrawal).
- 2. Objective response rate as assessed by RECIST v1.1.

Completion date

31/05/2013

Reason abandoned (if study stopped)

Objectives no longer viable

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients aged \geq 18
- 2. Histological or cytological diagnosis of breast cancer
- 3. Metastatic disease
- 4. No more than 2 prior lines of chemotherapy treatment for metastatic breast cancer
- 5. Life expectancy greater than 3 months
- 6. Patients must have previously received or be ineligible for a taxane
- 7. Informed consent
- 8. Adequate haematological, renal and hepatic function.
- 9. At least one measurable lesion on Computed Tomography (CT) scanning

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

Female

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Previous treatment with platinum based chemotherapy
- 2. Known brain or leptomeningeal metastases
- 3. Any co-existing medical condition that, in the investigators judgement, may substantially increase the risk associated with the patients participation in the study or potentially hamper compliance with the study protocol and follow-up schedule
- 4. Concomitant medication unsuitable for combination with trial medication
- 5. Concomitant administration of potent CYP3A inhibitors, specifically:
- 5.1. Protease inhibitors (atanazavir, indinavir, nelfinavir, ritonavir, saquinavir)
- 5.2. Macrolide antibiotics (clarithromycin, telithromycin)
- 5.3. Azole antifungals (ketoconazole, itraconazole, voriconazole)
- 5.4. Nefazodone

Date of first enrolment

01/06/2010

Date of final enrolment

31/05/2013

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

Northern Ireland

Study participating centre
Centre for Cancer Research and Cell Biology
Belfast
United Kingdom
BT9 7AB

Sponsor information

Organisation

Cardiff University (UK)

ROR

https://ror.org/03kk7td41

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

Cardiff University, Wales Cancer Trials Unit (WCTU) (UK)

Funder Name

Cancer Research UK (CRUK) (UK) - provide core funding for WCTU

Funder Name

Astra Zeneca (UK) - providing study drug and covering distribution costs

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet
Participant information sheet
11/11/2025 No Yes