A randomized clinical trial comparing the effectiveness of rotator cuff repair with or without augmentation with porcine small intestine submucosa (SIS) for large rotator cuff tears: Pilot study phase

| Submission date | Recruitment status | Prospectively registered |
|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 05/09/2005 | No longer recruiting | ☐ Protocol |
| Registration date | Overall study status | Statistical analysis plan |
| 05/09/2005 | Completed | [X] Results |
| Last Edited 12/04/2021 | Condition category Musculoskeletal Diseases | [] Individual participant data |

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

MCT-63140

Study information

Scientific Title

A randomized clinical trial comparing the effectiveness of rotator cuff repair with or without augmentation with porcine small intestine submucosa (SIS) for large rotator cuff tears: Pilot study phase

Acronym

RESTORE

Study objectives

To compare the effectiveness of a standardized method of rotator cuff repair with or without augmentation using porcine small intestine submucosa (SIS) in patients with large rotator cuff tears.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the McMaster University Research Ethics Board on the 20th June 2003.

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Rotator cuff tears

Interventions

- 1. Standard open rotator cuff repair
- 2. Standard open rotator cuff repair augmented with porcine small intestine submucosa (RESTORE patch)

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Success or failure of the rotator cuff repair. Patients will undergo Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) of the rotator cuff one year post-operatively to determine whether the defect has healed, and if not healed completely, whether the remaining full thickness defect is greater than 5 mm in any dimension. If such a defect remains, the patient is classified as having failed the repair.

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. The Western Ontario Rotator Cuff Index (WORC)
- 2. The American Shoulder and Elbow Surgeons standardized tool (ASES)
- 3. The Simple Shoulder Test (SST)
- 4. The Constant
- 5. The SF-36

Overall study start date

01/09/2003

Completion date

30/04/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients (18 - 65 years old, either sex) with large rotator cuff tears (Type 1B or Type 2) determined by clinical examination and diagnostic imaging. Criteria described by Harryman et al. (1991) will guide the classification of rotator cuff tears defined and reassessed at the time of surgery (Type 0 = intact cuff, Type 1A = thinned cuff or partial thickness defect, Type 1B = full thickness defect on one tendon, Type 2 = full thickness defect of two tendons, Type 3 = full thickness defect of three tendons).

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

60

Total final enrolment

62

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Previous shoulder surgery, excluding acromioplasty or diagnostic arthroscopy
- 2. Inability of the surgeon to repair the tear with remaining defect no greater than 5 mm in diameter
- 3. Evidence of other significant shoulder pathology including, Type II-IV SLAP lesion, Bankart lesion
- 4. Active joint or systemic infection
- 5. Significant muscle paralysis of the shoulder girdle
- 6. Migration of the humeral head as demonstrated on plain radiograph
- 7. Major medical illness that would preclude undergoing surgery
- 8. Patients who are unwilling or unable to be assessed according to study protocol for one year following surgery
- 9. Major psychiatric illness, developmental handicap or inability to read and understand the English language

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2003

Date of final enrolment

30/04/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Canada

Study participating centre Clinical Epidemiology & Biostatistics

Hamilton Canada L8N 3Z5

Sponsor information

Organisation

McMaster University (Canada)

Sponsor details

Office of the Associate Dean Research McMaster University Faculty of Health Sciences 1200 Main Street West Room HSC-3N8 Hamilton Canada L8N 3Z5

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

http://www.mcmaster.ca/

ROR

https://ror.org/02fa3aq29

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR) (Canada) - http://www.cihr-irsc.gc.ca (ref: MCT-63140)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output typeDetailsDate createdDate addedPeer reviewed?Patient-facing?Results article01/10/201612/04/2021YesNo