A randomised controlled trial of printed patient information for whiplash patients is more better?

Submission date 05/09/2005	Recruitment status Stopped	[X] Prospectively registered
		☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
15/09/2005	Stopped	Results
Last Edited 16/01/2019	Condition category Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning	Individual participant data
		Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

A randomised controlled trial of printed patient information for whiplash patients is more better?

Acronym

WAD-ED

Study objectives

When compared with the control (limited information/advice on a small folded card), the experimental intervention (comprehensive evidence-based information/advice in a 28-page booklet) will improve beliefs about whiplash associated disorder and its consequences, and will increase the proportion of individuals who are self-managing by 3-months post-injury.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Added 09/10/09: Received from the National Research Ethics Service (NRES), Airedale Research Ethics Committee (REC)

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Other

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, contact kim@spineresearch.org.uk to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Whiplash associated disorders

Interventions

- 1. Evidence-based patient educational booklet (The Whiplash Book).
- 2. Small folded card giving llimited information

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

Self-management of the whiplash associated disorder (i.e. the participant has ceased treatment and feels confident to self-manage their WAD without recourse to further healthcare), a dichotomous outcome measured by a structured questionnaire.

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Beliefs
- 2. Disability
- 3. Pain

Overall study start date

01/10/2005

Completion date

01/10/2012

Reason abandoned (if study stopped)

Lack of funding/sponsorship

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Adults attending emergency departments following involvement as a vehicle occupant in a road traffic accident resulting in whiplash associated disorder of Quebec Grade 0 to III. 2. Good understanding of English.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

254

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Serious spinal pathology, including whiplash injury of Quebec Grade IV.
- 2. Any clinical conditions (mental or physical) or accident-related injuries that render participation inappropriate.

Date of first enrolment

01/10/2005

Date of final enrolment

30/09/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre 30 Queen Street

Huddersfield United Kingdom HD1 2SP

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Huddersfield (UK)

Sponsor details

Queensgate Huddersfield England United Kingdom HD1 2SP

Sponsor type

University/education

ROR

https://ror.org/05t1h8f27

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

University of Huddersfield (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination planNot provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summaryNot provided at time of registration