# Anticipated Regret To Increase Colorectal cancer screening (ARTICS)

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
11/10/2012		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
08/11/2012	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
14/02/2023	Cancer			

### Plain English summary of protocol

https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-study-looking-at-attitudes-to-health-and-bowel-screening-in-scotland-artics

### Study website

http://www.psychology.stir.ac.uk/research/chbc/artics

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Prof Ronan O'Carroll

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

### Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

# Study information

### Scientific Title

A randomised controlled trial of a brief psychological intervention to increase the uptake of colorectal cancer screening in adults aged 50-74 years in Scotland

### Acronym

**ARTICS** 

### Study objectives

In this large-scale, questionnaire-based study we will test whether asking people whether they would later regret not returning their Faecal Occult Blood Test (FOBT) screening kit for colorectal cancer increases FOBT returns.

### Research questions:

- 1. Does a brief, theory-based anticipated regret (AR) intervention lead to a significant increase in the uptake of FOBT colorectal cancer screening in Scotland?
- 2. Is the effect observed equally across genders and social deprivation levels?
- 3. Is the effect a general consequence of the 'mere measurement effect' (i.e. completing a questionnaire about the topic in question may increase response) or is it a specific consequence of AR?
- 4. Is uptake influenced by participants' health beliefs, in particular anticipated regret, disgust, intention, perceived benefit and health locus of control?

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

# Study design

Three-armed prospective randomised controlled trial

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Study setting(s)

Hospital

### Study type(s)

Screening

### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Colorectal bowel cancer screening

### **Interventions**

We will adopt a simple, between-groups, three-arm prospective randomised controlled trial design:

- 1. Control: no questionnaire
- 2. HLOC: Health Locus of Control questionnaire
- 3. AR: Anticipated regret questionnaire

Participants who are allocated to the questionnaire arms (2 & 3) will be told that we are studying the effects of attitudes towards screening, and how they influence FOBT returns.

### Control arm

Participants in the control arm will be sent the standard pre-notification letter, according to current practice.

### **HLOC Intervention**

Those randomly allocated to the HLOC group will also be sent the pre-notification letter plus the 18-item Health Locus of Control scale. HLOC participants will also be asked to rate their perceived disgust (ick factor) and perceived benefit of returning their FOBT using modified versions of the ick-factor scale and perceived benefit scales from our previous research with organ donation, as well as rating their intention of returning the FOBT test, all using simple scales. Participants will be asked to return this brief questionnaire in a stamped addressed envelope that will be provided. We predict that high scores on chance HLOC will predict lower return rates, as this taps a fatalistic view of health and health outcomes.

### AR Intervention

Those allocated to the AR group will also be sent the pre-notification letter and will be asked to complete the same HLOC/ick/perceived benefit questionnaire as the HLOC group with 2 additional AR questions. The first of these additional questions will be placed as the very first question of the survey ('If I did not complete and return my test kit I would later feel regret') and the second will be placed immediately preceding the final question measuring intention to return the kit ('If I did not complete and return my test kit, I would later wish I had'). In order to make the two questionnaires identical in length, the HLOC questionnaire will have 2 filler questions added in the same location as the AR questions.

### Intervention Type

Other

### Phase

Not Applicable

### Primary outcome measure

Return of the completed FOBT test kit to the central laboratory at the Scottish Bowel Screening Centre, within 6 months of the kit being sent out.

### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Health Locus of Control Scale
- 2. Perceived disgust (ick factor)
- 3. Perceived benefit of returning the FOBT kit
- 4. Intention to return the FOBT test

### Overall study start date

01/10/2012

### Completion date

31/05/2014

# **Eligibility**

### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Members of the Scottish general public who are invited to participate in the national colorectal cancer screening programme
- 2. Aged between 50 and 74 years

### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

### Age group

Adult

### Sex

Both

### Target number of participants

60,000 individuals, randomised to 3 arms (20,000 in each arm)

### Total final enrolment

60000

### Key exclusion criteria

Does not meet inclusion criteria

### Date of first enrolment

01/10/2012

### Date of final enrolment

31/05/2014

# Locations

### Countries of recruitment

Scotland

**United Kingdom** 

### Study participating centre University of Stirling Stirling United Kingdom FK9 4LA

# Sponsor information

### Organisation

University of Stirling (UK)

### Sponsor details

c/o Carol Johnstone Research and Enterprise Office Stirling Scotland United Kingdom FK9 4LA

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carol.johnstone@stir.ac.uk

### Sponsor type

University/education

### Website

http://www.stir.ac.uk/

#### ROR

https://ror.org/045wgfr59

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Government

### Funder Name

Chief Scientist Office of the Scottish Executive Health Department (UK) ref: CZH/4/793

# **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

# Not provided at time of registration

# Intention to publish date

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	16/09/2013		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/10/2015		Yes	No
Plain English results			14/02/2023	No	Yes