Biological variation of insulin resistance, testosterone and cardiovascular risk factors in women with polycystic ovary syndrome: modification with rimonabant compared to metformin

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
23/10/2007	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
31/10/2007	Completed	[X] Results
Last Edited 18/01/2012	Condition category Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	[] Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Stephen Atkin

Contact details

Michael White Diabetes Centre Hull Royal Infirmary 220-236 Analby Road Hull United Kingdom HU3 2JZ +44 (0)1482 6765 s.l.atkin@hull.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

R0391

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

- 1. To show that rimonabant treatment is superior to metformin in reducing mean insulin resistance, high androgen levels and cardiovascular risk indices in women with PolyCystic Ovarian Syndrome (PCOS)
- 2. To show that rimonabant treatment is superior to metformin in reducing the fluctuations in biological variation of insulin resistance in PCOS

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from Hull and East Riding Local Research Ethics Committee on the 19th December 2006 (ref: 06/Q1104/115).

Study design

Randomised, open-label, parallel study.

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

PolyCystic Ovary Syndrome (PCOS)

Interventions

Rimonabant 20 mg (oral) daily or metformin 500 mg (oral) three times a day (tds) for 3 months.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

The following will be assessed at 3 months:

- 1. The HOMeostasis model Assessment of Insulin Resistance (HOMA-IR)
- 2. Testosterone

Key secondary outcome(s))

The following will be assessed at 3 months:

- 1. Waist cirumference
- 2. Free androgen index

Completion date

01/01/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Polycystic ovarian syndrome
- 2. Body Mass Index (BMI) greater than 30 kg/m^2

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Female

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patient should not be on any drugs
- 2. Unwilling for General Practitioner (GP) to be informed
- 3. Diabetic patients
- 4. Uncompensated hypothyroidism
- 5. Patients not on barrier contraception
- 6. History of psychiatric disorder or severe depression
- 7. Chronic renal failure

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2006

Date of final enrolment

01/01/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre Michael White Diabetes Centre

Hull United Kingdom HU3 2JZ

Sponsor information

Organisation

Hull and East Yorkshire Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

ROR

https://ror.org/01b11x021

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

University of Hull (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/01/2009		Yes	No