

# Algorithm-based diagnosis and symptom-orientated treatment of delirium in intensive care unit (ICU)-patients

<b>Submission date</b> 29/08/2007	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
<b>Registration date</b> 18/01/2008	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Last Edited</b> 12/05/2021	<b>Condition category</b> Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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### Contact details

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

## Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

# Study information

## Scientific Title

Algorithm-based diagnosis and symptom-orientated treatment of delirium in intensive care unit (ICU)-patients

## Study objectives

Current hypothesis as of 26/06/2015:

Adherence to delirium monitoring as an additional level of care results in an improved clinical outcome.

Secondly we hypothesize that symptom-orientated treatment of delirious deficits results in improved clinical outcome.

Previous hypothesis:

Stepwise symptom-orientated early treatment of pre-delirium leads to less severity and shorter duration of delirium and better outcome.

On 26/06/2015 the following changes were made to the trial record:

1. The overall trial start date was changed from 01/08/2007 to 01/02/2007
2. The overall trial end date was changed from 31/07/2009 to 31/05/2008

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Local medical ethics committee (Ethikkommission Ethikausschuss 1 am Campus Charité-Mitte), 01/08/2007, ref: EA1/132/07

## Study design

Prospective observational monocentre trial

## Primary study design

Observational

## Secondary study design

Cohort study

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Screening

## Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Screening for delirium in Intensive Care Unit

## **Interventions**

Current interventions as of 26/06/2015:

Diagnosis and treatment of delirium are made according to internal hospital Standard Operating Procedures. Every patient gets a delirium screening with the use of either the:

1. Delirium Detection Score (DDS), or the
2. Confusion Assessment Method for the ICU.

Data collection in this study will be performed prospectively.. There will be a short analysis of the preliminary data collection from 2006.

Previous interventions:

Diagnosis and treatment of delirium are made according to internal hospital Standard Operating Procedures. Every patient with impaired consciousness gets a delirium screening with the use of two different scoring systems:

1. Delirium Detection Score (DDS)
2. Confusion Assessment Method for the ICU

Ongoing symptom-orientated delirium therapy will be initiated.

Data collection in this study will be performed prospectively. Final analysis of all outcome data will be performed after the anticipated end date of the trial. There will be a short analysis of the preliminary data collection every 6 months.

## **Intervention Type**

Other

## **Phase**

Not Specified

## **Primary outcome measure**

Current primary outcome measures as of 26/06/2015:

1. Mortality

Previous primary outcome measures:

1. Mortality
2. Duration of mechanical ventilation
3. Length of ICU-stay

## **Secondary outcome measures**

Current secondary outcome measures as of 26/06/2015:

1. Incidence of delirium
2. Incidence of hypoactive delirium
3. Incidence of hyperactive delirium
4. Adherence to delirium monitoring
5. Adherence to symptom-orientated treatment of delirium
6. Duration of mechanical ventilation
7. Length of ICU-stay
8. Length of hospital stay
9. Severity of pain
10. Depth of sedation
11. Severity of illness

Previous secondary outcome measures:

1. Higher frequency of delirium detection
2. Higher frequency of hypoactive delirium diagnosis
3. Higher frequency of adequate treatment of delirium

**Overall study start date**

01/02/2007

**Completion date**

31/05/2008

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

Current inclusion criteria as of 26/06/2015:

All patients with an ICU stay greater than 24 hours will be included in this observational trial.

Previous inclusion criteria:

All patients with an ICU stay greater than 36 hours will be included in this observational trial.

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

185

**Total final enrolment**

185

**Key exclusion criteria**

Aged less than 18 years.

**Date of first enrolment**

01/07/2007

**Date of final enrolment**

01/11/2007

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

Germany

**Study participating centre****Charite - Universitätsmedizin Berlin**

Department of Anaesthesiology and Intensive Care Medicine

Campus Charité Mitte and Campus Virchow - Klinikum

Berlin

Germany

13353

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

Charite - University Medicine Berlin (Universitätsmedizin Berlin) (Germany)

**Sponsor details**

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**Sponsor type**

University/education

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/001w7jn25>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

University/education

**Funder Name**

Charité Universitätsmedizin Berlin

**Alternative Name(s)**

Medical School - Charité - University Medicine Berlin

**Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

For-profit companies (industry)

## Location

Germany

# Results and Publications

## Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

## Intention to publish date

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available due to legal restrictions imposed by the Ethics Commission of the Charité – Universitätsmedizin Berlin and the data protection commissioner of the Charité – Universitätsmedizin Berlin, public sharing of study data with other researchers or entities is not allowed. This prohibits the authors from making the dataset publicly available.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>		01/10/2016	12/05/2021	Yes	No