Vibratory exercise to prevent falls and osteoporosis in older women in primary care

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered		
18/06/2006	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
14/07/2006		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
28/10/2008	Musculoskeletal Diseases			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Narcis Gusi

Contact details

Faculty of Sports Sciences Avda Universidad s/n Caceres Spain 10071 +34 (0)92 725 74 60 ngusi@unex.es

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number 15/04

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

EVCOM/15/04

Study objectives

- 1. Vibratory exercise reduces bone loss more than walk-based exercise
- 2. Vibratory exercise maintains the fitness (balance, lower limbs strength etc.) more than walk-based exercise

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Bioethical Committee of the University of Extremadura on 15/09/2004, reference number 15/04

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Prevention

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Prevention of falls and osteoporosis in postmenopausal women

Interventions

- 1. Intervention group: eight months of vibratory exercise
- 2. Control group: eight months of walk-based exercise

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Bone mass density (dual energy x-ray absorptiometry [DEXA] technique)
- 2. Fitness (balance, isokinetic strength, vertical jump, walking speed, stairs climbing)

Key secondary outcome(s))

Health-related quality of life (EQ-5D, short-form-36 questionnaire [SF-36])

Completion date

01/07/2005

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Women older than 60 years old

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Senior

Sex

Female

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Contraindications to physical exercise
- 2. Disease or drugs treatment that could influence measures such as bone metabolism or strength
- 3. Other physical or psychological therapies
- 4. Cognitive disease
- 5. Nutritional deficit in vitamin D or calcium
- 6. Smoking or alcohol consumption

Date of first enrolment

01/11/2004

Date of final enrolment

01/07/2005

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Spain

Study participating centre Faculty of Sports Sciences

Caceres Spain 10071

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Extremadura (Spain)

ROR

https://ror.org/0174shg90

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Health Department of Junta de Extremadura: Sociosanitary Research (SCSS0466) - Spain

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	30/11/2006		Yes	No