

Demineralised bone matrix (DBM) as an alternative for autogenous bone graft in high tibial valgus opening wedge osteotomy (HTO) for symptomatic medial compartmental knee osteoarthritis

Submission date 27/01/2006	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 27/01/2006	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 03/11/2008	Condition category Musculoskeletal Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Dr T M van Raaij

Contact details
Erasmus University Medical Centre
Department of Orthopaedic Surgery
P.O. Box 2040
Rotterdam
Netherlands
3000 CB
t.vanraaij@chello.nl

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
1; NTR478

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Opening wedge HTO treated with DBM will better match one year post-operative mechanical axis alignment with pre-operative planned correction than opening wedge HTO filled with autogenous iliac crest bone.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Received from the local medical ethics committee

Study design

Multicentre, randomised active controlled factorial trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Arthritis, osteoarthritis

Interventions

A valgus high tibia opening wedge osteotomy will be performed and the osseous defect will be filled with DBM or autogenous bone graft.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Conservation of corrected angular limb deformity one year after surgery (success rate [%]), (surgery is successful when the femoral-tibial axis one year after osteotomy is corrected accurately two degrees or less compared to the preoperative planned mechanical axis correction).

Key secondary outcome(s))

1. Knee range of motion (ROM)
2. Pain score (Visual Analogue Scale)
3. Hospital for Special Surgery (HHS) Knee Service Rating System

4. Western Ontario and McMaster University Osteoarthritis Index (WOMAC)
5. Health related quality-of-life score (EuroQol)
6. Donor site complication (only autogenous bone graft group)

Completion date

31/12/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Male and female
2. Symptomatic medial osteoarthritis of the knee
3. Not indicated for a knee arthroplasty
4. Informed consent given
5. Baseline measurements are made

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Below 18 years of age
2. Symptoms not related to medial osteoarthritis of the knee
3. Not able to speak or understand Dutch

Date of first enrolment

01/10/2005

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre

Erasmus University Medical Centre
Rotterdam
Netherlands
3000 CB

Sponsor information

Organisation

Erasmus Medical Centre (The Netherlands)

ROR

<https://ror.org/018906e22>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Not defined

Funder Name

Not provided at time of registration

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration