# A study examining the importance of genetic variation for the ability of severely ill anorectic women to gain weight during three years

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
18/12/2019	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
15/01/2020	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
15/01/2020	Mental and Behavioural Disorders	Record updated in last year

# Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The serious psychiatric illness anorexia nervosa (AN) is primarily found in teenage girls and young women. The condition is related to several long-term morbidities and mortality but in the majority of cases there is a gradual recovery from the disorder. Intensive nutrition therapy has shown positive results in hospitalized AN patients. The fat mass and obesity-associated (FTO) gene has been associated with increased body weight and body mass index (BMI). The gene seems to be involved in the regulation of hunger and satiety, and is also associated with food intake. The aim of this study is to investigate the potential influence of the FTO gene on BMI and body composition in young women with severe anorexia nervosa during intensive nutrition therapy and after three years.

Who can participate?

Women aged 16-24 with anorexia nervosa

# What does the study involve?

All patients are hospitalized for 12 weeks and are treated with an extra-high-energy diet, starting at median 75 kcal/kg/day and step by step declining to 48 kcal/kg/day over the 12-week period. The FTO gene is analyzed at study start and body composition parameters are assessed at the start of the study, after 12 weeks and at 3-year follow-up.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The treatment given to the participants is the treatment which is routine at the clinic at the time of the study. Participants' body composition is examined at three times, which means a small dose of radiation. Except this, there are no risks of participating. Benefits are that the participants are informed about their bone health and if decreased bone density is diagnosed they are referred to an osteoporotic unit.

Where is the study run from? Queen Silvia Children's Hospital (Sweden) Who is funding the study?

The study is supported by grants from the Queen Silvia Children's Hospital Research Foundation, ALF grants from Region Östergötland, The Capio Foundation, The Samariten Foundation, The H. K.H Princess Lovisa's Foundation, The Sahlgrenska University Hospital and The Health & Medical Care Committee of the Regional Executive Board of Region Västra Götaland and by grants from the Swedish state under the agreement between the Swedish government and the county councils, the ALF-agreement (ALFGBG-716831, 678871 and 117661)

Who is the main contact? Anna Svedlund anna.svedlund@vgregion.se

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Anders Elfvin

#### **ORCID ID**

https://orcid.org/0000-0002-1912-9563

#### Contact details

The Queen Silvia Chidren's Hospital Sahlgrenska University Hospital SU/Östra Gothenburg Sweden 41685 +46 (0)722029830 anders.elfvin@vgregion.se

# Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

**DNR 720-11** 

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

The significance of the FTO gene on weight gain and body composition in young Swedish women with severe anorexia nervosa: a three-year follow-up study

#### **Acronym**

Anorexia FTO gene study

#### **Study objectives**

It is hypothesized that polymorphism of the FTO gene could explain the broad spectrum of individual weight gain during nutrition therapy and thereby provide a basis for individualized therapy.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 20/12/2011, Central Ethical Review Board of Gothenburg (Regionala etikprövningsnämnden i Göteborg, Box 401, 405 30 Gothenburg, Sweden; Tel: +46 (31)7866821; Email: barbro.morsing@epn.gu.se), DNR 720-11

#### Study design

Single-centre interventional study

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Anorexia nervosa

#### **Interventions**

Participants were treated for 12 weeks with a high-energy diet. FTO was genotyped and body composition parameters were assessed by dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry and peripheral quantitative computed tomography at baseline, after 12 weeks and at 3-year follow-up.

## Intervention Type

Supplement

# Primary outcome(s)

BMI and body composition parameters measured with dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry (DXA) and peripheral quantitative computed tomography (pQCT) at baseline, after 12 weeks of intensive nutrition therapy and after 3 years

# Key secondary outcome(s))

The frequency and duration of physical activity per week evaluated with the International Physical Activity Questionnaire (IPAQ) at 3 years after nutrition therapy

# Completion date

13/12/2018

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Age between 16 and 24 years
- 2. Diagnosis of anorexia nervosa according to the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 4th edition

# Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

# Healthy volunteers allowed

No

### Age group

Mixed

#### Sex

**Female** 

# Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Age under 16 years
- 2. Age above 25 years
- 3. Individuals with diabetes mellitus or inflammatory bowel disease

#### Date of first enrolment

01/02/2012

#### Date of final enrolment

16/06/2017

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Sweden

# Study participating centre Queen Silvia Children's Hospital

Sahlgrenska University Hospital SU/Ostra sjukhuset Gothenburg Sweden 416 85

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

Sahlgrenska University Hospital

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/04vgqjj36

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### **Funder Name**

The Sahlgrenska University Hospital and The Health & Medical Care Committee of the Regional Executive Board of Region Västra Götaland and by grants from the Swedish state under the agreement between the Swedish government and the county councils, the ALF-agreement

#### **Funder Name**

Foundation ALF grants from Region Östergötland

#### **Funder Name**

The Capio Foundation

#### **Funder Name**

The Samariten Foundation

#### Funder Name

The H.K.H Princess Lovisa's Foundation

#### **Funder Name**

Queen Silvia Children's Hospital Research Foundation

# **Results and Publications**

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

This study is based on patient data that cannot be shared publicly because of confidentiality under Swedish law.

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

**Study outputs** 

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet 11/11/2025 No Yes