# Group schema therapy for borderline personality disorder

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
15/01/2018		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
22/01/2018	Completed	[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 27/10/2020	Condition category  Mental and Behavioural Disorders	Individual participant data		
7 / / 1 () / / () / ()	Mental and Benavioural Disorders			

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Borderline personality disorder (BPD) is a severe mental disorder characterized by instability of self-image, instability of mood, tumultuous relationships, and recurrent episodes of self-harm. Patients with BPD are also prone to depression, anxiety and substance use disorders, and are commonly severely psychosocially disabled. There is a great need for effective psychosocial interventions for BPD. Schema therapy is a promising psychotherapeutic treatment for BPD. It has been investigated in traditional individual treatment format, but little research exists about a more cost-effective group format that has been recently developed. The aim of this study is to investigate the effectiveness of group schema therapy for the treatment of psychiatric outpatients with BPD.

#### Who can participate?

Psychiatric outpatients with BPD receiving treatment in the Mood Disorder Division of Department of Psychiatry, Helsinki University Hospital, in Finland

#### What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to either usual psychiatric treatment alone, or usual psychiatric treatment with group schema therapy. The usual psychiatric outpatients treatment received by both groups generally involves 1-2 appointments per month with a professional (commonly a psychiatric nurse or a psychologists), plus drug treatment prescribed by a psychiatrist (antidepressants, low-dose antipsychotics, or mood stabilizers). Group schema therapy involves 20 consecutive weekly two hour therapy sessions over a period of five months, with up to eight patients and two therapists per group. The therapists have been trained in the treatment format and are regularly supervised. Participants' BPD symptoms are compared before and after the therapy.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefits of participation include receiving a promising psychotherapeutic treatment, and careful evaluation of symptoms and other factors related to treatment needs. The risks include the need to discuss psychologically distressing problems, which may occasionally be stressful.

Where is the study run from? Helsinki University Hospital (Finland)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? September 2017 to May 2020 (as of 04/10/2018)

Who is funding the study? Helsinki and Uusimaa Hospital District (Finland)

Who is the main contact? Prof. Erkki Isometsa

# **Contact information**

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Prof Erkki Isometsä

#### **ORCID ID**

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#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Group schema therapy for borderline personality disorder: a randomized study

#### Acronym

**GST-BPD** 

#### Study objectives

Group schema therapy plus usual psychiatric treatment result in greater decline in borderline personality disorder symptoms than usual psychiatric treatment alone.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Helsinki and Uusimaa Hospital District (HUS) Ethics Committee, 16/11/2017; research permit within the HUS Department of Psychiatry 08/01/2018

#### Study design

Randomized intervention study

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Borderline personality disorder

#### **Interventions**

Consenting BPD patients were randomized in blocks of three by using the Research Randomizer® in ratio 2:1 to group schema therapy plus usual psychiatric treatment vs. usual psychiatric treatment alone. Because blinding of psychotherapy is impossible, patients are aware of their allocation. All the outcomes are self-reported questionnaires (therefore, no blinding of assessment).

The usual psychiatric outpatients treatment received by both groups generally involves 1-2 appointments per month with a professional (commonly a psychiatric nurse or a psychologists), plus pharmacotherapy prescribed by a psychiatrist (antidepressants, low-dose antipsychotics, or mood stabilizers).

Group schema therapy involves 20 consecutive weekly two hour therapy sessions over a period of five months, with up to eight patients and two therapists per group. The therapists have been trained in the treatment format and will be regularly supervised.

#### Intervention Type

Behavioural

#### Primary outcome measure

Within-individual change in borderline personality symptoms, measured using the BSL-23 scale score before and after the intervention

#### Secondary outcome measures

Within-individual change before vs after intervention in:

- 1. Borderline personality criteria symptoms, measured using the MSI-BPD score
- 2. Depressive symptoms, measured using the PHQ-9 score
- 3. Anxiety symptoms, measured using the OASIS score
- 4. Alcohol use, measured using the AUDIT score
- 5. Disability, measured using the Sheehan Disability Score
- 6. Schema modes, measured using the Schema Mode Inventory

#### Overall study start date

15/09/2017

#### Completion date

31/05/2020

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

Psychiatric outpatients receiving treatment within the facilities of Helsinki University Hospital Department of Psychiatry, Mood Disorder Division, having a principal clinical diagnosis of borderline personality disorder

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

64

#### Total final enrolment

42

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Psychotic symptoms
- 2. Imminent risk of suicide
- 3. Principle diagnosis of or uncontrollable substance use disorder
- 4. Any illness or symptoms that would hamper participation in treatment
- 5. Other ongoing specific psychotherapy

#### Date of first enrolment

# Date of final enrolment 31/08/2018

### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Finland

#### Study participating centre Helsinki University Hospital

Department of Psychiatry Mood Disorder Division Helsinki Finland 00029

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Helsinki and Uusimaa Hospital District

#### Sponsor details

HUH Psychiatry Center Välskärinkatu 12 Helsinki Finland 00029 HUS

#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/020cpqb94

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### **Funder Name**

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Intended to be published in a psychiatric journal in 2019-20.

#### Intention to publish date

01/06/2020

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data will be held by the Helsinki and Uusimaa Hospital District, and it will not be available because of limitations caused by the Finnish data protection legislation, content of consent requested, and research permit.

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/04/2021	27/10/2020	Yes	No