A randomised controlled trial comparing the use of sirolimus based biphasic immunosuppression with myfortic to allow early CalciNeurin Inhibitor (CNI) withdrawal in renal transplantation

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
29/08/2007	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
16/10/2007	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
24/08/2012	Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning	☐ Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Michael Nicholson

Contact details

Department of Renal Transplantation Leicester General Hospital Gwendolen Road Leicester United Kingdom LE5 4PW +44 (0)116 258 4604

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers RMRCTV1

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Most renal transplants last between 8-10 years. The commonest cause of their failure is chronic allograft nephropathy - a pathological process where the kidney becomes fibrotic. This fibrosis is partly due to calcineurin inhibitors- the immunosupressants which protect the transplant.

The hypothesis to be tested in this study is that a combination of Myfortic and Sirolimus can be used to eliminate the calcineurin inhibitor Tacrolimus at 3 months post renal transplantation, thereby avoiding the long term detrimental effects of Tacrolimus on the development of renal allograft fibrosis.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

- 1. UK Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) approval obtained on 01/08/2007
- 2. The Central Office for Research Ethics Committees (COREC) approval pending minor changes to study literature as of 15/08/2007. (Nottingham Research Ethics Committee 2, 1 Standard Court, Park Row, Nottingham, NG1 6GN, UK). We will submit to local ethics review body (Leicester General Hospital) when central ethics approval has been gained.

Study design

A single-centre open randomised controlled trial.

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Renal transplantation

Interventions

Patients will be randomised to one of two drug regimens at three months post transplantation:

Regimen 1:

Tacrolimus: Twice daily oral doses as specified by attending physician to obtain trough levels of 5-15 ng/ml

Prednisolone: Once daily 20 mg oral dose. This will be reduced to 5 mg daily over two months. Myfortic: Twice daily 720 mg oral dose

Regimen 2:

Sirolimus: Once daily oral dose as specified by attending physician to obtain trough levels of 10-15 ng/ml

Prednisolone: Once daily 20 mg oral dose. This will be reduced to 5 mg daily over two months. Myfortic: Thrice daily 360 mg oral dose

Duration of interventions: 2 years

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

- 1. Renal allograft fibrosis at 6 months post-trial entry
- 2. Renal function as measured by change in the slope of the eGFR over a period of at least 2 years (least squares method)

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Change in cystatin C concentrations at 6 and 12 months compared to baseline
- 2. Incidence of biopsy proven acute rejection. The diagnosis and graded severity of acute renal allograft rejection will be made by employing the 1997 Banff criteria
- 3. Renal allograft profibrotic gene expression determined by Reverse Transcriptase-Polymerase Chain Reaction (RT-PCR)
- 4. Patient and graft survival at 6, 12 and 24 months post-trial entry
- 5. Comparison of blood pressure and the requirements for anti hypertensive therapy
- 6. Comparison of hyperlipidaemia (to include cholesterol, triglycerides, Low Density Lipoprotein [LDL] and High Density Lipoproteins [HDL]) and the requirement for treatment of elevated lipids
- 7. Proteinuria assessed by 24 hour urinary protein at 3, 6 and 12 months
- 8. Quality of life differences on the 36-item Short Form health survey (SF-36) at 6 and 12 months compared to baseline

Overall study start date

01/10/2007

Completion date

01/10/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients will be eligible for the trial if all of the following criteria are met:

- 1. Age greater than or equal to 18 years
- 2. Patients receiving a primary or secondary renal allograft from a living related, living unrelated or heart-beating cadaveric donor
- 3. Patients with second transplants must have maintained their primary graft for at least six months after transplantation (with the exception of graft failure due to technical reasons)
- 4. Stable renal allograft function over the first 3 months post transplant
- 5. An absence of subclinical rejection on the 3 month protocol biopsy
- 6. A negative pregnancy test pre-protocol biopsy
- 7. Signed written informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

42

Key exclusion criteria

Patients will not be eligible for the trial if any of the following criteria apply:

- 1. Kidney transplantation from a non heart-beating donor
- 2. Patients suffering an acute rejection episode in the first 3 months post transplant with a Banff classification of 1b or above
- 3. Sub-clinical rejection seen in the 3-month protocol biopsy
- 4. Proteinuria >500 mg/24 hours
- 5. Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate (eGFR) <40 mls/min (Cockcroft-Gault formula)
- 6. Evidence of active systemic or localised major infection at study entry
- 7. Known hypersensitivity to Tacrolimus, macrolide antibiotics or Myfortic
- 8. Use of any investigational drug or treatments within 28 days before study entry
- 9. Known or suspected malignancy within five years before study entry
- 10. Any condition which in the opinion of the investigator makes the patient unsuitable for entry into the study

Date of first enrolment

01/10/2007

Date of final enrolment

01/10/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Department of Renal Transplantation

Leicester United Kingdom LE5 4PW

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust (UK)

Sponsor details

Leicester General Hospital Gwendolen Road Leicester England United Kingdom LE5 4PW +44 (0)116 258 4604 yashajohari@doctors.net.uk

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

ROR

https://ror.org/02fha3693

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust (UK)

Funder Name

Funding is also being sought from Wyeth Pharma and Novartis

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination planNot provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summaryNot provided at time of registration