Protein intake trends and conformance with the Dietary Reference Intakes in the United States

| Submission date | Recruitment status No longer recruiting | Prospectively registered | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 26/12/2017 | | Protocol | | |
| Registration date 10/01/2018 | Overall study status Completed Condition category | Statistical analysis plan | | |
| | | [X] Results | | |
| Last Edited | | Individual participant data | | |
| 25/06/2018 | Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine | | | |

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Protein intake patterns provide information to inform both policy guidelines and nutrition counseling for various groups in the US population. Dietary protein has gained considerable popularity over the past two decades. Protein has been shown to promote weight loss and maintenance while preserving muscle mass. Furthermore, increased protein intake is associated with lower body weight, BMI and waist circumference, and higher HDL-cholesterol levels. Whether widespread awareness of the advantages of dietary protein and increased availability of protein-containing food products have influenced dietary protein intake trends in the US population is unknown. This study looks at protein intake trends over the past 14 years (2001-2014) and assesses recent (2011-2014) conformance with recommended protein intake according to age, sex, and race and ethnicity in the US population.

Who can participate?

Individuals aged 2+ years, excluding pregnant and lactating women and fasted individuals, are included in the analysis

What does the study involve?

Previously collected data are extracted from the NHANES public database. NHANES is a large ongoing dietary survey of a nationally representative sample of the non-institutionalized US population. Usual protein intakes and trends during 2-year cycles of NHANES 2001–2014 are calculated. Sex, race and ethnicity differences are determined for protein intake and percentage of the population below the recommended protein intake.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

This study will provide data related to protein intake trends over the past 14 years (2001-2014) and recent (2011-2014) conformance with recommended protein intake in the US population according to age, sex, and race/ethnicity, which may allow the identification of groups at risk of low protein intake. There are no risks associated with this study.

Where is the study run from?

US Army Research Institute of Environmental Medicine (USA)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2001 to December 2014

Who is funding the study?

- 1. Medical Research and Materiel Command (USA)
- 2. Department of Defense Center Alliance for Nutrition and Dietary Supplement Research (USA)

Who is the main contact? Dr Stefan Pasiakos

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Stefan Pasiakos

Contact details

10 General Greene Avenue, Building 42 Natick United States of America 01760

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers R11-01

Study information

Scientific Title

Protein intake trends and conformance with the Dietary Reference Intakes in the United States: analysis of the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 2001–2014

Study objectives

Systematic analysis of dietary protein intake may identify demographic groups within the American population not meeting the Dietary Reference Intakes (DRIs). The objective of this study was to analyze protein intake trends (2001-2014) and evaluate recent conformance to the DRIs (2011-2014) according to age, sex, and race and ethnicity in the US population.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

All participants or proxies provided written informed consent and the Research Ethics Review Board at the National Center for Health Statistics approved the survey protocol.

On 13/10/2010, the USARIEM Human Use Review Committee determined obtaining unidentifiable information does not constitute human subjects research and, therefore, does not require full human use review for this protocol. Additional information regarding the National Center for Health Statistics Ethics Review Board Approval for NHANES can be found here: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhanes/irba98.htm

Study design

Observational epidemiological study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Epidemiological study

Study setting(s)

Other

Study type(s)

Other

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Protein intake

Interventions

Data were extracted from a preexisting public database – a nationally representative survey of the US population, NHANES. NHANES is a large ongoing dietary survey of a nationally representative sample of the non-institutionalized US population. The data are collected and released by the National Center for Health Statistics of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey; http://cdc.gov/NCHS/nhanes. htm) every 2 years. All data used have previously been collected. The database is accessible to the public (National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey; http://cdc.gov/NCHS/nhanes.htm) and does not contain any personal identifiers. Standard statistical methods for analysis of weighted population NHANES datasets were employed, including multiple regression modeling.

Usual protein intakes and trends during 2-year cycles of NHANES 2001–2014 (n=57,980; 2+ y) were calculated as absolute (g/d), relative (g/kg ideal body weight/d) intakes, and as a percentage of total energy. Sex, race and ethnicity (Asian, Hispanic, non-Hispanic Black, and non-Hispanic White) differences were determined for protein intake and percent of the population below the Estimated Average Requirement, Recommended Dietary Allowance, and above and below the Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Range.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

Protein intake trends over the past 14 years (2001-2014) in the US civilian population, extracted from the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey

Secondary outcome measures

Recent (2011-2014) conformance with protein-specific DRIs according to age, sex, and race and ethnicity in the US civilian population, extracted from the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey

Overall study start date

01/01/2001

Completion date

31/12/2014

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

All data to be used have previously been collected and are part of an existing national public database (NHANES) accessible to the public through the Centers for Disease Control website on the World Wide Web (National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey; http://cdc.gov/NCHS/nhanes.htm). This data does not contain any personal identifiers.

Individuals aged 2+ years, excluding pregnant and lactating women and fasted individuals, will be included in the analysis.

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Age group

All

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

Females and males (n = 57,980, 2 + y) from NHANES 2001-2014 will be included in the analysis

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Less than 2 years old
- 2. Pregnant or lactating
- 3. Fasted

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2001

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2014

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United States of America

Study participating centre
US Army Research Institute of Environmental Medicine
United States of America
01760

Sponsor information

Organisation

US Army Research Institute of Environmental Medicine

Sponsor details

10 General Greene Avenue, Building 42 Natick United States of America 01760

Sponsor type

Government

ROR

https://ror.org/00rg6zq05

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Medical Research and Materiel Command

Alternative Name(s)

U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command, US Army Medical Research and Materiel Command, MRMC, USAMRMC

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United States of America

Funder Name

Department of Defense Center Alliance for Nutrition and Dietary Supplement Research

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

The results of this study should be published in a high-visibility peer-reviewed nutrition journal by mid-2018.

Intention to publish date

01/07/2018

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

De-identified data are available at the participant level for all study participants in a publically available repository (National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey; http://cdc.gov/NCHS/nhanes.htm).

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in repository

Study outputs

| Output type | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|-----------------|---------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Results article | results | 01/08/2018 | | Yes | No |