

# Testing a talking therapy for depression in haemodialysis patients

<b>Submission date</b> 28/01/2026	<b>Recruitment status</b> Not yet recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 30/01/2026	<b>Overall study status</b> Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 30/01/2026	<b>Condition category</b> Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

People with kidney failure who need regular haemodialysis often face many challenges, including a higher risk of depression. In Pakistan, there are very few mental health specialists available to provide talking therapies to people receiving dialysis. This study is looking at whether a simple talking therapy called behavioural activation can be delivered by trained dialysis unit staff rather than specialist therapists. The aim of the study is to find out whether this approach is practical and acceptable for patients and staff, and whether it could be tested more fully in a larger study in the future.

### Who can participate?

Adults aged 18 years and over who are receiving regular haemodialysis for chronic kidney disease at Jinnah Hospital in Lahore may be able to take part. Participants need to be willing and able to give informed consent and have mild to moderate symptoms of depression based on a short screening questionnaire. Some dialysis staff, such as nurses or technicians, will also take part by delivering the therapy after training.

### What does the study involve?

Patients attending their usual dialysis sessions will first be asked to complete a short questionnaire to screen for symptoms of depression. Those who are eligible and agree to take part will be randomly placed into one of two groups. One group will receive behavioural activation therapy, delivered by trained dialysis unit staff during dialysis sessions. This involves up to six weekly sessions focused on helping people engage in positive and meaningful activities. The other group will receive enhanced usual care, which includes information about depression and referral to mental health services if needed. All participants will be followed up about eight weeks after joining the study, and some may be invited to take part in an interview about their experiences.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Taking part may help patients become more aware of their mental health and encourage them to seek support. Although there is no guarantee that the therapy will improve mood or quality of life, the study may help improve care for dialysis patients in the future. Dialysis staff involved in delivering the therapy may gain new skills that are useful in their work. Talking about mental

health can sometimes be upsetting, and some people may find discussions about depression difficult. Support from hospital mental health professionals will be available if needed.

Where is the study run from?

The study is run by a PhD researcher from the University of York in the United Kingdom and is being carried out at Jinnah Hospital in Lahore, Pakistan.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

The study is expected to start in early 2026. Recruitment is planned to take place between February and March 2026, and the overall study is expected to run for about five months.

Who is funding the study?

The study is being conducted as part of a PhD programme funded by the Centre for IMPACT at the University of York. This centre is funded by the National Institute for Health Research Global Health Research programme.

Who is the main contact?

The main contact for the study is the Primary Investigator, Dr Huda Sarwar. She can be contacted by email at [hs2195@york.ac.uk](mailto:hs2195@york.ac.uk)

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Principal investigator, Scientific, Public

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## **Additional identifiers**

## **Study information**

### **Scientific Title**

Feasibility of TASK-BA (Task shifting for Addressing depreSsion in Kidney failure -Behavioural Activation) delivered by non-specialist healthcare workers in a low resource setting

### **Study objectives**

To assess the feasibility and acceptability of conducting a future, definitive RCT to test the effectiveness of TASK-BA in an outpatient haemodialysis setting.

### **Ethics approval required**

Ethics approval required

### **Ethics approval(s)**

1. approved 16/10/2025, Health Sciences Research Governance Committee (Department of Philosophy, Heslington, University of York, York, YO10 5DD, United Kingdom; +44 1904 323253 /1; stephen.holland@york.ac.uk), ref: HSRGC/2025710/G
2. approved 29/08/2025, Ethical Review Board, Allama Iqbal Medical College & Jinnah Hospital (Administrative Block, Allama Iqbal Medical College, Allama Shabbir Ahmed Usmani Road, Lahore, 54570, Pakistan; +92 4299231480; erb@aimc.edu.pk), ref: ERB193/17/29-08-2025/AIMC /JHL

### **Primary study design**

Interventional

### **Allocation**

Randomized controlled trial

### **Masking**

Open (masking not used)

### **Control**

Active

### **Assignment**

Single

### **Purpose**

Health services research, Treatment, Feasibility study

### **Study type(s)**

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Talking therapy for depression in haemodialysis patients

## **Interventions**

An open label, mixed-methods parallel convergent, single-centre, block randomised study design will be used. Haemodialysis patients presenting for dialysis at Jinnah Hospital, Lahore will be randomised 1:1 to intervention and control group. The study will include two main components: a pilot RCT followed by a qualitative process evaluation. Patients presenting to the dialysis unit for their routine haemodialysis appointments will be screened with Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) for depression. Those fulfilling the eligibility criteria and consenting to participate will be allocated to Intervention (Behavioural Activation) or Control (Enhanced Usual Care) group using block randomisation technique. The BA intervention, named TASK-BA has been adapted to make it suitable for delivery by Non-Specialist Health Workers (NSHWs) in a haemodialysis context. Allocation will be concealed from the researcher by sealing individual random block combinations in random numbered envelopes by an independent researcher. Those allocated to Intervention group will be offered six, weekly sessions of BA, delivered by trained, NSHWs, while the Control group will be offered information on depression and referral to mental health specialists. The BA sessions will take place during routine haemodialysis. Follow up will take place at 8 weeks from recruitment for both groups. Qualitative process evaluation will be undertaken towards the end of the study where in-depth interviews will be held with patients in both groups and the NSHWs.

## **Intervention Type**

Behavioural

## **Primary outcome(s)**

1. Eligibility and Recruitment measured using Recruitment rates, assessed as the number of participants eligible, consenting and randomised, out of those screened, reasons for ineligibility /non-participation/ non-consent of participants, length of time required to achieve the required sample size at recruitment
2. Acceptability outcomes including; acceptability of patient participants and HCWs towards the intervention indicated by frequency of session attendance and through qualitative analyses of exit interviews, acceptability of patient and HCW participants towards randomisation, acceptability of outcome measures measured using frequency of session attendance and through qualitative analyses of exit interviews at follow up and exit interviews during process evaluation

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Data Completeness measured using missing data at the end of the trial
2. Attrition measured using Number of patients retained till the end of the study, number of participants successfully completing the intervention and reasons for non-completion and the number of sessions completed, retention in treatment reported as the number of sessions attended out of the total number of sessions offered at follow up and during the trial
3. Contamination measured using in depth during the interviews with the patient participants and HCWs. at exit interviews during process evaluation
4. Difference in depression and quality of life measured using PHQ-9 and WHO-QOL BREF Scores at recruitment and follow up

**Completion date**

29/05/2026

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

Patient participants:

1. Adults of all genders, 18 years and above, undergoing regular dialysis for chronic kidney disease at the study hospital.
2. Willing and having the mental capacity to consent to screening.
3. Score of between 5 - 19 in the PHQ-9 screening
4. Willing to participate in the trial and able to provide written informed consent.
5. Patients on medication for depression will be included.

Health Care Workers:

1. Having worked in haemodialysis unit for a minimum of 3 months.
2. A non-mental health specialist member of the multidisciplinary team including nurses, dialysis technicians, healthcare support workers or nursing assistants.
3. Expected to be based at the dialysis unit for the duration of the intervention.
4. Willing to participate and deliver the intervention.

### **Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

### **Age group**

Mixed

### **Lower age limit**

18 years

### **Upper age limit**

100 years

### **Sex**

All

### **Total final enrolment**

0

### **Key exclusion criteria**

1. Patients with cognitive, hearing or memory impairment hindering conversation and comprehension.
2. Patients with altered consciousness or comatose patients.
3. Those with severe depression or mental illnesses (psychosis, bipolar disorder, substance abuse etc)
4. Those unable or unwilling to continue dialysis at the study hospital during the intervention period such as those undergoing renal transplant.
5. Patient unable to consent due to diminished capacity.

6. Patients already receiving psychotherapy for depression.
7. Patients scoring 15 or more on PHQ-9, indicating severe depression or those expressing suicidal ideation.

**Date of first enrolment**

16/02/2026

**Date of final enrolment**

16/03/2026

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

Pakistan

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

University of York

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/04m01e293>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type****Funder Name**

University of York

## Results and Publications

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

The data-sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Available on request

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
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<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Feasibility Study Patient version 1.1	05/10/2025	29/01/2026	No	Yes
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Process Evaluation version 1.1	06/10/2025	29/01/2026	No	Yes
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Process Evaluation Healthcare Worker version 1.1	06/10/2025	29/01/2026	No	Yes