# Intermittent pneumatic compression of the thigh for the treatment of lower limb wounds

<b>Submission date</b> 04/09/2020	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered
		[_] Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
15/10/2020	Completed	[_] Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
20/01/2025	Circulatory System	[X] Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

## Background and study aims

Most leg ulcers are caused by problems with the veins in the legs and treatment involves wearing firm compression bandages which squeeze the legs and help blood flow to the heart. Unfortunately, some ulcers can be problematic and may persist for months or even years despite being treated with the gold standard treatment of compression bandages. Therefore there is a need to find more ways of helping these problematic ulcers to heal.

Intermittent Pneumatic Compression (or IPC) is another way of compressing legs to try and improve the circulation. The IPCOTT study aims to find out if a new IPC device, known as the WoundExpressTM, can help to heal leg ulcers.

Who can take part?

Most people who have a leg ulcer that is caused by problems with the veins (but not the arteries) will be eligible to take part.

## What does the study involve?

Upon entry to the study, participants will be randomly allocated to one of two groups. Group A will be provided with an IPC (WoundExpress) device to use in their home environment for 2 hours daily for the 16-week duration of the study (in addition to continuing to receive their standard wound care). Group B will continue to receive their usual wound care for the 16-week duration of the study. Throughout the 16-week study period, participants will be invited to attend their wound clinic once every two weeks where their leg ulcer and general health will be reassessed.

What are the possible risks and benefits of taking part?

Use of the IPC device may possibly help to reduce the size of leg ulcers and may lessen any ulcer related pain. It is hoped that the information that is gained from this study will help to improve future treatments for patients with leg ulcers.

There are currently no known side effects associated with the use of the IPC (WoundExpress) device.

Where is the study run from?

1. The Welsh Wound Innovation Centre (UK)

- 2. Accelerate CIC (UK)
- 3. St. Maria Hilf Krankenhaus, Bochum (Germany)
- 4. Charité Universitätsmedizin Berlin (Germany)
- 5. Karolinska University Hospital, Stockholm (Sweden)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? November 2019 to August 2024

Who is funding the study? 1. Huntleigh Healthcare 2. The Accelerate programme which is co-funded by the European Regional Development Fund, through the Welsh Government

Who is the main contact for the study? Dr Kerry Nyland Kerry.nyland@arjo.com

# **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Public, Scientific

**Contact name** Dr Kerry Nyland

#### **Contact details**

Huntleigh Healthcare Ltd 35 Portmanmoor Road Cardiff United Kingdom CF24 5HN +44 (0) 2920 447 038 Kerry.nyland@arjo.com

# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number** Nil known

**IRAS number** 285979

ClinicalTrials.gov number NCT05659394

Secondary identifying numbers IRAS 285979

# Study information

## Scientific Title

Intermittent Pneumatic Compression of the Thigh for the Treatment of lower limb wounds (IPCOTT): a randomised control trial of IPC plus standard care vs. standard care alone

## Acronym

IPCOTT

## Study objectives

The addition of thigh-applied, intermittent, pneumatic, compression therapy to standard wound care, for the treatment of venous leg ulcers, will improve ulcer healing.

**Ethics approval required** Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Approved 26/11/2020, Wales REC 3 (Health and Care Research Wales Support and Delivery Centre, Castlebridge 4, 15-19 Cowbridge Road East, Cardiff, CF11 9AB; +44 (0)2920 230457; Wales.REC3@wales.nhs.uk)

**Study design** Multicentre interventional open-label randomized controlled trial

**Primary study design** Interventional

**Secondary study design** Randomised controlled trial

**Study setting(s)** GP practice, Home

## Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Treatment of leg ulceration of venous and mixed aetiology

## Interventions

Following a baseline assessment (which will include the collection of information relating to past medical history, current medications, wound history, current wound treatment, and wound measurement and photography), patients will be randomly assigned to treatment groups (group A and group B) using random permuted blocks within each centre. Wound size (≤30cm2, >30cm2) and duration (≤12 months, >12 months) will be stratification factors. An online software application (provided by Sealed Envelope Ltd) will be used for this purpose.

Group A will be the IPC group who will receive a WoundExpress IPC device to be used for two hours daily in the participant's own homes for a 16 week study period. During this time,

participants in group A will also continue to receive their standard wound care. Participants in group B will receive their standard wound care only for the duration of the study. All participants will attend a follow-up appointment every two weeks where wound reassessment including measurement and photography and adherence to the intervention (for participants in group A) will be undertaken.

## Intervention Type

Device

**Phase** Not Applicable

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

WoundExpress a thigh applied intermittent pneumatic compression device

## Primary outcome measure

1. Percentage reduction in wound surface area from baseline to week 16 measured using an IPad and InSight® wound imaging software at baseline, 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, and 16 weeks. A wound visual assessment will also be done documenting the condition of the wound bed, wound margin, condition of surrounding skin, and level of exudate. For the purpose of this trial, healing is defined as: 'complete, full, 100% re-epithelialisation or closure without discharge, drainage /scab'.

## Secondary outcome measures

1.Patient-reported wound-related pain according to a visual analogue score (VAS) at baseline, 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, and 16 weeks

2. Patient-reported quality of life according to the Cardiff Wound Impact Schedule at baseline, 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, and 16 weeks

3. Proportion of patients with complete wound healing during study 16 week period assessed using an IPad and InSight® wound imaging software at baseline, 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, and 16 weeks

Overall study start date

01/11/2019

Completion date

07/08/2024

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

Current inclusion criteria as of 31/01/2023 (updated 04/09/2023):

1. Age ≥18 years

2. Presence of at least one hard-to-heal\*, venous or mixed (of both venous and arterial origin) aetiology lower limb wound

3. ABPI ≥0.6, or, where an ABPI measure is not viable, use of locally-approved alternative assessments to rule out significant peripheral arterial disease i.e. Doppler ausculation, toe pressure assessment (Absolute Toe Pressure ≥40mmHg ) or arterial imaging

4. Has received high static compression therapy (in the form of bandages, wraps or hosiery) during the preceding 4 weeks and is willing to continue receiving appropriate static compression

therapy for their ulcer aetiology for the duration of the study

5. Receiving standard wound care as per investigator discretion which will continue regardless of study participation

6. Able and willing to give informed consent for participation in the study

7. Able to self-apply IPC garment (supplied) and connect to an electrically operated pump at home for 2 hours daily for a 16-week period

8. Females of childbearing potential must be willing to use acceptable methods of contraception (birth control pills, barriers or abstinence) during the course of the study and undergo a pregnancy test at screening

Previous inclusion criteria from 05/03/2021 to 04/09/2023:

1. Age ≥18 years

2. Presence of at least one lower limb wound with venous aetiology, which is hard to heal. For the purpose of this trial, hard to heal is defined as a failure of the wound to progress towards healing (as indicated by a decrease in surface area by ≥25%) in the preceding month, despite appropriate and adequate compression therapy.

3. ABPI ≥ 0.8, or, where an ABPI measure is not viable, use of locally-approved alternative assessments to rule out peripheral arterial disease i.e. Doppler ausculation, toe pressure assessment (TBI > 0.5) or arterial imaging

4. Has received high static compression therapy (in the form of bandages, wraps, or hosiery) during the preceding 4 weeks and is willing to continue receiving high static compression therapy for the duration of the study

5. Able and willing to give informed consent for participation in the study

6. Able to self-apply IPC garment (supplied) and connect to an electrically operated pump at home for two hours daily for a 16-week period

Previous inclusion criteria:

1. Age ≥18 years

2. Presence of at least one lower limb wound with venous aetiology, which is hard to heal. For the purpose of this trial, hard to heal is defined as a failure of the wound to progress towards healing (as indicated by a decrease in surface area by ≥25%) in preceding month, despite appropriate and adequate compression therapy.

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Participant type(s)

Patient

**Age group** Adult

**Lower age limit** 18 Years **Sex** Both

Target number of participants

160

## Total final enrolment

136

## Key exclusion criteria

Current exclusion criteria as of 31/01/2023 (updated 04/09/2023):

1. Wound surface area ≥100cm²

2. Wound duration  $\leq 2$  months or  $\geq 5$  years

3. Diabetic patients with recent HbA1c >8.5

4. Known or suspected deep vein thrombosis (DVT), pulmonary embolism, thrombophlebitis and acute infections of the skin, such as cellulitis

5. Decompensated/severe congestive cardiac failure, pulmonary oedema associated with significant limb oedema or any condition where an increase of fluid to the heart may be detrimental

6. Severe arteriosclerosis or other ischaemic vascular disease

7. Leg ulcers without a venous component to their aetiology (e.g., arterial or rheumatoid) or significant peripheral vascular disease which contraindicates compression (ABI < 0.6 or Absolute Toe Pressure <40 mmHg)

8. Known malignancy

9. Patient receiving any other adjunctive wound therapy such as heat, topical negative therapy, biotherapy

10. Current participation in any other clinical trial

11. Patient likely to miss more than 5 days of therapy (e.g. for planned holiday)

12. Thigh circumference >90 cm (maximum garment size)

13. Any wounds, infection or dermatological conditions that would be adversely affected by placement of the thigh garment

14. Subject is pregnant or breastfeeding

Previous exclusion criteria from 05/03/2021 to 04/09/2023:

1. Wound surface area ≥100 cm²

4. Known, or suspected, deep vein thrombosis (DVT), pulmonary embolism, thrombophlebitis, or acute infections of the skin, such as cellulitis

5. Decompensated/severe congestive cardiac failure, pulmonary oedema associated with significant limb oedema, or any condition where an increase of fluid to the heart may be detrimental

6. Severe arteriosclerosis or other ischaemic vascular diseases

7. Leg ulcers of non-venous aetiology (e.g., arterial or rheumatoid) or significant peripheral vascular disease which contraindicates full compression (ABPI < 0.8 or TBI ≤ 0.5)

8. Known malignancy

9. Receiving any other adjunctive wound therapy such as heat, topical negative therapy, biotherapy

10. Current participation in any other clinical trial

<sup>2.</sup> Wound duration  $\leq 2$  months or  $\geq 5$  years

<sup>3.</sup> Diabetic patients with recent HbA1c >8.5

- 11. Likely to miss more than five days of therapy (e.g. for planned holiday)
- 12. Thigh circumference >73 cm (maximum garment size)

Previous exclusion criteria:

2. Wound duration  $\leq$ 2 months or  $\geq$ 5 years

5. Decompensated/severe congestive cardiac failure, pulmonary oedema associated with significant limb oedema, or any condition where an increase of fluid to the heart may be detrimental

6. Severe arteriosclerosis or other ischaemic vascular diseases

7. ABPI ≤0.8 or ≥1.3

8. Known malignancy

9. Receiving any other adjunctive wound therapy such as heat, topical negative therapy, biotherapy

- 10. Current participation in any other clinical trial
- 11. Likely to miss more than five days of therapy (e.g. for planned holiday)
- 12. Thigh circumference >73 cm (maximum garment size)

Date of first enrolment

08/03/2021

Date of final enrolment

31/03/2024

# Locations

**Countries of recruitment** England

Germany

Sweden

United Kingdom

United States of America

Wales

**Study participating centre Welsh Wound Innovation Centre** Rhodfa Marics Ynysmaerdy Pontyclun

<sup>1.</sup> Wound surface area ≥100 cm²

<sup>3.</sup> Diabetic patients with recent HbA1c >8.5

<sup>4.</sup> Known, or suspected, deep vein thrombosis (DVT), pulmonary embolism, thrombophlebitis, or acute infections of the skin, such as cellulitis

Rhondda Cynon Taf Pontyclun United Kingdom CF72 8UX

## Study participating centre Accelerate CIC

Centenary Wing St Joseph's Hospice Mare St Hackney London United Kingdom E8 4SA

## Study participating centre

**St. Maria Hilf Krankenhaus** Hiltroper Landwehr 11-13 Bochum United Kingdom 44805

#### **Study participating centre Charité - Universitätsmedizin Berlin** Department of Geriatric medicine Geriatrics Research Group Nursing Research Group Reinickendorfer Str. 61 Berlin Germany 13347

**Study participating centre Karolinska University Hospital** 7. Karolinska University Hospital Stockholm Sweden SE-171 76

Study participating centre

### Northumbria Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust

North Tyneside General Hospital Rake Lane North Shields United Kingdom NE29 8NH

#### **Study participating centre Mid Yorkshire Hospitals NHS Trust** Pinderfields Hospital Aberford Road Wakefield United Kingdom WF1 4DG

### Study participating centre SerenaGroup Monroeville

4318 Northern Pike suite 201 Monroeville United States of America 15146

## Study participating centre

**Three Rivers Wound and Hyperbaric Center** 2565 Toledo Blade Blvd North Port United States of America 34289

#### **Study participating centre Wound Care of Tulsa** PC 4538 South Harvard Ave Tulsa United States of America 74135

**Study participating centre Royal Research** 3911 Hollywood Blvd Suite 10 Hollywood United Kingdom 33021

#### **Study participating centre Titan Research** 2601 N. 3rd Suite 201A Phoenix United States of America 85004

# Sponsor information

**Organisation** Huntleigh Healthcare Ltd

**Sponsor details** 35 Portmanmoor Road Cardiff Wales United Kingdom CF24 5HN +44 (0)2920 485885 kerry.nyland@arjo.com

#### Sponsor type

Industry

Website https://www.huntleigh-diagnostics.com/

# Funder(s)

Funder type Industry

**Funder Name** Huntleigh Healthcare Ltd

**Funder Name** 

# **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

Results will be published in a high impact peer reviewed journal.

## Intention to publish date

01/07/2025

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date