# Randomised, observer-blinded, vehiclecontrolled trial on the efficacy and safety of a topical indigo naturalis ointment treatment for recalcitrant psoriasis vulgaris

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
01/01/2006	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
01/03/2006	Completed	[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 08/09/2011	Condition category Skin and Connective Tissue Diseases	[] Individual participant data		

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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#### Contact details

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## Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number CMRPG 33024

# Study information

Scientific Title

#### Study objectives

The topical indigo naturalis ointment is effective for the treatment of recalcitrant psoriasis vulgaris.

Please note that as of 10/04/2007 the trial study design was changed to: Randomised, observer-blinded, placebo-controlled, intra-patient comparison.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

This study protocol was approved by the Institutional Review Board of the Chang Gung Memorial Hospital (ref: CGMH IRB No. 93- 129B).

## Study design

Randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, intra-patient comparison

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Recalcitrant chronic plaque psoriasis

#### **Interventions**

Forty patients with recalcitrant psoriasis vulgaris were treated with indigo naturalis ointment and ointment vehicles were applied daily to either of two bilaterally symmetrical plaques for 12 weeks. Every two weeks, the investigators evaluate the treated plaques. (As of 10/04/07 the following sentence should be disregarded: the patients and investigators were blinded as to the content of the two bottles).

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### **Phase**

Not Applicable

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Indigo naturalis ointment

## Primary outcome(s)

Clinical and laboratory assessments were done at baseline and every two weeks thereafter until 12 weeks after the start therapy. The changes in Erythema, Scaling, Indurations (ESI) and and bilateral plaque areas are recorded from the beginning to end of the treatments. Erythema (redness), scaling and indurations (thickening), are scored on a 0 to 8 scale (where 0 = none and 8 = very severe); the sum of these scores for each target lesion is the ESI score. The bilateral plaque area is rated from of 0% to 100% (0% = clearance and 100% = baseline).

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

Investigators will take biopsies from each treated lesion and analysis the immunohistochemical stains for markers of proliferation, differentiation and inflammation at the end of treatment.

#### Completion date

30/04/2005

# Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Participants with bilateral symmetric, chronic plaque-type psoriasis
- 2. Participants who have a history of plaque psoriasis for a minimum of two years
- 3. Participants who have a history of resistance to at least two topical treatments (e.g. corticosteroid and vitamin D3 analogues)
- 4. Participants who have good general health and normal full blood picture, renal, and liver function in tests done before starting the study
- 5. Participants of childbearing age who agree to continue using birth control measures for the duration of the study
- 6. Males and females between 18 and 75 years

## Participant type(s)

Patient

### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

### Lower age limit

18 years

## Upper age limit

75 years

#### Sex

All

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Chronic plaque psoriasis involving more than 60% of the body surface
- 2. Pustular or generalised erythrodermic psoriasis
- 3. Use of medications, which affect psoriasis during the study (e.g. systemic therapy including retinoids, methotrexate, cyclosporine, or corticosteroid and non-corticosteroid topical therapy, including vitamin D analogues, tazarotene, tacrolimus)
- 4. Systemic therapy for psoriasis within 30 days of baseline
- 5. Ultra-Violet (UV) light therapy within 21 days of baseline
- 6. Topical therapy within 14 days of baseline
- 7. Participants that test positive for Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), hepatitis B surface antigen, or hepatitis C

- 8. Participants that have a current history of alcohol or drug abuse
- 9. Participants that have a history of hepatitis
- 10. Participants that have a clinically significant laboratory abnormality
- 11. Participants that have a history of sensitivity to Chinese herbs, olive oil, yellow wax and Vaseline
- 12. Female participants who are lactating, pregnant or planning to become pregnant
- 13. Participants that have participated in another clinical trial in the last 30 days
- 14. Participants who are unwilling to comply with study protocol
- 15. Any other conditions, which in the opinion of the investigators could compromise the study

#### Date of first enrolment

01/05/2004

#### Date of final enrolment

30/04/2005

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Taiwan

## Study participating centre 123 Ding-Hu road

Taoyuan Taiwan 333

# Sponsor information

### Organisation

Chang Gung Memorial Hospital (Taiwan)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/02verss31

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### Funder Name

Chang Gung Memorial Hospital (Taiwan) (ref: CMRPG 33024)

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/11/2008		Yes	No