Specialist pre-hospital redirection for ischaemic stroke thrombectomy (SPEEDY)

Submission date 25/07/2022	Recruitment status Recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
		[] Protocol		
Registration date 12/08/2022	Overall study status Ongoing	[] Statistical analysis plan		
		[] Results		
Last Edited 12/08/2022	Condition category Circulatory System	Individual participant data		
		[] Record updated in last year		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Stroke is a common medical emergency and time-critical treatments reduce the chance of disability or death. About 1 in 10 patients are suitable for an emergency operation to remove blood clots blocking large arteries in the brain (known as thrombectomy) which greatly improves their chances of recovery. However, this operation is only available at specialist regional hospitals and unless patients live nearby, they are first admitted to their local hospital and must be transferred for treatment. A transfer typically delays thrombectomy by at least 90 minutes and reduces its benefit. Faster treatment might occur if patients could attend specialist regional hospitals directly but at present no accurate assessment or portable test exists to guide ambulance staff to make a confident diagnosis of stroke, or to determine that thrombectomy is needed.

In an earlier research project, a specialist prehospital redirection pathway was developed which involves communication between ambulance practitioners and specialist hospital thrombectomy staff to decide whether the emergency operation is likely to be required, followed by direct admission to the specialist hospital if this is the case. This study will now test the impact of this new pathway.

Who can participate?

All suspected and confirmed acute stroke patients from participating geographical regions will be involved

What does the study involve?

Ambulance stations (work bases for ambulance practitioners) or ambulance staff teams will be assigned at random to use the new pathway or to continue with current standard care when attending suspected stroke patients. Data will be collected about thrombectomy treatments and other aspects of emergency medical care received which will be compared between the two groups.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

This study is testing whether a new emergency care pathway improves access to thrombectomy treatment for some people. The pathway may result in faster treatment and better recovery after stroke but this is not yet known.

Where is the study run from? Newcastle University (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? August 2021 to July 2026

Who is funding the study? National Institute for Health Research (UK)

Who is the main contact? Dr Lisa Shaw, lisa.shaw@newcastle.ac.uk

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Dr Lisa Shaw

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number Nil known

IRAS number 312053

ClinicalTrials.gov number Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers CPMS 53148, IRAS 312053

Study information

Scientific Title

Specialist pre-hospital redirection for ischaemic stroke thrombectomy (SPEEDY): a cluster randomised controlled trial with included health economic and process evaluations

Acronym

SPEEDY

Study objectives

The aim of the study is to determine the clinical and cost-effectiveness of a novel specialist prehospital redirection pathway intended to facilitate thrombectomy treatment for acute stroke.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 26/06/2022, North East - Newcastle & North Tyneside 1 Research Ethics Committee (NHSBT Newcastle Blood Donor Centre, Holland Drive, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE2 4NQ, UK; +44 (0)207 1048091; newcastlenorthtyneside2.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 22/NE/0103

Study design

Randomized; Interventional; Design type: Process of Care, Complex Intervention, Management of Care

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Other

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Suspected and confirmed acute stroke

Interventions

This research study is a multicentre cluster randomised controlled trial with included health economic and process evaluations. The intervention to be evaluated is a new pathway which involves communication between ambulance and specialist hospital staff to select patients for direct admission to a specialist regional hospital who are likely to need emergency thrombectomy treatment. Clusters will be ambulance stations (work bases for ambulance practitioners) or ambulance staff teams which prior to the start of the study will be assigned at random to use the new pathway or to continue with current standard care when attending suspected stroke patients.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

Data collected from routine healthcare sources throughout the study period:

- 1. Thrombectomy rate
- 2. The time from stroke symptom onset to thrombectomy (when thrombectomy is received)

Secondary outcome measures

Data collected from routine healthcare sources throughout the study period:

- 1. Key emergency care time intervals
- 2. Receipt of and time to thrombolysis treatment
- 3. Stroke severity 24 hours post reperfusion treatment (NIHSS)
- 4. Length of hospital stay
- 5. Dependency at discharge (mRS)

Overall study start date

01/08/2021

Completion date

31/07/2026

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

 An ambulance practitioner from a randomised station/team attended the incident
 Conveyance was to either a local stroke hospital which refers patients to the participating specialist regional hospital, or directly to the participating specialist regional hospital
 Acute stroke was suspected by the attending ambulance practitioner (i.e. Face, Arm, Speech Test (FAST) positive or any observed new focal neurological symptoms which indicated acute stroke according to the ambulance practitioner's clinical judgement) OR acute stroke was diagnosed following arrival at a participating hospital irrespective of ambulance practitioner initial judgement of symptom cause

Participant type(s)

Mixed

Age group Adult

Sex Both

Target number of participants Planned Sample Size: 80000; UK Sample Size: 80000 **Key exclusion criteria** Does not meet the inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment 01/09/2022

Date of final enrolment 31/12/2025

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

North East Ambulance Service NHS Ft Bernicia House Goldcrest Way Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE15 8NY

Study participating centre

The Newcastle upon Tyne Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Freeman Hospital Freeman Road High Heaton Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE7 7DN

Study participating centre

North West Ambulance Service NHS Trust Ladybridge Hall 399 Chorley New Road Bolton United Kingdom BL1 5DD

Study participating centre

Lancashire Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Royal Preston Hospital Sharoe Green Lane Fulwood Preston United Kingdom PR2 9HT

Study participating centre Salford Royal NHS Foundation Trust Salford Royal Stott Lane Salford Manchester United Kingdom M6 8HD

Study participating centre West Midlands Ambulance Service University NHS Foundation Trust Millennium Point Waterfront Business Park Dudley Road Brierley Hill United Kingdom DY5 1LX

Study participating centre University Hospitals of North Midlands NHS Trust Newcastle Road Stoke-on-trent United Kingdom ST4 6QG

Study participating centre University Hospitals Birmingham NHS Foundation Trust Queen Elizabeth Hospital Mindelsohn Way Edgbaston Birmingham United Kingdom B15 2GW

Study participating centre South Western Ambulance Service NHS Foundation Trust Abbey Court Eagle Way Exeter United Kingdom EX2 7HY

Study participating centre North Bristol NHS Trust Southmead Hospital Southmead Road Westbury-on-trym

Bristol United Kingdom BS10 5NB

Sponsor information

Organisation Newcastle upon Tyne Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Sponsor details

c/o Aaron Jackson Level 1, Regent Point Regent Farm Road Gosforth Newcastle-Upon-Tyne England United Kingdom NE3 3HD +44 (0)1912825789 aaron.jackson@nhs.net

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.newcastle-hospitals.org.uk/

ROR

https://ror.org/05p40t847

Funder(s)

Funder type Government

Funder Name NIHR Central Commissioning Facility (CCF); Grant Codes: NIHR202361

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

31/07/2027

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs					
Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>HRA research summary</u>			28/06/2023	No	No