# Testing a new type of dental implant for people with severe bone loss in the upper back jaw

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
07/06/2025	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
11/06/2025	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
11/06/2025	Oral Health	[X] Record updated in last year

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

This study is exploring a new way to help people who have lost a lot of bone in the back part of their upper jaw. Normally, these patients would need a complex surgery called a sinus lift before getting dental implants. This study is testing a different approach using special implants called pterygoid and compressive implants, which can be placed right away without the need for that surgery. The researchers want to see how successful this method is after one year, how much pain it causes, and whether it affects the health of the gums.

#### Who can participate?

People can take part in the study if they have at least 4 mm of bone width in the premolar area of their upper jaw, and if a specific part of their sinus is located in front of the second premolar.

#### What does the study involve?

Participants will receive dental implants under local anesthesia. The dentist will make a small cut in the gum, place the implants in the premolar and pterygoid areas, and then stitch the area closed. The implants must be placed with a certain amount of pressure to be included in the study. The researchers will follow up with participants for one year to check how well the implants are working, how much pain they experience, and how their gums respond.

#### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The main benefit is that participants may receive a full set of upper teeth without needing more invasive surgery. However, as with any dental procedure, there are risks such as pain, swelling, or implant failure. The study will monitor these closely.

Where is the study run from? Damascus University (Syria)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? September 2022 to September 2025.

Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded

### Contact information

#### Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

#### Contact name

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#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

#### Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

#### ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

#### Protocol serial number

Nil known

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Evaluation of Immediate Loading Using Multi Units compressive and pterygoid one piece implants with severe posterior maxillary atrophy

#### Study objectives

- 1. Pterygoid implants will be sufficient and successful.
- 2. Pterygoid implants will serve as an alternative to external sinus lifts.

#### Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

#### Ethics approval(s)

approved 22/04/2025, Scientific Research and Postgraduate Studies Council (Baramkeh, Damascus, 00258, Syria; +963 1133923192; ap.srd@damascusuniversity.edu.sy), ref: DN-150425-H25

#### Study design

Interventional with one group (before-and-after study) no control group one-center study and single-blinded (statistician)

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Severe bone deficiency in the posterior region of the maxilla

#### **Interventions**

The participants will be treated under local anesthesia by using lidocaine with epinephrine 1: 80,000. An incision will be made along the crest, and a full-thickness flap will be elevated. Implants will be placed in the premolars and pterygoid regions.

Pterygoid and premolar implants should attain an insertion torque of at least 45 Ncm to be included in the study. Suture the incision using 4/0 nylon sutures with a reversed cutting needle.

#### Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

#### Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Insertion torque using ratchet (at baseline)
- 2. Pain levels using VAS (daily in the first 7 days)
- 3. Plaque Score and Gingival Index using Periodontal probe (after 7 days, 3 months, 6 months, 9 months, and 12 months)

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

Implant success after one year using a periodontal probe

#### Completion date

01/09/2025

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Presence of bone width 4 mm in premolar area.
- 2. Inferior corner of the anterior wall of the sinus positioned anterior to the second premolar.

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Upper age limit

70 years

#### Sex

All

#### Total final enrolment

20

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with bruxism and/or clenching.
- 2. Presence of systemic uncontrolled diseases that could represent a general contraindication to put implants.
- 3. Ongoing maxillary radiation therapy.
- 4. Active chemotherapy.

#### Date of first enrolment

01/01/2023

#### Date of final enrolment

01/01/2025

#### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Syria

# Study participating centre Damascus University

Fayez Mansour st, Almazzah Damascus Syria 11259

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

**Damascus University** 

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/03m098d13

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Other

#### **Funder Name**

Investigator initiated and funded

# **Results and Publications**

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and analysed during the current study will be publish in the results of the study.

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Published as a supplement to the results publication

#### **Study outputs**

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet Participant information sheet 11/11/2025 11/11/2025 No Yes