Prospective, multicentre, randomised, doubleblinded and placebo-controlled clinical trial on the efficacy and safety of clonidine as a comedication in analgesia and sedation of longterm-ventilated neonates and infants

Submission date 10/07/2003	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
		Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
20/01/2004	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited 07/04/2015	Condition category Neonatal Diseases	[] Individual participant data		

Plain English summary of protocolNot provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Prospective, multicentre, randomised, double-blinded and placebo-controlled clinical trial on the efficacy and safety of clonidine as a co-medication in analgesia and sedation of long-term-ventilated neonates and infants

Study objectives

PAED-Net (P-N) is a corporation of clinical trial coordination centers (KKS) with specific paediatric sections at 6 German universities. The coordinating center of P-N is located at the KKS in Mainz (Prof. Dr. F. Zepp). The intention of P-N is to improve pharmacological trials in childhood according to GCP/ICH. The proposed study is financed by the BMBF with the aim to demonstrate the successful cooperation of the P-N.

Scientific background: A long-term mechanical ventilation of neonates and infants under medical and ethical aspects is only possible with adequate analgesia and sedation usually by opioids, barbiturates and benzodiazepines. The use of these agents can be complicated by adverse events, tolerance and physical dependence. Clonidine (C) is a centrally acting alpha2-agonist with analgesic and hypnotic properties. By a sympatolysis, C suppresses physical withdrawal-symptoms. There is preliminary data showing a possible benefit of C in reducing the dosage of opioids and other centrally-acting agents as well as in reducing the withdrawal-symptoms after cessation of these agents [1]. Preliminary data exists, demonstrating cardiovascular stability in children undergoing heart-surgery and receiving C (1 µg/kg/h) [2].

Aim: Reduction of the consumption of fentanyl, midazolame and thiopentone (mg/kg) beginning with infusion of C or placebo (4th day of ventilation) over 3 days. Reduction of withdrawal-symptoms. Pharmacokinetics of C.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration.

Study design

Multicentre randomised double-blind placebo-controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Long-term ventilated infants

Interventions

Clonidine (1 μ g/kg/h) or placebo is given with the 4th day of ventilation. Analgesics and sedatives are fentanyl, midazolame and thiopentone.

Following cessation of analgesics and sedatives, clonidine is reduced stepwise.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Clonidine, fentanyl, midazolame and thiopentone

Primary outcome measure

A positive confirmation of the hypothesis can lead to an extension of the licensing of C by the manufacturer. Implementation of C in the therapy of long-term ventilated newborns and infants by implementation of the results in the guidelines of the medical societies is desirable. A successful performance of the study is intended to ameliorate the situation of pharmacological trials in childhood in Germany by extension of the infrastructure of the P-N.

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration.

Overall study start date

31/07/2003

Completion date

31/12/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Term-newborns, infants ≤24th month of life. Expected duration of ventilation: 6 days.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Neonate

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

210

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Any contraindication to clonidine application:
- 1.1 Hypotone, catecholamine and volume-refractory circulation problems
- 1.2 Dysfunction of cardiac excitation, like atrioventricular blocks second and third degree, sick sinus syndrome
- 1.3 Relevant circulation-effective bradycardias
- 1.4 Hypersensitivity against clonidine or any other component of the drug
- 2. Any circumstances, which make the evaluation of pain sensation impossible (for example coma, severe brain injury, hypoxic-ischemic brain injury, neurological or neuromuscular illnesses, application of muscle relaxants (except short-time application for intubation and application at the first day of ventilation)
- 3. Newborns: anamnestic evidence for drug abuse of the mother (for example psychopharmaca, opioids)

Date of first enrolment 31/07/2003

Date of final enrolment 31/12/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitmentGermany

Study participating centre University Hospital of Cologne Cologne Germany 50931

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Hospital of Cologne (Germany)

Sponsor details

Joseph-Stelzmann-Str. 9 Cologne Germany 50931

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

ROR

https://ror.org/05mxhda18

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Federal Ministry of Education and Research (Germany)

Alternative Name(s)

Federal Ministry of Education and Research, BMBF

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

Germany

Funder Name

Boehringer Ingelheim (Germany)

Alternative Name(s)

Boehringer Ingelheim Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Boehringer Ingelheim International GmbH, BI, BIPI

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

For-profit companies (industry)

Location

United States of America

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/07/2014		Yes	No