A randomised study of continuous subcutaneous insulin infusion (CSII) therapy compared to conventional bolus insulin treatment in preschool aged children with Type 1 diabetes

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
12/09/2003	Stopped	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
12/09/2003	Stopped	☐ Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
18/11/2009	Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N0544116582

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

To establish whether treatment with CSII therapy results in better blood glucose control, reduced hypoglycaemia frequency, preserved endogenous insulin secretion and in improved quality of life measures in parents and families of preschool aged children with diabetes, compared to those treated with conventional bolus subcutaneous insulin injection (CIT) regimens.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Diabetes

Interventions

Randomised Controlled trial:

A. Continuous subcutaneous insulin infusion (CSII)

B. Conventional bolus insulin treatment

This study aims to establish whether continuous subcutaneous insulin infusion (CSII) therapy has advantages over conventional bolus insulin injection treatment (CIT) in children less than 5 years

of age with Type 1 (insulin dependent) diabetes mellitus, particularly in terms of improved blood glucose control, reduced hypoglycaemia frequency and improved parental quality of life (QoL) measures. A randomised controlled study will be carried out, with newly diagnosed children with diabetes (aged <5 years) assigned to treatment with either CSII (n = 10) or CIT (n= 10). All participating children and their families will be regularly reviewed in the diabetes clinic setting and will have support from the paediatric diabetes team as per normal clinical routine. At 3 to 6 month intervals 24 h blood glucose profiles will be performed using a subcutaneous continuous glucose monitoring sensor (CGMS) device and parental QoL questionnaires will be completed.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Not provided at time of registration

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

12/09/2002

Completion date

11/09/2005

Reason abandoned (if study stopped)

1. Lack of funding/sponsorship 2. Participant recruitment issue

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

20 children <5 years with type 1 diabetes

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Child

Upper age limit

5 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

20

Key exclusion criteria

Does not match inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

12/09/2002

Date of final enrolment

11/09/2005

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Department of Paediatrics

Cambridge United Kingdom CB2 2QQ

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details

Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.doh.gov.uk

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Cambridge Consortium - Addenbrookes (UK) (NHS R&D Support Funding + Addenbrooke's Charitable Funds)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination planNot provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summaryNot provided at time of registration