

Interventions to increase participation in the cervical cancer screening program for non-attendeess in Sweden

Submission date 17/01/2020	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 23/01/2020	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 05/07/2020	Condition category Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Cervical cancer is a highly preventable disease. To not attend an organized cervical cancer screening program increases the risk for cervical dysplasia and cervical cancer. The aim is to investigate the participation rate in three different intervention groups for non-attendeess in the Swedish national program for cervical screening.

Who can participate?

Women who have not participated in the cervical cancer screening programme during the last six years if aged 30-49 and the last eight years if aged 50-64.

What does the study involve?

Women participating in the study are offered different methods for cervical cancer screening; a visit to a midwife for a Pap smear or an HPV self-test.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

If women participate and dysplasia is detected it can be treated before it develops into cervical cancer.

We can not identify any risk of great importance.

Where is the study run from?

Faculty of Medicine and Health Sciences, Linköping University, Sweden.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

April 2016 to December 2017.

Who is funding the study?

ALF Grants Region Östergötland, Sweden.

Who is the main contact?
Dr Caroline Lilliecreutz
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Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)
Nil known

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)
Nil known

Protocol serial number
Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title
Participation in interventions and recommended follow-up for non-attendees in cervical cancer screening- taking the women's own preferred test method into account - a Swedish randomised controlled trial

Study objectives

The participation rate will increase if the non-attendees can choose between different test methods presented by a midwife in a telephone call (an HPV self-test or Pap Smear in the clinic) or if they receive an HPV self-test directly by post for sampling rather than yearly invitations (routine procedure)

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 12/04/2016, Regional Ethical Review Board in Linköping, Sweden (Etikprövningsmyndigheten, Box 2110, 750 02, Uppsala, Sweden; +46 10-475 08 00; registrator@etikprovning.se), ref: Dnr 2015/480-31

Study design

Single centre Interventional randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Prevention

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cervical cancer and cervix dysplasia

Interventions

Non-attendees are defined as women who had not participated in the cervical cancer screening programme during the last six years if aged 30 - 49, and the last eight years if aged 50 - 64. This strategy was in accordance with the Swedish age-differentiated screening intervals at that time. The population was defined as non-attendees living in the region of Östergötland, Sweden on March 8th 2016. Data are extracted from the Swedish national cervical cancer screening registry (NKCx) which has almost 100% coverage of invitations. The results of Pap smears and biopsies and variables can be extracted from the unique national social security number for each individual. The results from the HPV self-tests are extracted from a local registry in the clinic. Data concerning follow-up results are obtained until the 31st of December 2017 when the study period will end. The non-attendees' addresses are obtained from the Swedish Population Register (SPR). The trial was not registered before the enrolment of participants started because it was not recommended by the Ethical board.

The non-attendees are randomly, 1:1:1, assigned to one of three different groups: telephone, HPV self-test, or control with no intervention except for the yearly invitations (routine procedure). The study groups are computer randomised and adjusted for area code and age by a statistician uninvolved in the study. All three groups received the yearly invitations. The first analysed sample, Pap smear or HPV test, in all groups is referred to as the index sample. We will consider that the different interventions had an effect if an HPV self-test is ever returned during the study period or a Pap smear is analysed within six months from the date a study invitation letter is sent. Non-attendees randomised to the telephone group are offered a choice of different sampling options. Invitation letters are posted between April 1st 2016 and 31st May 2017 (telephone) and September 30th 2017 (HPV self-test).

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome(s)

Participation rate measured using patient records at six months after invitations were sent

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Choice of intervention measured using patient records at the end of the study
2. Cytological diagnoses found in the index Pap smear at the time of analysis

Completion date

31/12/2017

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

Non- attendees (defined as women who had not participated in the cervical cancer screening programme during the last six years if aged 30-49 and the last eight years if aged 50-64)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

Female

Total final enrolment

10614

Key exclusion criteria

All women 30-64 years old that had participated after the last invitation as recommended in the cervical cancer screening program

Date of first enrolment

01/04/2016

Date of final enrolment

30/09/2017

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Sweden

Study participating centre

Linköping University

Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology
Division of Children's and Women's Health
Faculty of Medicine and Health Sciences
Linköping
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58185

Sponsor information

Organisation

Linköping University Hospital

ROR

<https://ror.org/05h1aye87>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

ALF Grants Region Östergötland

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	02/07/2020	05/07/2020	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes