# MePFAC - A Drug Trial for the treatment of cancer-related Fatigue

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
17/07/2017		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
10/08/2017		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
04/07/2024	Cancer			

#### Plain English summary of protocol

https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-of-a-drug-called-methylphenidate-for-people-with-tiredness-caused-by-cancer-mepfac

# Contact information

### Type(s)

Public

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#### Type(s)

Principal Investigator

#### Contact name

Prof Paddy Stone

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

# EudraCT/CTIS number

2017-001950-33

#### **IRAS** number

215297

#### ClinicalTrials.gov number

#### Secondary identifying numbers

CPMS 34827, IRAS 215297

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Methylphenidate versus placebo for fatigue in advanced cancer (MePFAC)

#### Study objectives

The study aims to estimate clinical effectiveness of methylphenidate versus placebo in the treatment of cancer-related fatigue in patients receiving specialist palliative care.

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

London - City & East Research Ethics Committee, 07/08/2017, ref: 17/LO/0871

# Study design

Randomized; Interventional; Design type: Treatment, Drug

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

See study outputs table

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Psychosocial Oncology and Survivorship

#### **Interventions**

MePFAC is a prospective, randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial with internal pilot in palliative care patients with advanced cancer.

The MePFAC study aims to recruit 230 patients across ten sites in England between 2018 and 2020. Feasibility of recruitment strategy, randomisation and follow-up are evaluated during a pilot phase at four sites during the first nine months of recruitment.

Randomisation is undertaken using an independent data management company ("Sealed Envelope") who have been commissioned by the Priment Clinical Trials Unit to support randomisation and data management for the MePFAC study. Treatment allocation (1:1) is done using a permuted-block randomisation stratified to four factors; the centre, receipt of palliative cancer treatment, baseline HADS depression score, and whether patients are considered to be "severely" fatigued (initial fatigue score >7/10 on a numerical rating scale).

In both trial arms participants are monitored on a weekly basis either by telephone contact (weeks 1, 2, 4, 5, 7 & 8) or at a face-to-face visit (weeks 0, 3, 6 & 9).

Participants in both arms are prescribed identical-looking tablets of either methylphenidate 5mgs or placebo. At weekly intervals (± 3 days) after study medication has been dispensed, participants are contacted by telephone (weeks 1, 2, 4, 5, 7 and 8) or face-to-face (weeks 3, 6 and 9) and the study medication (or placebo) are titrated by the PI in response to information provided by the research staff.

Study medication is dispensed at the baseline assessment, week 3 ( $\pm$  3 days) and week 6 ( $\pm$  3 days). The three days' flexibility on either side of the scheduled assessment days is to allow for contingencies. On visit days, pill counts are performed to assess compliance to IMP.

At the face-to face assessment at the end of week 9 (±3 days) the study will end. At that point participants are assessed by the local clinical service and a decision is made about whether or not methylphenidate should be prescribed depending upon local clinical assessment and patient and physician preference.

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Methylphenidate

#### Primary outcome measure

To compare fatigue, measured by Functional Assessment of Chronic Illness Therapy (FACIT-F), in patients with advanced cancer receiving individually titrated doses of methylphenidate with patients receiving placebo after six weeks' treatment.

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Quality of life is measured using the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer core Quality of Life Palliative Care questionnaire [EORTC QLQ-C15-PAL] and the EuroQol EQ-5D 5 level [EQ-5D-5L]) at 3, 6 and 9 weeks
- 2. Adverse events are documented on the case report form (as mild, moderate or severe) at 3, 6 and 9 weeks
- 3. Activities of daily living is measured using the mobility, self-care and usual activity domains of the EO-5D-5L at 3, 6 and 9 weeks
- 4. Appetite is measured using the anorexia item on the EORTC QLQ-C15-PAL at 3, 6 and 9 weeks
- 5. Satisfaction of patients and carers are measured using the Global benefit score (GBS) at 3, 6 and 9 weeks
- 6. Survival of patients after recruitment is measured by asking patients for permission to flag their records with the NHS Information Centre (NHS IC) at 3, 6 and 9 weeks
- 7. Need for other medication specifically steroids, antidepressants, anxiolytics and analgaesics) will be measured by asking participants about concomitant medication use at baseline and at week six

#### Overall study start date

01/05/2017

#### Completion date

31/10/2023

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

Current inclusion criteria as of 28/10/2018 (updated 27/07/2023):

- 1. Aged 18 years or over
- 2. Participant is willing and able to give informed consent for participation
- 3. Advanced incurable cancer of all tumour types
- 4. Moderate or severe fatigue (>3/10 on a numerical rating scale)
- 5. Able and willing to comply with all study requirements, including ability to participate in study for ten weeks
- 6. Participant is receiving generalist or specialist palliative care
- 7. Willing to allow his or her General Practitioner to be notified of participation in the study

#### Previous inclusion criteria:

- 1. Aged 18 years or over
- 2. Participant is willing and able to give informed consent for participation
- 3. Advanced incurable cancer of all tumour types
- 4. Moderate or severe fatigue (>3/10 on a numerical rating scale)
- 5. Prognosis 2-12 months (as estimated by clinician)
- 6. Able and willing to comply with all study requirements, including ability to participate in study for nine weeks
- 7. Under the care of a specialist palliative care team
- 8. Willing to allow his or her General Practitioner to be notified of participation in the study

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 230; UK Sample Size: 230

#### Total final enrolment

162

#### Key exclusion criteria

Current exclusion criteria as of 28/10/2018 (updated 27/07/2023):

- 1. Pregnancy
- 2. Females of childbearing potential and males who have sexual partners with child-bearing potential must be willing to use an effective method of contraception (hormonal or barrier method of birth control; true abstinence) from the time consent is signed until six weeks after treatment discontinuation and inform the trial if pregnancy occurs. For the purpose of clarity, true abstinence is when this is in line with the preferred and usual lifestyle of the subject. Periodic abstinence (e.g., calendar, ovulation, symptothermal, post-ovulation methods), declaration of abstinence, withdrawal, spermicides only or lactational amenorrhoea method for the duration of a trial, are not acceptable methods of contraception)
- 3. Females of childbearing potential must have a negative pregnancy test seven days or fewer prior to first dose administration and must be willing to have a pregnancy test at every physical visit during the study
- 4. Females must not be breastfeeding
- 5. Known sensitivity to methylphenidate or to any of the excipients
- 6. History of glaucoma
- 7. Known phaechromocytoma
- 8. Planned general anaesthesia in the next nine weeks
- 9. During treatment with non-selective, irreversible MAO inhibitors, or within a minimum of 14 days of discontinuing those drugs
- 10. Clinical hyperthyroidism or thyrotoxicosis. Patients must have a thyroid function test (T4 and TSH) showing no evidence of hyperthyroidism in three months prior to first dose administration of study medication
- 11. Known diagnosis or history of severe depression, anorexia nervosa/anorexic disorders, suicidal tendencies, psychotic symptoms, severe mood disorders, mania, schizophrenia, psychopathic/borderline personality disorder
- 12. Known diagnosis or history of severe and episodic (Type 1) bipolar (affective) disorder (that is not well controlled)
- 13. Known pre-existing cardiovascular disorders including severe hypertension (BP >160 /100mmHg), uncontrolled heart failure, uncontrolled angina, arterial occlusive disease, haemodynamically significant congenital heart disease, cardiomyopathies, myocardial infarction

(within last one year), potentially life-threatening arrhythmias and channelopathies

- 14. Pre-existing cerebrovascular disorders, cerebral aneurysm, vascular abnormalities including vasculitis or stroke (within last 1 year) or known high-risk factors for cerebrovascular disorders
- 15. Current or previous psycho-stimulant use in the last month
- 16. Severe anaemia (haemoglobin <80g/L)
- 17. Platelets  $<50 \times 10e3/\mu L$
- 18. White blood count less than 1.5 x 109/litre
- 19. Any evidence of severe or uncontrolled infection that in the view of the investigator makes it undesirable for the patient to participate in the trial
- 20. Estimated glomerular filtration rate [eGFR] <45 ml/minute per 1·73 m<sup>2</sup>
- 21. ALT > 2 x ULN or bilirubin > 1.5 x ULN
- 22. Participating in another research study involving any investigational agents within four weeks prior to registration
- 23. Insufficient English language skills to understand study documentation and complete assessments
- 24. Current treatment with clonidine, warfarin, monoamine oxidase inhibitors or modafinil
- 25. History of previous or current substance or alcohol dependency within the last 1 year
- 26. Unable to swallow tablets/capsules
- 27. History of poorly controlled epilepsy, or seizures related to underlying brain tumour
- 28. Any other significant disease or disorder which, in the opinion of the Investigator, may put the participant at risk or affect the participant's ability to take part in the study

Patients who are still receiving tumour-directed therapies (e.g. chemotherapy or radiotherapy) will not be excluded from the study provided that the treatment is with palliative intent. Patients will be stratified by whether or not they are in receipt of disease-modifying treatment as this may be expected to affect their fatigue levels one way or another (see Section 11.6).

#### Previous exclusion criteria:

- 1. Females of childbearing potential and males must be willing to use an effective method of contraception (hormonal or barrier method of birth control; true abstinence) from the time consent is signed until 6 weeks after treatment discontinuation and inform the trial if pregnancy occurs. For the purpose of clarity, true abstinence is when this is in line with the preferred and usual lifestyle of the subject. Periodic abstinence (e.g., calendar, ovulation, symptothermal, post-ovulation methods), declaration of abstinence, withdrawal, spermicides only or lactational amenorrhoea method for the duration of a trial, are not acceptable methods of contraception)
- 2. Females of childbearing potential must have a negative pregnancy test within 7 days prior to being registered for trial treatment.
- 3. Females must not be breastfeeding.
- 4. Known sensitivity to methylphenidate or to any of the excipients.
- 5. History of glaucoma
- 6. Known phaechromocytoma
- 7. Planned general anaesthesia in the next nine weeks
- 8. During treatment with non-selective, irreversible monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitors, or within a minimum of 14 days of discontinuing those drugs
- 9. Hyperthyroidism or thyrotoxicosis
- 10. Known diagnosis or history of severe depression, anorexia nervosa/anorexic disorders, suicidal tendencies, psychotic symptoms, severe mood disorders, mania, schizophrenia, psychopathic/borderline personality disorder
- 11. Known diagnosis or history of severe and episodic (Type 1) Bipolar (affective) disorder (that is not well controlled)
- 12. Known pre-existing cardiovascular disorders including severe hypertension (BP > 160 /100mmHg), heart failure, arterial occlusive disease, angina, haemodynamically significant

congenital heart disease, cardiomyopathies, myocardial infarction, potentially life-threatening arrhythmias and channelopathies

- 13. Pre-existing cerebrovascular disorders, cerebral aneurysm, vascular abnormalities including vasculitis or stroke or known risk factors for cerebrovascular disorders
- 14. Current or previous psycho-stimulant use in last month
- 15. Severe anaemia (Haemoglobin < 80g/L)
- 16. Platelets  $< 50 \times 103/\mu L$
- 17. White blood count >  $30 \times 109/L$
- 18. Estimated glomerular filtration rate [eGFR] < 60 ml/minute per 1·73 m<sup>2</sup>
- 19. Liver function tests elevated > 3 x upper limit of normal (either ALT > 165 U/L; or AST > 144 U/L; or ALP > 345 U/L; or GGT > 144 U/L; or Bilirubin > 3.6 mg/dL)
- 20. Currently an inpatient in a hospital or a hospice
- 21. Currently participating in another research study involving an investigational product
- 22. English not first language or unable to read English
- 23. Current treatment with clonidine, warfarin, monoamine oxidase inhibitors or modafinil
- 24. History of previous or current substance or alcohol abuse
- 25. Unable to swallow tablets/capsules
- 26. History of poorly controlled epilepsy, or seizures related to underlying brain tumour
- 27. Any other significant disease or disorder which, in the opinion of the Investigator, may put the participant at risk or affect the participant's ability to take part in the study

We will not exclude patients who are still receiving tumour-directed therapies (e.g. chemotherapy or radiotherapy) provided that the treatment is with palliative intent and that the expected prognosis is 2 – 12 months. We believe that to exclude such patients would make recruitment very difficult and would also mean that the study population was not representative of the broader palliative care population (in whom disease modifying treatments are frequently used up until a few weeks or months before death). Nonetheless we will stratify patients by whether or not they are in receipt of disease-modifying treatment as this may be expected to affect their fatigue levels one way or another.

Date of first enrolment 15/01/2018

Date of final enrolment 27/04/2023

# Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

**United Kingdom** 

Study participating centre
University College London Hospital
University College London Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust
250 Euston Road

London United Kingdom NW1 2PG

#### Study participating centre Martlets Hospice Wayfield Avenue Hove United Kingdom BN3 7LW

# Study participating centre Brighton General Hospital

Sussex Community NHS Foundation Trust, Elm Grove East Sussex Brighton United Kingdom BN2 3EW

# Study participating centre

Leeds Community Healthcare NHS Trust

Leeds Community, Healthcare NHS Trust Stockdale House 8 Victoria Road West Yorkshire Leeds United Kingdom LS6 1PF

# Study participating centre Marie Curie Hospice

Hampstead 11 Lyndhurst Gardens London United Kingdom NW3 5NS

Study participating centre Pilgrims Hospices 56 London Road Canterbury United Kingdom CT2 8JA

# Study participating centre Stephenson House

Central And North West, London NHS Foundation Trust 75 Hampstead Road London United Kingdom NW1 2PL

# Study participating centre LOROS

Groby Road Leicester United Kingdom LE3 9QE

# Study participating centre Nottinghamshire Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust

The Resource Duncan Macmillan House Porchester Road Nottingham United Kingdom NG3 6AA

#### Study participating centre Queens Medical Centre

Nottingham University Hospitals NHS Trust Derby Road Nottingham United Kingdom NG7 2UH

# Study participating centre Leckhampton Court Hospice

Church Road

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

University College London

#### Sponsor details

Joint Research Office Charlene Griffith, PRIMENT Clinical Trials Unit UCL Medical School, Royal Free Campus London England United Kingdom NW3 2PF

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/02jx3x895

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

National Institute for Health Research

#### Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

### **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Plans are unknown at this stage, however, the aim is to publish the study results in a high-impact peer reviewed journal in October 2021. All proposed publications will be accord with UCL publication policy.

#### Intention to publish date

31/12/2024

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and analysed during the current study will be available upon request from Professor Paddy Stone, p.stone@ucl.ac.uk. IPD will be accessible after the main publications.

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

#### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet	version V4	20/07/2017	10/08/2017	No	Yes
Participant information sheet	version V4	20/07/2017	10/08/2017	No	Yes
Protocol file	version V3	19/07/2017	10/08/2017	No	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Protocol file	version 13.0	01/03/2021	27/07/2023	No	No
Other files	version 13.0	01/03/2021	28/07/2023	No	No
Participant information sheet	version 13.0	01/03/2021	28/07/2023	No	Yes
Results article		10/07/2024	04/07/2024	Yes	No