A comparison of 24-session cognitive analytic therapy and treatment as usual for participants with a personality disorder

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
18/05/2012		☐ Protocol		
Registration date 30/05/2012	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited 11/07/2013	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	Individual participant data		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The assessment and treatment of people with personality disorder is complicated by the variety of symptoms within individual disorders and high levels of overlap between disorders. A review of studies evaluating a range of psychological treatments for personality disorder showed encouraging results compared with standard care. Nevertheless, the strength of evidence was variable and the research focused predominantly on borderline personality disorder. This is despite the fact that only 1 in 10 are borderline personality disorder out of all the personality disorder diagnoses and interventions for this group are usually complex and of long duration. Thus, effective but less resource-intensive interventions (treatment) are required, not only for borderline participants but also for the broader range of participants with a personality disorder. Cognitive Analytic Therapy (CAT) talking therapy may meet this need. CAT intervention is a brief (limited to 16 24 sessions) that involves the patient actively in their treatment. It focuses on ways of managing distress and relationship difficulties that are common to all personality disorders. Despite CATs widespread adoption in the UK (www.acat.me.uk), the research supporting CAT remains limited to date. The present study was, therefore, designed to extend the evidence base.

Who can participate?

Adults who met the diagnostic criteria for a personality disorder and who had completed at least one previous episode of therapy.

What does the study involve?

Once referred, participants were assessed for eligibility to the study. Those who were eligible for the study and willing to participate were further assessed to find out their lifetime experiences of personality disorder symptoms. To this end, they attended a diagnostic interview and completed a series of questionnaires. Participants were randomly allocated into one of two groups, either CAT, or treatment as usual (TAU). The CAT group had 24 individual sessions with a therapist for 10 months. The TAU group received standard NHS care over the 10 months, typically comprising of general practitioner (GP) contact, care from the Community Mental Health Team and other clinical services. Both groups completed further questionnaires and

attended another diagnostic interview at the end of 10 months, to assess the impact of their experiences. Participants in the TAU condition were offered CAT after this 10-month period. CAT participants completed some follow-up assessments 18 months after treatment ended to reassess their progress.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

All participants will be offered a CAT therapy, which could reduce their personality disorder symptomology and improve their relationships. All participants were monitored throughout the study and had access to standard NHS care. The TAU participants were offered a 24-session CAT therapy after the study.

Where is the study run from?

The study took place in the Intensive Psychological Therapies Service, Poole: a Dorset HealthCare NHS Trust tertiary service for people with a personality disorder. Treatment as usual was also provided by Dorset HealthCare NHS Trust.

When is study starting and how long is it expected to run for? The study commenced in 2001 and finished in 2010

Who is funding the study?
Dorset HealthCare NHS Trust

Who is the main contact? Prof. Sue Clarke Susan.clarke@dhuft.nhs.uk

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Susan Clarke

Contact details

St. Ann's Hospital
Department of Mental Health
69 Haven Road
Canford Cliffs
Poole
Dorset
United Kingdom
BH13 7LN

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Cognitive Analytic Therapy (CAT) for personality disorder: a randomised controlled trial comparing time-limited 24-session CAT versus treatment as usual

Study objectives

Twenty-four sessions of Cognitive Analytic Therapy (CAT) will lead to greater reductions in psychological symptoms and interpersonal difficulties for participants with a personality disorder, compared to Treatment as Usual (TAU).

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

South West, East Dorset Local Research Ethics Committee, 30 November 2000, ref: LREC 209/00/B

Study design

Single site single-blind randomised controlled trial with intention to treat analysis

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Personality Disorders

Interventions

The intervention group received 24 sessions of Cognitive Analytic Therapy over 10 months as a treatment for Personality Disorder and were followed-up 18 months after the completion of the study.

The control group received treatment as usual, i.e. standard NHS care, over the 10 months of the study, and were offered CAT therapy following the 10-month assessment phase.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

Structured Clinical Interview for DSM-IV Axis II (SCID-II) to assess symptoms of personality disorder pre-therapy/TAU, post-therapy/TAU, and follow-up for the CAT condition only. To measure distress arising from interpersonal difficulties, we used a self-report questionnaire, The Inventory of Interpersonal Problems: 32-item (IIP). This was measured pre- and post-intervention for both groups, and at follow-up for the CAT group.

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Adjustment, measured using the Clinical Outcomes in Routine Evaluation (CORE) self-report measure
- 2. Service satisfaction, measured using the Service Satisfaction Scale self-report questionnaire
- 3. Dissociation, measured using the Dissociative Questionnaire and the Dissociate Experiences Scale (DES) self-report questionnaires
- 4. Psychological problems and symptoms of psychopathology, measured by the Symptom Checklist-90-Revised self-report measure
- 5. Emotional Distress, measured by the Global Severity Index. All questionnaires were completed pre- and post-intervention, and at follow-up for the CAT group
- 6. Frequency and duration of all accident and emergency attendances and in-patient admissions, measured through access to the Dorset HealthCare NHS Trust Participant Administration System

Overall study start date

01/01/2001

Completion date

31/12/2010

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Adult participants who met diagnostic criteria for a personality disorder
- 2. Participants who had completed at least one previous episode of therapy

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

99

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Psychotic illness, substance dependence [as defined by Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV)] and intellectual disability
- 2. Participants who engaged in self-harming behaviour at least monthly were excluded, and referred for Dialectical Behaviour Therapy

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2001

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2010

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre St. Ann's Hospital

Dorset United Kingdom BH13 7LN

Sponsor information

Organisation

Dorset HealthCare University NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

Sponsor details

11 Shelley Road Boscombe Bournemouth Dorset England United Kingdom BH1 4JQ

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.dorsethealthcare.nhs.uk/

ROR

https://ror.org/04esx4891

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Dorset HealthCare NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/02/2013		Yes	No