A comparison of different surgical techniques for incisional hernia treatment

Submission date 06/09/2012	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	 Prospectively registered Protocol Statistical analysis plan Results Individual participant data Record updated in last year
Registration date 02/11/2012	Overall study status Completed	
Last Edited 27/11/2015	Condition category Surgery	
not fully healed. La life, and time taker there are many cas illness). The aim of	udy aims occur when tissue pokes oparoscopic (keyhole) su n to return to full activit es when laparoscopic re	through a surgical wound in the abdomen that has irgery has better results in terms of pain, quality of y, compared with other types of surgery. However, epair is impossible to perform (e.g., large hernia, other the results of two different incisional hernia repair ry.
Who can participat Patients 18 aged 7		al hernia undergoing surgical hernia repair.
What does the stud Participants are rar		lergo either sublay or laparoscopic surgery.
•	ble benefits and risks of ound complications, bo	^e participating? wel injury, and postoperative pneumonia.
Where is the study Lithuanian Universi	run from? ity of Health Sciences (L	.ithuania).
When is the study s April 2011 to April		it expected to run for?
Who is funding the Lithuanian Universi	study? ity of Health Sciences (L	.ithuania).
Who is the main co Linas Venclauskas	ntact?	

Contact information

linasvenclauskasg@yahoo.com

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Mindaugas Kiudelis

Contact details

Lithuanian University of Health Sciences Department of Surgery Eiveniu str. 2 Kaunas Lithuania LT 50009

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minkiud@yahoo.com

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

P1-73

Study information

Scientific Title

A comparison of sublay versus laparoscopic surgical techniques for incisional hernia treatment: a prospective randomized study

Study objectives

The results of sublay and laparoscopic surgery techniques of incisional hernia treatment are similar.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

08/03/2011, ref: P1-73

Study design

Prospective randomized controlled study

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Surgery for incisional hernia

Interventions

Surgery (hernia repair operations)

Two groups:

- 1. Sublay technique
- 2. Laparoscopic technique

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Recurrence rate

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Postoperative pain
- 2. Postoperative complications
- 3. Qualite of life
- 4. Time of return to full physical activity

Completion date

01/04/2016

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with midline incisional hernia undergoing surgical hernia repair
- 2. Age of patients 18 to 75 years
- 3. No mental and nervous disorders
- 4. Patients provide written informed consent to participate in the prospective study before surgery

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

75 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients older than 75 years
- 2. Incarcerated incisional hernia
- 3. Urgent surgery of the patients (peritonitis, acute bleeding, ileus et ct.) with incisional hernia
- 4. Patients with mental and nervous disorders
- 5. Pregnant women with incisional hernia
- 6. Patients participation in other clinical study
- 7. Patients resign to participate in the clinical study

Date of first enrolment

01/04/2011

Date of final enrolment

01/04/2016

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Lithuania

Study participating centre Lithuanian University of Health Sciences

Kaunas Lithuania LT 50009

Sponsor information

Organisation

Lithuanian University of Health Sciences (Lithuania)

ROR

https://ror.org/0069bkg23

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

Lithuanian University of Health Sciences (Lithuania)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet
Participant information sheet
11/11/2025 No Yes