

Comparison between twin-block and forsus functional appliances

Submission date 09/07/2013	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 26/07/2013	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 12/08/2020	Condition category Oral Health	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Sticking out front teeth is a common dental feature in the UK. It affects 20% of the white population. It affects the oral health and related quality of life in the adolescent population. Children who have upper front teeth sticking out are more susceptible to dental trauma or injury. Current evidence also suggests that they can be an easy target for being bullied at school. Sticking out front teeth can be corrected by seeking treatment from your local orthodontist. Usually, this is done by wearing a functional brace that maximises the potential growth of the lower jaw in order to keep up with the growth of the upper jaw. A functional brace works best on patients who are growing, thus the best time to treat this is when they are undergoing their pubertal growth spurt at the age of 12 years old for females and 14 years old for males. To date, functional braces could be classified into two broad categories: either a fixed functional appliance which is glued onto the teeth or a removable functional appliance. Research suggests that the most popular removable functional appliance in the UK is the twin-block appliance, whereas for the fixed functional appliance it is less clear. There are quite a few fixed functional appliances on the market. One that appears to work comparatively well is the Forsus fatigue resistant device (FRD). Both types of appliance work effectively. However, it is not certain which is more effective at reducing the horizontal gaps between the upper and lower front teeth. Hence, this study aims to answer this question.

Who can participate?

Adolescents with sticking out front teeth aged 12 to 14

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to either the Forsus FRD group or the twin-block group. They need to wear the functional appliance for about 9 months (6 months full time and 3 months part time). They then need to wear a glued-on train track brace for a further 20 months. The total treatment would be for about 30 months. All patients are seen once every 6 to 8 weeks. At the end of each phase, they have an X-ray of their jaw (radiographs) taken. It is important to stress that there are no additional X-ray exposures required. The participants' general dental practitioners are informed regarding their involvement in the study. Participants also need to complete a questionnaire for feedback on the functional appliances.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There is a possibility that treatment with Forsus Functional appliance may lead to a shorter overall treatment time. However, there is no evidence to support this. The child's participation in this study would help to find out if this is the case. There are no anticipated risks involved with the participation in this study. The use of the appliances and visits required would be same whether or not the child is involved in the study.

Where is the study run from?

The study will be carried out at two orthodontic departments of the Northwest region, namely Stepping Hill Hospital at Stockport and University of South Manchester Hospital at Wythenshawe (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

September 2013 to August 2015

Who is funding the study?

Stockport NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Maria McNally

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Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Maria McNally

Contact details

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SK2 7JE

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Comparison between twin-block appliance and Forsus™ fatigue resistant device in treating class II division I malocclusion: a randomised controlled trial

Study objectives

Twin-block removable functional appliance and Forsus™ Fatigue Resistant Device do not have any difference with regards to treatment duration, quality of dento-occlusal outcome, breakages and patient discomfort in treating Class II Div I malocclusion.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Will be seeking with the local ethics committee in August 2013 - pending

Study design

Two-centre randomised clinical controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Sticking out upper front teeth is a variation of normal occlusion which is commonly associated with bullying, teasing and risk of trauma to the dentition. Treatment is aimed to improving the occlusal outcome and patients' self-esteem

Interventions

All subjects who are eligible for inclusion will be interviewed and the purpose of the trial will be outlined. Patients will be given information leaflets on their first visit as well as a detailed explanation of the trial and they are required to provide us feedback on whether they are willing to participate in this trial. If they are, informed consent will be obtained and the operator will contact the central trial coordinator to provide details of subject. The subject will then be randomly allocated, stratifying for operator and gender, to either Twin-block appliance or Forsus FRD appliance. Patients will be treated according to the treatment protocols as outlined without any additional appointments for the sake of the trial. In addition, the following data will be collected from patients notes:

1. Number of attendances, including failed & cancelled appointments
2. Overall treatment duration
3. Frequency of appliance breakages, if any

Patients will also be required to fill in the Smiles Better questionnaires which will inform how the appliances will affect them as part of the qualitative assessment.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Treatment duration. All outcomes will be measured at baseline (T1) and at the end of active treatment (T2). Records will be taken at these time points which will include: study models, radiographs and pictures.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Quality of the dento-occlusal outcome measured on study models
2. Pancherz analysis on cephalograms
3. Qualitative assessment using questionnaires on how the appliances affect them
4. Breakages
5. Cost

Completion date

31/08/2015

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Patients with Class II Division I malocclusion
2. Overjet > 6mm
3. All permanent teeth erupted except second and third molars
4. Aged 10-15 years old

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

10 years

Upper age limit

15 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Possible orthognathic treatment is required or there is a strong indication it will be required in the future
2. Presence of any craniofacial anomaly / syndrome
3. Maxillary mandibular plane angle of more than 37°
4. Previous orthodontic treatment and/or premolar extraction
5. Hypoplastic permanent teeth first molars
6. Hypodontia of any tooth in any quadrant excluding third molars
7. Subjects involved in any other orthodontic trials
8. Inadequate oral hygiene

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2013

Date of final enrolment

31/08/2015

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Stockport NHS Foundation Trust

Stockport

United Kingdom

SK2 7JE

Sponsor information

Organisation

Stockport NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/0220rp185>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Stockport NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration