

Haemostasis with vessel seal instrument compared to conventional bipolar coagulation in laparoscopic hysterectomy and/or salpingo-oophorectomy: a randomised trial

Submission date 30/05/2007	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 30/05/2007	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 19/10/2021	Condition category Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Study website

<http://www.studies-obsgyn.nl/vesselseal/>

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

NL939 (NTR964)

Study information

Scientific Title

Haemostasis with vessel seal instrument compared to conventional bipolar coagulation in laparoscopic hysterectomy and/or salpingo-oophorectomy: a randomised trial

Study objectives

The vessel seal instrument results in shorter operating time and less intraoperative bloodloss than the conventional bipolar coagulation in patients undergoing laparoscopic hysterectomy and /or salpingo-oophorectomy

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the local medical ethics committee

Study design

Randomised, multicentre, active controlled, parallel group trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Vessel seal, hysterectomy, laparoscopy, oophorectomy

Interventions

Hemostasis with vessel seal technique versus conventional technique.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

1. Operating time
2. Intraoperative bloodloss

Secondary outcome measures

1. Haemoglobin drop
2. User satisfaction
3. Costs
4. Quality of life, measured using the 36-item Short Form health survey (SF36)

Overall study start date

01/01/2007

Completion date

01/01/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Laparoscopic hysterectomy
2. Laparoscopic oophorectomy

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

144

Key exclusion criteria

1. Ovarian or cervical cancer
2. Uterus size greater than 20 weeks pregnancy

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2007

Date of final enrolment

01/01/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre
Vrije University Medical Centre (VUMC)
Amsterdam
Netherlands
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Sponsor information

Organisation
Vrije University Medical Centre (VUMC) (The Netherlands)

Sponsor details
Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology
Division of Reproductive Medicine
P.O. Box 7057
Amsterdam
Netherlands
1007 MB

Sponsor type
Hospital/treatment centre

Website
<http://www.vumc.nl/english/#http://www.vumc.nl/english/>

ROR
<https://ror.org/00q6h8f30>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Not defined

Funder Name
Not provided at time of registration

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		06/09/2011	19/10/2021	Yes	No