

A comparison of patient satisfaction and complications following keyhole surgery wounds closed with tissue glue or stitches

Submission date 27/11/2009	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 15/12/2009	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 20/05/2016	Condition category Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers
06/wmw01/55

Study information

Scientific Title

Patient satisfaction and complications following laparoscopic wound closure with 2-octylcyanoacrylate or vicryl: a single blind randomised controlled trial

Study objectives

Closure of laparoscopic wounds with tissue adhesives is associated with higher patient satisfaction and lower complication rates than with conventional suturing.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Dyfed Powys Research Ethics Committee approved on the 3rd January 2007 (ref: 06/wmw01/55)

Study design

Single blind randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Laparoscopic general surgery

Interventions

Intervention: Laparoscopic wound closure with 2-cyanoacrylate tissue adhesive
Control: Laparoscopic wound closure with subcuticular stitches

Total follow up was six weeks.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

Patient satisfaction in terms of wound appearance and wound closure technique. Measured at six weeks post-operatively.

Secondary outcome measures

1. Wound closure time, measured at the time of operation
2. Wound complications (dehiscence, infection, resuturing), measured at six weeks post-operatively
3. Wound pain, measured at six weeks post-operatively
4. Antibiotic usage, measured at the time of operation
5. Unscheduled medical review, measured at six weeks post-operatively

Overall study start date

01/02/2007

Completion date

01/02/2009

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. All adults (aged 18 years and over), both males and females
2. Elective, general surgical, laparoscopic patients

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

300

Key exclusion criteria

1. Known 2-octylcyanoacrylate hypersensitivity
2. Conversion to open procedure

Date of first enrolment

01/02/2007

Date of final enrolment

01/02/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

Wales

Study participating centre

Department of Gastrointestinal Surgery

Swansea

United Kingdom

SA2 8QA

Sponsor information

Organisation

Carmarthenshire NHS Trust (UK)

Sponsor details

Research and Development Office

Room 8, Mynydd Mawr Hospital

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Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

<http://www.wales.nhs.uk/sites3/home.cfm?orgid=45>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration