Adaptive Predictive Planning for hypofractioned bLadder radiotherapy

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
27/01/2009		Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
18/02/2009		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
27/06/2019	Cancer			

Plain English summary of protocol

http://www.cancerhelp.org.uk/trials/a-study-radiotherapy-bladder-cancer-APPLY

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

NCT01000129

Secondary identifying numbers

CCR 3122

Study information

Scientific Title

Adaptive predictive planning for hypofractioned bladder radiotherapy: a prospective phase II study

Acronym

APPLY

Study objectives

There is a continued need for adaptive planning in patients receiving radiotherapy for bladder cancer which can be incorporated into the treatment pathway using an adaptive-predictive organ localisation (A-POLO) methodology.

On 01/03/2011 the overall trial end date was changed from 27/01/2011 to 31/12/2011.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Royal Marsden Research Ethics Committee, 18/12/2008, ref: 08/H0801/137

Study design

Prospective non-blinded non-randomised phase II study

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Non randomised study

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Muscle invasive bladder cancer

Interventions

A prospective phase II study clinically implementing adaptive planning in radiotherapy for bladder cancer. All eligible patients will be treated with new clinical protocol.

All patients will undergo computed tomography (CT) planning scans at 0, 30 minutes post-void (CT1, CT2). The clinical target volume (CTV) will be contoured on each scan, defined as the whole

bladder plus any area of extravesical spread (CTV1, CTV2). A series of three 3-dimensional conformal plans will be generated for each patient according to the following CTV expansion margins:

Plan 1 (standard): planning target volume 2 (PTV2) = CTV1 + 0.5 cm laterally and inferiorly + 1 cm posteriorly + 1.5 cm superiorly and anteriorly

Plan 2 (small): PTV1 = CTV1 + 0.5 cm isotropically

Plan 3 (large): PTV3 = CTV2 + 0.5 cm laterally and inferiorly + 1 cm posteriorly + 1.5 cm superiorly and anteriorly

If the difference in volume between CTV1 and CTV2 is less than 50 cc, PTV3 = CTV1 + 0.75 cm laterally and inferiorly + 1.2 cm posteriorly + 2.5 cm superiorly and inferiorly.

Patients will receive up to six fractions of radiotherapy delivered weekly. Prior to each fraction a cone beam CT scan will be performed followed by online set-up correction. Each PTV contour will be assessed to determine the PTV providing the best fit. The most appropriate contour is that which encompasses the bladder as seen on CBCT + 2 - 3 mm superiorly. The plan selected will be confirmed by a second observer. Treatment is then delivered using the corresponding plan. A post-treatment cone beam image will be taken to ensure that intrafraction motion is accounted for.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Phase II

Primary outcome measure

Appropriate identification and correction of fractions requiring adaptive planning, assessed at the end of treatment.

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Proportion of fractions requiring adaptive planning, assessed at end of treatment
- 2. Dose-volume histogram (DVH) analysis of CTV coverage using anisotropic margins, assessed at end of treatment
- 3. Time to local disease progression, measured at 2 years
- 4. Overall survival, measured at 2 years

Overall study start date

27/01/2009

Completion date

31/12/2011

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged greater than 18 years, either sex
- 2. Histologically confirmed invasive carcinoma of the bladder
- 3. Patient planned to receive hypofractionated radiotherapy to the bladder
- 4. No previous pelvic radiotherapy
- 5. Written informed consent given according to International Conference on Harmonisation of

Technical Requirements for Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use/Good Clinical Practice (ICH/GCP) and national/local regulations

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

32

Key exclusion criteria

Urinary catheter in-situ

Date of first enrolment

27/01/2009

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2011

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Institute of Cancer Research

Belmont United Kingdom SM2 5PT

Sponsor information

Organisation

Institute of Cancer Research (UK)

Sponsor details

123 Old Brompton Road London United Kingdom SW7 3RP

Sponsor type

Research organisation

Website

http://www.icr.ac.uk

ROR

https://ror.org/043jzw605

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Cancer Research UK (CRUK) (UK) (ref: C46/A3970)

Alternative Name(s)

CR_UK, Cancer Research UK - London, CRUK

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Funder Name

Francis Wain Jewellers Ltd (UK) - charitable donation

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Plain English results				No	Yes
Results article	results	01/03/2011		Yes	No