Longterm Osteopenia in Crohn's Disease Study: Comparing the affect of Calcium & Vitamin D or additional Sodium-Fluoride or Ibandronate on Bone Mineral Density and Fractures in Crohns Disease

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
09/03/2010	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
14/04/2010	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
14/04/2010	Musculoskeletal Diseases	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

A 3.5 year Randomised Controlled Study on Bone Mineral Density and Fractures in Crohns Disease comparing Calcium & Vitamin D or additional Sodium-Fluoride or Ibandronate

Study objectives

To assess the effect of colecalciferol and calcium administration alone or with additional sodium-fluoride or ibandronate on bone mineral density (BMD) and fracture rate in Crohn's disease patients with reduced bone mineral density

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

The Ethics Committee of the University of Ulm, Germany approved on the 7th of April 1998 (ref: 281998)

Study design

3 arm randomised active controlled parallel group trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Prevention

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Crohn's disease, Osteoporosis

Interventions

Patients were randomised to treatment-group A, B and C, taking study-medication as follows: Group A: 10000 International Units (IU) colecalciferol (Vigantoletten®, Merck, Darmstadt /Germany) and 800mg calcium-citrate (Calcitrat®, Merckle, Ulm/Germany) daily Group B: 1000IU colecalciferol and 800mg calcium-citrate daily with an additional 25mg of slow-release sodium-fluoride (Nafril®, Merckle, Ulm/Germany) twice daily (bid) Group C: Basic colecalciferol and calcium with an additional 1mg/IV of ibandronate (Bondronat®, Roche, Basle/Switzerland) 3 times a month

Follow-up examinations were conducted at 3-month intervals. In group B, sodium-fluoride was taken daily for 12-months, followed by a 3-months fluoride-free period. The 2nd and 3rd 12-month cycle started at month 15 and 30.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Dual Energy X-ray Absorptiometry (DEXA) of the lumbar spine and plain radiography of the spine performed at baseline and after 1.0, 2.25 and 3.5 years.

Secondary outcome measures

Fracture rate (spine, T4-L4)

Overall study start date

01/04/1998

Completion date

30/08/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Crohn's disease
- 2. Reduced bone mineral density (T-score < -1,0)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

200

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Age < 18 years
- 2. Chronic renal insufficiency (creatinine >1,5mg/dl)
- 3. Known primary hypo- or hyperparathyroidism
- 4. Untreated thyroid disease
- 5. Any known medication, e.g. previous treatment with either sodium-fluoride or bisphosphonates
- 6. Condition affecting BMD other than glucocorticoids

Date of first enrolment

01/04/1998

Date of final enrolment

30/08/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Germany

Study participating centre Albert Einstein Allee 23

Ulm Germany 89081

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Hospital Ulm (Universitätsklinikum Ulm) (Germany)

Sponsor details

Clinic for Internal Medicine I (Klinik für Innere Medizin I) Albert-Einstein-Allee 23 Ulm Germany 89081

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

http://www.uniklinik-ulm.de/struktur/kliniken/innere-medizin/klinik-fuer-innere-medizin-i.html

ROR

https://ror.org/05emabm63

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

University of Ulm (Germany) - Department of Internal Medicine I, Gastroenterology and Endocrinology

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination planNot provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration