

A comparative study of the therapeutic effects of continuous and pulsed laser light on wound healing rates.

Submission date
30/09/2005

Recruitment status
No longer recruiting

☐ Prospectively registered

☐ Protocol

Registration date
30/09/2005

Overall study status
Completed

☐ Statistical analysis plan

☒ Results

Last Edited
25/08/2011

Condition category
Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning

☐ Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

The study will investigate whether the effect of pulsed infra-red (IR) laser illumination of wounds can be distinguished from placebo therapy and continuous laser IR illumination and if the responses to pulsed laser therapy correlate with the responses to frequencies used in an earlier study of pulsed electromagnetic fields.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Double-blinded randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning: Wound healing

Interventions

80 minimum in four groups each of 20 subjects:
A will be the control group, receiving no IR therapy.
B will receive IR laser therapy pulsed at 292 Hz.
C will receive IR laser therapy pulsed at 700 Hz.
D will receive continuous IR laser illumination.

Each subject will be assessed on recruitment to the study and given a treatment session twice per week for four weeks. This will be followed by a 4-week observation period ending with the

final assessment. After the initial assessment, subjects will be assessed at the ends of weeks 1 - 4 and 8 with a follow-up observation at the end of week 13. Patients' subjective comments will be sought throughout.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

The study will test the 'null hypotheses' that there are no significant differences between the control group and any other group at the 95% confidence level.

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

06/07/1999

Completion date

31/07/2003

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

Not provided at time of registration

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

80 minimum in four groups each of 20 subjects

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

06/07/1999

Date of final enrolment

31/07/2003

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Department of Vascular Surgery

Bradford

United Kingdom

BD9 6RJ

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health

Sponsor details

Richmond House

79 Whitehall

London

United Kingdom

SW1A 2NL

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dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

Sponsor type

Government

Website

<http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Bradford Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Abstract results		01/09/2003		No	No