Evaluation and control of lung inflammation assessed with positron emission tomography (PET) scanning in emphysema

Submission date Recruitment status [X] Prospectively registered 22/10/2008 No longer recruiting [] Protocol [] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 31/10/2008 Completed [X] Results [] Individual participant data Last Edited Condition category 04/03/2013 Respiratory

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

030547

Study information

Scientific Title

Evaluation of the relative severity of pulmonary neutrophilic inflammation and therapeutic modification with intravenous prolastin by means of 18 fluoro-2-deoxyglucose (18FDG) positron emission tomography (PET)/computerised tomography (CT) scanning in subjects with usual chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and alpha 1-antitrypsin deficiency

Acronym

ECLIPSE-AATD

Study objectives

18 fluoro-2-deoxyglucose (18FDG) positron emission tomography (PET)/computerised tomography (CT) scanning will enable non-invasive in vivo assessment of global neutrophilic inflammation in the lungs that relates to recognised biomarkers. It is anticipated that the level of lung inflammation will be highest in subjects with alpha 1-antitrypsin deficiency and lowest in healthy controls. Furthermore, it is anticipated that, following a 12-week treatment period of alpha 1-antitrypsin augmentation with intravenous (IV) prolastin, there will be a reduction in pulmonary inflammation that will be quantifiable with reference to subjects with usual chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and healthy controls.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

The study was approved by the Hammersmith and Queen Charlotte's and Chelsea REC on 08/08/2008 (ref: 08/H0707/46).

Study design

Interventional single-arm trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Non randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details provided in the Interventions field to request a patient information sheet.

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), emphysema, alpha 1-antitrypsin deficiency

Interventions

This is a proof of principle study. Study patients will acts as own controls by comparison between pre- and post-treatment measurements, and inter-group comparisons. Only those patients with alpha 1-antitrypsin deficiency will be treated with intravenous infusion of prolastin at a dose of 60 mg/kg per week for 12 consecutive weeks.

Please use the following contact details to request a patient information sheet:
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Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Prolastin

Primary outcome measure

Quantitative PET/CT using Patlak plots of uptake of 18FDG by lung tissue as a surrogate measure of pulmonary neutrophilic inflammation.

Primary and secondary outcome measures will be compared between groups at baseline. Only those patients with alpha 1-antitrypsin deficiency will be treated with prolastin, and comparison will be made between baseline and end of treatment values, within one week of treatment completion.

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Other biomarkers obtained from sputum, whole blood and plasma
- 2. Relationship between emphysema severity and neutrophilic inflammation by inter-individual and intra-individual comparisons

Primary and secondary outcome measures will be compared between groups at baseline. Only those patients with alpha 1-antitrypsin deficiency will be treated with prolastin, and comparison will be made between baseline and end of treatment values, within one week of treatment completion.

Overall study start date

01/11/2008

Completion date

01/02/2011

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Healthy controls:

- 1. Healthy subjects
- 2. Both males and females, aged 50 70 years
- 3. Those who have never smoked regularly for more than 3 months
- 4. No evidence of lung disease
- 5. Forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV1) greater than 75% predicted, FEV1/forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than 70% predicted
- 6. No relevant medical or mental disorder
- 7. Able to give informed consent

COPD patients:

- 1. Emphysema with no other active lung disease
- 2. FEV1 less than 75% predicted, FEV1/FVC less than 70% predicted, carbon monoxide transfer coefficient (KCO) less than 80% predicted (or known emphysema on previous CT scan)
- 3. Fewer than two acute exacerbations in the previous 12 months and no recent exacerbations (within 2 months)
- 4. No other relvant medical or mental disorder
- 5. Able to give informed consent

Patients with alpha 1-antitrypsin deficiency:

- 1. PiZ phenotype
- 2. Emphysema with no other active lung disease
- 3. FEV1 less than 75% predicted, FEV1/FVC less than 70% predicted, KCO less than 80% predicted (or known emphysema on previous CT scan)
- 4. Fewer than two acute exacerbations in the previous 12 months and no recent exacerbations (within 2 months)
- 5. No other relvant medical or mental disorder
- 6. Able to give informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

30

Key exclusion criteria

Does not comply with the above inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

01/11/2008

Date of final enrolment

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

B15 2TH

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Lung Investigation Unit Birmingham United Kingdom

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Hospitals Birmingham NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

Sponsor details

Edgbaston Birmingham England United Kingdom B15 2TH

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.uhb.nhs.uk

ROR

https://ror.org/014ja3n03

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Funder Name

Talecris Biotherapeutics (USA)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/12/2012		Yes	No