

Elite study: the microbiological efficacy and safety of two treatment regimens of inhaled tobramycine nebuliser solution (TNS) for the treatment of early onset pseudomonas aeruginosa lower respiratory tract infection in subjects with cystic fibrosis

Submission date 19/12/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 19/12/2005	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 10/12/2009	Condition category Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Dr H.A.W.M. Tiddens

Contact details
Erasmus Medical Center
Sophia Childrens Hospital Rotterdam
Department of Pediatric Pulmonology
Dr. Molewaterplein 60
Rotterdam
Netherlands
3015 GJ
+31 (0)10 4636363
h.tiddens@erasmusmc.nl

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

NTR377

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

ELITE

Study objectives

To assess the duration of treatment (28 or 56 days) with inhaled tobramycine nebuliser solution (TNS) of early onset pseudomonas infection in subjects with cystic fibrosis (CF).

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the local medical ethics committee

Study design

Multicentre randomised open label parallel group trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Non randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cystic fibrosis, Pseudomonas infection

Interventions

Treatment with inhaled tobramycine nebuliser solution (TNS) 300 mg twice daily for either 28 days or 56 days.

5 x blood sample, 11 x lung function testing, 11 x swab culture, 4 x audiology testing

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Tobramycine

Primary outcome measure

The primary objective of this study is to estimate the duration of eradication of any strain of *P aeruginosa* infection during the 27 month study period following TNS treatment of early infection in cystic fibrosis patients

Secondary outcome measures

1. To estimate the proportion of subjects free from *P aeruginosa* at visit 5 with 300 mg twice daily for either 28 days or 56 days
2. To assess the safety of patients in the two treatment arms
3. To assess the proportion of patients requiring hospitalisation for pulmonary exacerbation

Overall study start date

01/10/2003

Completion date

30/09/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Male or female subjects greater than 6 months
2. Diagnosis of CF
3. First or early lower respiratory tract infection with *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

120

Key exclusion criteria

1. History of aminoglycoside hypersensitivity
2. Symptoms of acute pulmonary disease

3. Investigational drugs within 30 days prior to enrolment
4. Abnormal result from audiology testing

Date of first enrolment

01/10/2003

Date of final enrolment

30/09/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre

Erasmus Medical Center

Rotterdam

Netherlands

3015 GJ

Sponsor information

Organisation

Chiron Corporated Ltd (Belgium)

Sponsor details

Generaal de wittelaan 19a b5

Mechelen

Belgium

2800

Sponsor type

Not defined

ROR

<https://ror.org/05he4e720>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Chiron Corporation Ltd (Belgium)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/04/2010		Yes	No