

# Effectiveness of Bupivacaine in Pain Management following Breast Augmentation

<b>Submission date</b> 28/09/2007	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 28/09/2007	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 30/08/2012	<b>Condition category</b> Signs and Symptoms	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number**  
N0072186040

## Study information

**Scientific Title**

**Study objectives**

1. Is bupivacaine better than placebo in reducing the post-operative pain?
2. Does bupivacaine used as supplement reduce the opiate dosage?

**Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**

Not provided at time of registration

**Study design**

Randomised double blind controlled trial

**Primary study design**

Interventional

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Signs and Symptoms: Pain

**Interventions**

A blinded member of the team will assess the pain at 2,4 and hours after the operation. Length of hospital stay is also recorded.

The data analysis will take place at Countess of Chester Hospital (COCH). The research team at COCH will analyse the data using SPSS software.

**Intervention Type**

Drug

**Phase**

Not Specified

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Bupivacaine

**Primary outcome(s)**

Is bupivacaine superior than placebo in pain control following breast augmentation?

**Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Does bupivacaine reduce opiate requirement?
2. Does it reduce hospital stay?
3. Does it reduce the incidence of opiate related adverse effects?

**Completion date**

01/08/2009

**Eligibility**

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Patients undergoing breast augmentation
2. For correction of congenital anomaly or asymmetry. This group is usually young population, so usually not associated with co-morbid conditions which might complicate result.

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Female

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Patients undergoing augmentation following mastectomy or as part of other reconstruction
2. Patients with multiple co-morbidity

**Date of first enrolment**

01/08/2006

**Date of final enrolment**

01/08/2009

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre**

Countess of Chester Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

Chester

United Kingdom

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**Sponsor information****Organisation**

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# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Government

## Funder Name

Countess of Chester NHS Foundation Trust

## Funder Name

NHS R&D Support Funding

# Results and Publications

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration