A double-blind, randomised, controlled multicentre trial of three misoprostol regimens after pretreatment with mifepristone for termination of early pregnancy

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered	
19/03/2004		☐ Protocol	
Registration date 01/04/2004	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan	
		[X] Results	
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data	
31/05/2011	Pregnancy and Childbirth		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Helena von Hertzen

Contact details

World Health Organization 20 Avenue Appia Geneva-27 Switzerland CH-1211 vonhertzenh@who.int

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

To compare three treatment regimens of misoprostol when used after pretreatment with mifepristone for the termination of early pregnancy in women with the length of amenorrhoea of up to 63 days.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received for all centres before participant recruitment.

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Induced abortion

Interventions

All women treated with a single dose of 200 mg mifepristone on Day 1.

Day 3:

Group A: 0.8 mg misoprostol orally and placebo tablets vaginally.

Groups B and C: 0.8 mg misoprostol vaginally and placebo tablets orally.

Groups A and B will continue with 0.4 mg oral misoprostol twice daily on Days 4 - 10. Group C: placebo tablets twice daily on Days 4 - 10.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Misoprostol, mifepristone

Primary outcome measure

Three treatment regimens will be compared in terms of:

- 1. Their effectiveness to induce complete abortion
- 2. The frequency of side effects
- 3. The duration of bleeding

Approximate duration of involvement in the study for each subject: second follow-up visit on day 43 post treatment, third follow-up visit if required

Secondary outcome measures

No secondary outcome measures

Overall study start date

01/09/1998

Completion date

01/12/2000

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Healthy women
- 2. Eligible for and requesting medical abortion
- 3. Prepared to terminate the pregnancy should the treatment fail

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

2100

Key exclusion criteria

No exclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

01/09/1998

Date of final enrolment

Locations

Countries of recruitment China Finland Hong Kong Hungary India Mongolia Norway Romania Singapore Slovenia Sweden Switzerland Viet Nam Study participating centre World Health Organization Geneva-27 Switzerland

Sponsor information

Organisation

CH-1211

UNDP/UNFPA/WHO/World Bank - Special Programme of Research, Development and Research Training in Human Reproduction (HRP)

Sponsor details

World Health Organization 20 Avenue Appia

Geneva-27 Switzerland CH-1211

Sponsor type

Research organisation

Website

http://www.who.int/reproductive-health/hrp/

ROR

https://ror.org/01f80g185

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)/United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) /World Health Organization (WHO)/World Bank - Special Programme of Research, Development and Research Training in Human Reproduction (HRP)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/07/2004		Yes	No