Clinical assessment of a new catheter surface coating with antimicrobial properties: safety handling - efficacy

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
17/03/2006	No longer recruiting	[_] Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	[] Statistical analysis plan
24/03/2006	Completed	[_] Results
Last Edited	Condition category	[_] Individual participant data
24/03/2006	Urological and Genital Diseases	[_] Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Prof Ralf Schindler

Contact details

Charité Campus Virchow-Klinikum Innere Medizin Nephrologie und Internistische Intensivmedizin Augustenburger Platz 1 Berlin Germany 13353 ralf.schindler@charite.de

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym Care BioBac

Study objectives

Show that safety, handling and efficacy of a new temporary hemodialysis catheter with antibacterial/anti-biofilm coating is equal or superior compared to standard catheters of same type

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Primary vote given by Charite, Berlin on 08/03/2004, reference number: 30/2004; secondary votes given by Arztekammer Westfalen-Lippe on 04/05/2004, reference number: 4/134 and Technical University Munich on 02/06/2004, reference number: 1080/04.

Study design Controlled, randomised, 2 parallel groups, multicenter

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Not specified

Study type(s) Not Specified

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

End-stage renal disease patients with need for a temporary hemodialysis catheter

Interventions

Comparison of standard temporary hemodialysis catheter with a new catheter with antibacterial /anti-biofilm coating

Intervention Type Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

- 1. Safety (early removal due to catheter failure)
- 2. Handling (implantation, removal)
- 3. Efficacy (hemodialysis blood flow rate, pressure)

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Frequency of exit site and catheter-related bloodstream infections
- 2. Bacterial growth on the catheter
- 3. Inflammatory and coagulation parameters in plasma

Overall study start date

24/05/2004

Completion date

01/07/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Need for renal replacement therapy

- 2. Age ≥18 years
- 3. Written informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group Adult

Lower age limit 18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants 100

Key exclusion criteria

1. Known acute hepatitis B virus (HBV), hepatitis C virus (HCV) or human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)

2. Age >75 years

3. Any infection associated with one or more positive blood cultures within 10 days prior to planned implantation

4. Any bacteremia associated with a previous catheter

5. Known pregnancy

6. Hospitalisation for more than 14 days

7. Respiratory assist
8. Use of antibiotics
9. Participation in another study during the preceding 30 days

Date of first enrolment 24/05/2004

Date of final enrolment 01/07/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment Germany

Study participating centre Charité Campus Virchow-Klinikum Berlin Germany 13353

Sponsor information

Organisation Gambro Corporate Research (Germany)

Sponsor details Holger-Crafoord Street 26 Hechingen Germany 72379 reinhold.deppisch@gambro.com

72379 reinhold.deppisch@gambro.co **Sponsor type**

Industry

ROR https://ror.org/05jgtkc28

Funder(s)

Funder type Industry **Funder Name** Gambro Corporate Research

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary Not provided at time of registration