

A randomised trial of a General Practice based intervention to reduce repeat deliberate self harm (parasuicide).

Submission date 23/01/2004	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 23/01/2004	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 22/02/2008	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr David Gunnell

Contact details

University of Bristol
Department of Social Medicine
Canyng Hall
Whiteladies Road
Bristol
United Kingdom
BS8 2PR
+44 (0)117 9287253
D.J.Gunnell@Bris.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

C/HP/07/11.95/Gunnell

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

DASH

Study objectives

To what extent can a general practitioner (GP) based intervention affect the rate of repetition of deliberate self harm?

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Depression, anxiety, neuroses

Interventions

1. GP intervention
2. Standard care

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

1. Deliberate self-harm repetition rates
2. Cost effectiveness of the intervention
3. Production of GP management guidelines for DSH

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

01/10/1996

Completion date

30/09/2000

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Patients attending accident and emergency (A&E) departments in Bristol and Bath after an episode of deliberate self harm (DSH), registered with general practitioners in Avon.

1932 - patients were studied in total.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

1932

Key exclusion criteria

Cases of alcohol taken alone and illicit drug overdose, except where the casualty officer felt that the purpose of the act was self-harm or suicide.

Date of first enrolment

01/10/1996

Date of final enrolment

30/09/2000

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
University of Bristol
Bristol
United Kingdom
BS8 2PR

Sponsor information

Organisation
NHS R&D Regional Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details
The Department of Health
Richmond House
79 Whitehall
London
United Kingdom
SW1A 2NL
+44 (0)20 7307 2622
dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

Sponsor type
Government

Website
<http://www.doh.gov.uk>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Government

Funder Name
NHS Executive South West (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	Results	25/05/2002		Yes	No