To investigate the ability of the Heidelberg Assay Panel (HAP) score to predict responders to Octagam 5% in patients with early relapsing multiple sclerosis

Submission date 04/06/2013	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered [_] Protocol
Registration date 26/06/2013	Overall study status Completed	 Statistical analysis plan [X] Results
Last Edited 21/06/2019	Condition category Nervous System Diseases	[] Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Multiple sclerosis is a condition which affects the brain and/or spinal cord, causing problems with vision, arm or leg movement, sensation or balance. The aim of this study is to assess whether a blood test called the Heidelberg Assay Panel can be used to predict which patients with early relapsing multiple sclerosis respond to treatment with the drug Octagam.

Who can participate? Patients aged 18 or over with early relapsing multiple sclerosis

What does the study involve?

Participants are pre-classified using the Heidelberg Assay Panel as either responders or nonresponders to Octagam, and are randomly allocated to be treated with either Octagam or interferon-beta/glatiramer acetate. Participants in all four groups receive either treatment over a period of up to 116 weeks, and are asked to give a small amount of blood for further tests, fill in a questionnaire and undergo some nervous-system-related tests. The multiple sclerosis relapse rates are compared between the four groups.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? The benefits are that the participants' health is monitored very thoroughly and more frequently than normal. There are no known risks of participating.

Where is the study run from? Octapharma AG (Switzerland)

When is study starting and how long is it expected to run for? June 2013 to September 2016 Who is funding the study? Octapharma AG (Switzerland)

Who is the main contact? Ms Barbara Pyringer

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Ms Barbara Pyringer

Contact details Octapharma Pharmazeutika Produktionsges.m.b.H Oberlaaer Strasse 235 Vienna Austria A-1100

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number 2012-005086-12

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers GAM-27

Study information

Scientific Title

Prospective, multicentre, rater-blinded, active-controlled, randomised, 4-arm parallel-group phase IIIb study to investigate the ability of the HAP score to predict responders to Octagam 5% in patients with early relapsing multiple sclerosis

Acronym

PREDICT

Study objectives

The HAP score enables to accurately predict responders to Octagam 5% treatment in patients with early relapsing multiple sclerosis.

Ethics approval required Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s) Innsbruck EC, 06/06/2013, ref: UN5107

Study design

Prospective multicentre rater-blinded active-controlled randomised four-arm parallel-group study

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised parallel trial

Study setting(s)

Other

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Early relapsing multiple sclerosis (MS)

Interventions

Group 1: Pre-classified as responders, receives the investigational medicinal product (IMP), Octagam 5%, 0.6 g/kg, which is a human immunoglobulin (Ig) solution with 5% protein content. This is administered intravenously (iv) in 4 week intervals.

Group 2: Pre-classified as responders receives the comparator product (Control): either interferon-beta subcutaneous (IFN-β sc) or glatiramer acetate (GA) according to the manufacturers prescribing information.

Group 3: Pre-classified as non-responders receives Octagam 5%. This is administered intravenously (iv) in 4 week intervals.

Group 4: Pre-classified as non-responders receives the comparator product (Control): either interferon-beta subcutaneous (IFN-β sc) or glatiramer acetate (GA) according to the manufacturers prescribing information

Duration of treatment in study is 104 weeks plus a follow-up period of 12 weeks. The HAP score will be measured centrally in a designated lab.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase Phase III

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s) Octagam 5%

Primary outcome measure

The primary endpoint is superiority with regard to decreased Annualised Relapse Rate (ARR) of Octagam 5% treatment in patients pre-classified as predicted responders compared to predicted non-responders.

Neurological monitoring at each visit and Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) and Multiple Sclerosis Functional Composite (MSFC) score at visits week 24, 52, 80, 104, 116

Secondary outcome measures

1. ARR of Octagam 5% treatment compared to active control

2. ARR of comparator treatment compared between predicted responders and non-responders to Octagam 5% treatment

3. Compare ARR of predicted responder to Octagam 5% treatment with both IMP treatment arms combined

4. Percentage of actual responders and non-responders in the 21-month period between 3 months after the first study treatment (run-in phase) and the end of treatment period at month 24

Overall study start date

30/06/2013

Completion date

30/09/2016

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Patients aged 18 years or above

2. Early diagnosis of the relapsing form of MS (≤ 5years) according to the revised McDonald criteria (1-3)

3. Patients who are at least 3 months on stable dosage of either IFN- β sc or GA and who did not receive the other first-line therapy before

4. Kurtzke Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) less or equal to 3.5

5. Patients who experienced at least one medically confirmed relapse during the last 12 months or at least two such relapses in the last 24 months prior to study entry (but not within 30 days between last steroid treatment of relapse and start of screening); subjects who relapse during the screening phase can be re-screened, once the relapse has resolved but earliest 30 days after the end of relapse treatment with steroids) or at least 1 T1 Gd+ lesion at screening

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group Adult

Lower age limit 18 Years

Sex Both

Target number of participants

Total final enrolment

174

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients who have received treatment with immunoglobulins for any reason in the last 6 months

2. Patients who have received immunosuppressive treatments (e.g., azathioprine, mitoxantrone, cyclophosphamide) for any reason, in the past

3. Treatment with steroids (oral or parenteral, long-term, i.e. 30 days or more, not intermittent or burst, daily, ≥0.15 mg of prednisone or equivalent/kg/day) except relapse treatment with corticosteroids

4. Patients who have received monoclonal antibody therapy with natalizumab in the last 12 months

5. Patients who have ever received monoclonal antibody therapy with alemtuzumab, daclizumab, or ocrelizumab

6. Patients with severe renal function impairment as defined by serum creatinine values >120 µmol/L

7. Patients with known intolerance to homologous immunoglobulins, especially immunoglobulin A (IgA) deficiency (when the patient has antibodies against IgA)

8. Patients with a body weight higher than or equal to 120 kg

9. Patients with a history of anaphylaxis after previous transfusions of blood or blood products 10. Patients for whom MRI is contraindicated or who are allergic to gadolinium (not complete)

Date of first enrolment

30/06/2013

Date of final enrolment

30/09/2016

Locations

Countries of recruitment Austria

Bulgaria

Germany

Hungary

Russian Federation

Study participating centre

Octapharma Pharmazeutika Produktionsges.m.b.H

Vienna Austria A-1100

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Sponsor information

Organisation Octapharma AG (Switzerland)

Sponsor details Seidenstrasse 2 Lachen Switzerland CH-8853

Sponsor type Industry

ROR https://ror.org/002k5fe57

Funder(s)

Funder type Industry

Funder Name Octapharma AG (Switzerland)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type

Basic results

Details Date

Date created

Date added 21/06/2019

Peer reviewed? No Patient-facing? No