

Pilot trial of steroid injection for shoulder pain

Submission date 17/10/2012	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 17/10/2012	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 12/12/2013	Condition category Signs and Symptoms	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)
2012-000147-27

Protocol serial number
13310

Study information

Scientific Title

A single blind randomised controlled pilot trial of corticosteroid injection for shoulder pain

Study objectives

Painful shoulders are a common problem frequently seen in general practice, and a widely used treatment is an injection of a steroid and a local anaesthetic. However, whilst people often seem to benefit from such injections, it is not known for certain whether the steroid itself is actually effective. To be able to answer this definitively a large scale clinical trial is required. However to ensure the success or reliability of such a study and its results we plan to conduct a pilot trial using a small number of participants to identify any feasibility issues that may be encountered. We will recruit participants presenting to their GPs with shoulder pain. Eligible participants will be randomised to receive an injection of the steroid methylprednisolone plus a local anaesthetic (lidocaine) to their shoulder, or just local anaesthetic alone. Both of these medications are currently used for the treatment of shoulder pain. Over a period of three months participants will complete three Oxford Shoulder Score questionnaires, a tool frequently used by clinicians to assess shoulder symptoms. They will also be asked to answer three 'satisfaction' questions and to report any unexpected effects, good or bad, during the period of their trial participation.

This pilot study will be conducted within the Oxfordshire region and will help us to plan and design a larger trial that will take place over a much wider region with a large number of participants to determine the efficacy of steroid injections in the treatment of shoulder pain.

More details can be found at: <http://public.ukcrn.org.uk/Search/StudyDetail.aspx?StudyID=13310>

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

ref: 12/SC/0233

Study design

Randomised interventional trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Shoulder pain

Interventions

Baseline Assessment:

Medical History - details of shoulder problem

Eligibility assessment:

Screening and Consent

Completion of follow up questionnaires

Trial injection: either methylprednisolone mixed with lignocaine or lignocaine alone

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Proportion of screened patients eligible to enter the study

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Adherence to the allocation treatment
2. Loss to follow up including withdrawal
3. Proportion of eligible patients willing to provide consent
4. Rates of recruitment

Completion date

31/12/2012

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Aged 35-74 years old (inclusive)
2. Diagnosed with either rotator cuff tendinopathy or adhesive capsulitis of duration of no more than 6 months
3. Able to complete follow up questionnaires at 2, 4 and 12 weeks

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Pregnancy
2. Breastfeeding
3. The individual has taken part in another research study within the last 12 weeks
4. The individual has already received an injection to the affected shoulder within the last 12 months
5. Established chronic shoulder disorder
6. Previous shoulder surgery on the affected side
7. Evidence of an active infection
8. Currently prescribed anticoagulants
9. Currently prescribed or likely to need systemic corticosteroids for any reason
10. Immuno-compromised
11. Diagnosis of heart failure

12. Uncontrolled diabetes or hypertension
13. Unable to complete follow up questionnaires
14. Allergy to corticosteroids and/or lidocaine
15. Significant disease or disorder which may put the participant at risk

Date of first enrolment

31/08/2012

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2012

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

University of Oxford

Oxford

United Kingdom

OX3 7LF

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Oxford (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/052gg0110>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

NIHR School for Primary Care Research (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	10/12/2013		Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No