

# Effects of SUlodexide on damaged endothelial Glycocalyx in pAtients with diabetes Mellitus type two: Reversing damage

**Submission date**

28/12/2006

**Recruitment status**

No longer recruiting

☐ Prospectively registered

☐ Protocol

**Registration date**

28/12/2006

**Overall study status**

Completed

☐ Statistical analysis plan

☒ Results

**Last Edited**

05/11/2010

**Condition category**

Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine

☐ Individual participant data

**Plain English summary of protocol**

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**

Scientific

**Contact name**

Dr L N Broekhuizen

**Contact details**

Academic Medical Center (AMC) Amsterdam

Department of Vascular Medicine, F4-142

P.O. Box 22660

Amsterdam

Netherlands

1100 DD

L.N.Broekhuizen@amc.uva.nl

## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

# Study information

## Scientific Title

## Acronym

SUGAR

## Study objectives

Primary Objective:

Aim of the study is to investigate whether sulodexide treatment reverses damage of the systemic glycocalyx in patients with Diabetes Mellitus type two (DM type II). The effect of sulodexide will be addressed in this prospective cross-over study measuring systemic and local glycocalyx volume, vascular permeability as well as endothelial function in patients with DM type II who have microalbuminuria and in patients with DM type II who do not have microalbuminuria.

Secondary Objective(s):

The second objective of the present study is to measure the effect of sulodexide on biochemical parameters, including micro-albuminuria and HBA1c, in patients with DM type II with and without microalbuminuria.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

The study has been approved by the medical ethics commission of the Academic Medical Centre on December 20, 2006 (ref: MEC 06/ 228).

## Study design

Randomised, placebo controlled, crossover, single blinded trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Not specified

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Diabetes Mellitus type two (DM type II)

## Interventions

Sulodexide versus placebo.

Patients with DM type II and healthy volunteers will visit the hospital on four occasions:

1. Screening-inclusion visit
2. End of study period I
3. End of washout visit
4. End of study period II

At the end of each study period, we will evaluate glycocalyx volume and vascular permeability using dextran-40 and albumine-I125 for estimation of perm- versus charge selectivity. In addition, we will evaluate vascular function as well as routine laboratory parameters, including micro-albuminuria and safety parameters.

### **Intervention Type**

Drug

### **Phase**

Not Specified

### **Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Sulodexide

### **Primary outcome measure**

The difference in systemic glycocalyx volume after sulodexide and after placebo treatment.

### **Secondary outcome measures**

1. The difference in systemic glycocalyx volume after sulodexide and after placebo treatment in local sublingual glycocalyx volume, vascular permeability and endothelial function in all patients.
2. The percentage change from baseline to end of the study in microalbuminuria in patients with DM type II who have microalbuminuria.

### **Overall study start date**

01/11/2006

### **Completion date**

01/12/2007

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

1. Male
2. Age between 18 and 65 years

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Age group**

Adult

### **Lower age limit**

18 Years

**Sex**

Male

**Target number of participants**

26

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Smoking
2. Immunosuppressive drugs
3. Serious previous illnesses
4. Coagulation disorders
5. Primary dyslipidemias
6. Body Mass Index (BMI) more than 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>
7. Hypertension (systolic more than 140 mmHg or diastolic more than 90 mmHg)

**Date of first enrolment**

01/11/2006

**Date of final enrolment**

01/12/2007

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

Netherlands

**Study participating centre**

Academic Medical Center (AMC) Amsterdam

Amsterdam

Netherlands

1100 DD

**Sponsor information****Organisation**

Academic Medical Center (AMC) (The Netherlands)

**Sponsor details**

Department of Vascular Medicine

P.O. Box 22660

Amsterdam

Netherlands

1100 DD

**Sponsor type**

Hospital/treatment centre

**Website**

<http://www.amc.uva.nl/#http://www.amc.uva.nl/>

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/03t4gr691>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Industry

**Funder Name**

Alfa Wassermann (Italy)

## Results and Publications

**Publication and dissemination plan**

Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date**

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/12/2010		Yes	No