

The effectiveness of regular home use of photodynamic therapy for controlling oral plaque in healthy adults

Submission date 13/03/2025	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 28/03/2025	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 14/03/2025	Condition category Oral Health	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Dental plaque is a leading cause of oral health problems, including cavities and gum disease. While regular toothbrushing and flossing are essential for maintaining good oral hygiene, they may not remove all plaque effectively. This study aimed to evaluate whether the Lumoral® antibacterial photodynamic therapy (a type of light-based treatment) can help improve oral hygiene when used alongside regular brushing and flossing.

Who can participate?

The study was open to healthy adults aged 18–40 years who had good oral hygiene habits, no significant dental issues (such as gum disease or active tooth decay), and minimal tartar buildup. People with certain medical conditions, those taking regular medications (except oral contraceptives), and pregnant or breastfeeding women were not eligible to take part.

What does the study involve?

This study followed a crossover design, meaning each participant experienced both the test treatment (using Lumoral®) and the standard treatment (regular brushing and flossing). The study lasted 6 weeks and included three phases:

1. 2 weeks using the Lumoral® device.
2. 2-week crossover phase.
3. 2 weeks with standard oral hygiene only.

Plaque levels were measured at four timepoints using clinical photographs and bacterial samples collected from the gumline.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Potential benefits: Participants might experience improved oral hygiene and reduced plaque levels, potentially lowering the risk of gum disease and cavities.

Possible risks: The Lumoral® treatment involves exposure to light with a marker substance. The device produces heat as part of the treatment process. While no serious risks were expected, some participants might find the heat and increased saliva secretion during the treatment a little uncomfortable.

Where is the study run from?
Institute of Dentistry, University of Tartu (Estonia)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?
September 2023 to April 2024

Who is funding the study?
The study was performed in collaboration with the Institute of Dentistry, University of Tartu and Koite Health Ltd.
Koite Health Ltd. provided the investigational devices and will pay for the bacterial sample analysis. No direct financial contributions to the researchers or the study center were made.

Who is the main contact?
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Additional identifiers**Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)**

Nil known

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

Nil known

Study information**Scientific Title**

The effectiveness of regular home use of photodynamic therapy for controlling oral plaque in healthy adults

Acronym

FAST

Study objectives

Daily Lumoral® use improves oral hygiene in healthy individuals when used as an adjunct to oral self-care

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 10/01/2024, Research Ethics Committee of the University of Tartu (UT REC) (Raekoja Plats 9, Tartu, 51004, Estonia; +372 (0)77376215; eetikakomitee@ut.ee), ref: 385/T-21

Study design

Prospective randomized cross-over trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Prevention, Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Dental plaque

Interventions

The study is conducted at the University of Tartu, Institute of Dentistry (Tartu, Estonia) as part of dental students' academic research. All participants provided written informed consent prior to enrollment. The study follows a crossover design with two groups (1 and 2) over 6 weeks, consisting of three phases: 2 weeks of study device use, a 2-week cross-over phase, and 2 weeks of standard treatment. Measurements are taken at four timepoints: Baseline 1, after 2 weeks, Baseline 2, and again after 2 weeks. At each timepoint, clinical photographs of six index teeth are taken, plaque levels are assessed using the Green-Vermilion index, and bacterial samples are collected from the gingival sulcus/enamel-cementum border using a paper pin at four sampling sites.

Intervention Type

Device

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Lumoral Treatment device

Primary outcome(s)

Plaque levels measured using the Green-Vermilion Plaque Score from clinical photographs taken at Visit 1 (Week 0), Visit 2 (Week 2), Visit 3 (Week 4), and Visit 4 (Week 6).

Key secondary outcome(s)

Bacterial composition in the gingival sulcus measured using 16S PCR analysis of bacterial samples collected from the gingival pocket at Visit 1 (Week 0), Visit 2 (Week 2), Visit 3 (Week 4), and Visit 4 (Week 6)

Completion date

22/04/2024

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Good oral hygiene, as evidenced by a subjective report of brushing their teeth twice a day and flossing daily
2. No comorbidities
3. Minimal supragingival calculus in the lower front

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

40 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

30

Key exclusion criteria

1. Concomitant disease
2. Daily mouthwash use (chlorhexidine 0.12% or 0.2%)
3. Gum disease (gingivitis or periodontitis)
4. Candidiasis
5. Daily treatment with medication other than oral contraceptives
6. Presence of subgingival calculus
7. Active caries on the buccal, lingual, or occlusal surface
8. Non-student status
9. Pregnancy
10. Breastfeeding

Date of first enrolment

18/02/2024

Date of final enrolment

24/03/2024

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Estonia

Study participating centre

University of Tartu, Institute of Dentistry

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Sponsor information

Organisation

Koite Health Oy

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Koite Health Ltd

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The participant-level data will not be made available due to privacy regulations and ethical considerations. The dataset is pseudonymized and it contains sensitive health information, and sharing it publicly could compromise participant confidentiality. The original data will be securely stored in accordance with institutional and national (Estonian) data protection policies at the University of Tartu. The digitalized, shared data will be stored by Koite Health Ltd in accordance with the national (Finnish) data protection policies. The data will only be accessible to authorized researchers under the appropriate data governance procedures of both countries.

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available