A GCIG Intergroup multicentre factorial trial of open label carboplatin and paclitaxel +/-bevacizumab compared with oxaliplatin and capecitabine +/-bevacizumab as first line chemotherapy in patients with mucinous Epithelial Ovarian Cancer

| Submission date | Recruitment status No longer recruiting | [X] Prospectively registered | | |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| 15/07/2008 | | ☐ Protocol | | |
| Registration date 30/07/2008 | Overall study status Completed | Statistical analysis plan | | |
| | | [X] Results | | |
| Last Edited | Condition category | Individual participant data | | |
| 25/04/2019 | Cancer | | | |

Plain English summary of protocol

http://www.cancerhelp.org.uk/trials/a-trial-chemotherapy-bevacizumab-mucinous-ovarian-cancer-meoc

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Martin Gore

Contact details

Department of Medicine Royal Marsden Hospital Fulham Road London United Kingdom SW3 6JJ

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Martin.Gore@rmh.nhs.uk

Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

2008-000837-23

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

NCT01081262

Protocol serial number

UCL/07/095

Study information

Scientific Title

A GCIG Intergroup multicentre factorial trial of open label carboplatin and paclitaxel +/-bevacizumab compared with oxaliplatin and capecitabine +/- bevacizumab as first line chemotherapy in patients with mucinous Epithelial Ovarian Cancer (mEOC)

Acronym

mEOC

Study objectives

Current hypothesis as of 08/03/2011:

This trial aims to determine whether a combination of oxaliplatin + capecitabine improves overall survival compared to conventional treatment with carboplatin + paclitaxel in patients with advanced mucinous carcinoma of the ovary, and to determine if the addition of bevacizumab improves the overall survival of patients.

The two chemotherapy regimens will also be compared in terms of:

- 1. Progression free survival
- 2. Response rate
- 3. Toxicity
- 4. Quality of life

Previous hypothesis:

This trial aims to determine whether a combination of oxaliplatin + capecitabine improves overall survival compared to conventional treatment with carboplatin + paclitaxel in patients with advanced mucinous carcinoma of the ovary.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

North West London Research Ethics Committee 2, 29/10/2008, ref: 08/H0720/106

Study design

Phase III multicentre randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Mucinous carcinoma of the ovary

Interventions

This is a phase III, multicentre, randomised controlled trial. This trial is not blinded due to different timings of administration of drugs between treatment arms.

Control arm: 6 cycles of chemotherapy with the following:

- 1. Carboplatin AUC 5 or AUC 6, intravenous (IV), given on day 1 (dose depends on method used to measure/ estimate glomerular filtration rate [GFR])
- 2. Paclitaxel 175 mg/m², IV, given on day 1

Research arm: 6 cycles of chemotherapy with the following:

- 1. Oxaliplatin 130 mg/m², IV, given on day 1
- 2. Capecitabine 850 mg/m 2 given twice per day, oral tablets, on the first 14 days of every 21 day cycle (total daily dose 1,700 mg/m 2)

Added 08/03/2011:

Bevacizumab 15 mg/kg IV given every 3 weeks for 5 or 6 cycles of chemotherapy. Followed by 12 cycles of Bevacizumab along given on day 1 every 3 weeks.

The total duration of follow-up is 5 years. Patients are seen every 3 months in years 1 and 2, and every 6 months in years 3-5. Computerised tomography (CT) or magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scans are carried out 5 times in Year 1, every 6 months in year 2, and annually in years 3-5.

Previous interventions:

The total duration of follow-up is 5 years. Patients are seen every 3 months in years 1 and 2, and every 6 months in years 3-5. Computerised tomography (CT) or magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scans are carried out every 6 months in years 1 and 2, and annually in years 3-5.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase III

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Oxaliplatin, capecitabine, carboplatin, paclitaxel

Primary outcome(s)

Overall survival. Total duration of follow-up: 5 years.

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Progression free survival. Total duration of follow-up: 5 years.
- 2. Response rate. Total duration of follow-up: 5 years.
- 3. Toxicity. Total duration of follow-up: 5 years.
- 4. Quality of life, measured using the Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy Ovarian module (FACT-O) at baseline, after the third cycle of chemotherapy, 1 month after the final cycle of chemotherapy, then every 6 months throughout the five year follow-up period

Completion date

01/12/2014

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Females, age >18 years
- 2. Histologically confirmed diagnosis of mucinous carcinoma of the ovary or fallopian tube
- 3. Federation of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists (FIGO) stage II-IV disease (no brain metastases)
- 4. Recurrent stage I disease (chemonaïve)
- 5. World Health Organization (WHO)-Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status 0-2
- 6. Life expectancy >3 months
- 7. Adequate bone marrow function
- 8. Adequate hepatic function
- 9. Adequate renal function
- 10. Adequate neurological function (sensory and motor neuropathy = grade 1, Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events [CTCAE] v4.0)
- 11. No previous chemotherapy
- 12. No evidence of primary carcinoma of the upper gastrointestinal tract
- 13. Patients who have signed an informed consent form
- 14. Adequate contraceptive precautions if relevant

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

Female

Total final enrolment

50

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Histological epithelial non-mucinous cell types
- 2. Primary peritoneal carcinoma
- 3. Epithelial ovarian tumours of low malignant potential
- 4. Previous history of malignancy except cervical carcinoma in situ, and basal cell carcinoma of the skin
- 5. Presence of known brain metastases
- 6. Medical or psychiatric conditions that compromise the patient's ability to give informed

consent

- 7. Concurrent uncontrolled medical conditions
- 8. Previous chemotherapy, radiotherapy, or any investigational treatment for ovarian or rectal cancer
- 9. Pregnancy or breastfeeding
- 10. Clinically significant cardiac disease, symptomatic coronary artery disease and cardiac arryhthmia or myocardial infarction in the last 12 months
- 11. Patients with any symptoms or history of peripheral neuropathy
- 12. Previous history of malabsorption or other conditions preventing oral treatment Added 08/03/2011:
- 13. Patients with non healing wound, ulcer or bone fracture
- 14. History or evidence of thrombotic or haemorrhagic disorders
- 15. Patients taking warfarin
- 16. Uncontrolled hypertension
- 17. Previous CVA, TIA or SAH within 6 months prior to randomisation
- 18. Patient prescribed biphosphonates

Date of first enrolment

21/01/2010

Date of final enrolment

01/12/2014

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

France

Germany

Italy

Norway

Study participating centre Royal Marsden Hospital London

United Kingdom SW3 6JJ

Sponsor information

Organisation

University College London (UK)

ROR

https://ror.org/02jx3x895

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Cancer Research UK will provide funding for the UK trial sites. The sources of funding for non-UK sites have not yet been finalised as of 15/07/2008.

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

| Output type | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Results article | results | 01/06/2019 | 25/04/2019 | Yes | No |
| Basic results | | | | No | No |
| HRA research summary | | | 28/06/2023 | | No |
| Participant information sheet | Participant information sheet | 11/11/2025 | 11/11/2025 | No | Yes |